



COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES

Brussels, 08.12.2004
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Proposal for a

COUNCIL REGULATION

fixing for 2005 the fishing opportunities and associated conditions for certain fish stocks and groups of fish stocks, applicable in Community waters and, for Community vessels, in waters where catch limitations are required

(presented by the Commission)

EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM

This proposal for a Council Regulation fixes for 2005 the fishing opportunities for the Community in several fishing grounds and for third country vessels in Community waters and the conditions under which the fishing opportunities may be fished. It also proposes the continuation of measures to limit fishing effort on severely-depleted fish stocks. Transitional technical measures for 2005 are also included in the proposal.

I. THE POLICY BACKGROUND TO THE PROPOSAL

The most recent report of the International Council for the Exploration of the Sea (ICES), largely endorsed by the EC Scientific Technical and Economic Committee for Fisheries (STECF), confirms the situation identified in recent years. Most stocks of demersal fish and some stocks of pelagic fish are over-exploited and are outside safe biological limits.

For some very depleted stocks, ICES has recommended either zero catches in the fishery concerned or the imposition of very restrictive Total Allowable Catches (TACs) pending the adoption of a recovery plan. Application of such advice must be considered in the light of the decisions taken in the past three years by the Council. These decisions have resulted in significant reductions in fishing quotas for endangered stocks and the introduction since 2003 of interim fishing effort controls for some fisheries. These measures have been accompanied by decommissioning programmes which have led to the reduction of fishing capacity in some Member States. The Commission considers, therefore, that its current policy, which is to allow continuation of fishing but at low levels, may yield results provided that it is fully complied with.

Recent estimates from ICES indicate however that the reduction in fishing mortality effected in 2003 has been less than intended by the Council in 2002. The Commission considers that the application of strengthened conservation measures is necessary if the fisheries are not closed according to the advice.

For many stocks, ICES estimates of recent landings are much higher than those reported in official statistics. This indicates that the quotas have not limited the fisheries as intended. ICES therefore maintains that the required reductions in fishing mortality can only be achieved if significant reductions in fishing effort are implemented. Based on this advice, the Commission again proposes for 2005 to implement direct effort management as a key conservation and management measure.

Multi-annual management plans are necessary to ensure long-term sustainability of the stocks and to improve the stability of operation of fishing activities. Annual decisions on TACs and quotas must be made in the context of recovery plans and long-term management strategies. The Commission's proposal reflects recent discussions with Member States and Stakeholders on long-term management, and anticipates further discussions during 2005.

Consultations with stakeholders indicate a strong preference for maintaining stability in TACs. In order to achieve this, fish stocks must themselves be more stable. This requires for most stocks that the exploitation be reduced to a lower, stable and sustainable rate.

In the recent advice scientists have recommended a fishery-based approach to management, because single species management cannot adequately reflect the complexity of many mixed

fisheries in which stocks are caught together. The fishery-based approach makes it necessary to take account of the association of different stocks in the same fisheries. It is also an additional reason to use direct effort management as a management tool. Otherwise, mismatches between the mixture of fishing opportunities available to fishing fleets and the mixture of species caught when fishing could create an obligation to discard.

ICES estimates of the excess of catches over TACs and the failure of TACs and quotas to control fishing mortality show that substantial improvements in control and enforcement are essential for the conservation of fish stocks. Consequently the Commission proposes several measures to improve effective implementation of conservation and management measures.

II. SETTING TOTAL ALLOWABLE CATCHES (TACs)

A. Stocks in Community waters

The Commission proposals for TACs are based on the latest scientific advice, modified in some cases by the need to assure continuity of economic activity in the fisheries concerned and by the implementation of a multi-annual management approach as outlined above. These modifications are only introduced provided that they are consistent with a significantly reduced risk to threatened fish stocks.

The Commission has consulted stakeholders in the process of preparing this year's proposals. On the basis of these consultations, the Commission recognises the need for a gradual approach for stock outside safe biological limits that strikes a reasonable balance between the need to recover the stocks to safe biological levels as quickly as possible and the need to ensure some continuity of economic activity. The Commission also recognises the need to make full utilisation of fishing opportunities on stocks that are within safe biological limits, so long as this does not imply an increase in fishing mortality that would, in the long term, lead to a decrease in yield.

Turning to the more detailed approach to the setting of TACs in Community waters, the Commission uses the following criteria for the following categories of stocks.

1. Stocks where Council has adopted a recovery plan

The relevant stocks are:

- Cod in Kattegat
- Cod in Skagerrak, the North Sea and the Eastern Channel
- Cod in the West of Scotland
- Cod in the Irish Sea
- Northern stock of hake

For these stocks the Commission proposes adaptations of TACs in accordance with Articles 6 and 7 of the adopted recovery plan for cod¹ and Articles 5 and 6 of the recovery plan for northern hake². For some of the stocks there are substantial uncertainties in the assessment

¹ Council Regulation (EC) No 423/2004 of 26 February 2004 establishing measures for the recovery of cod stocks.

² Council Regulation (EC) No 811/2004 of 21.4.2004 establishing measures for the recovery of the Northern hake stock.

because of uncertainties about the amounts of fish landed. In such cases, Articles 6 and 7 are not directly applicable and the Commission proposes continued low TACs.

In the light of the continued serious situation of the cod stocks and the confirmed need for additional conservation measures, the Commission proposes further adaptations in effort to secure improved protection for cod according to Article 8 of the cod recovery plan.

2. Stocks where a recovery plan is under development

The relevant stocks are:

The southern stock of hake (Divisions VIIIc and IXa)

Iberian-Atlantic Nephrops (Divisions VIIIc and IXa)

Sole in the Bay of Biscay (Divisions VIIIab)

Sole in the Western channel (Divisions VIIe)

Eastern Baltic cod (Sub-divisions 25 – 32)

North Sea plaice (Sub-area IV)

Where ICES has advised that a recovery plan continues to be necessary the Commission proposes adaptations of TACs and effort management measures that take account of consultations with Member States and stakeholders. Where ICES has not repeated its advice on a recovery plan the Commission proposes adaptations of TACs and, where appropriate, effort limitations, that are consistent with scientific advice taking into account the present state of the stocks, the need for a multi-annual approach and the Member States' and Stakeholders' wishes to have stability in the TACs. The Commission will continue discussions in the Council and with stakeholders and concerned Member States on long-term management of such stocks that will ensure the stocks do not return to high-risk conditions.

3. Stocks associated with a stock for which recovery plans are adopted, under development, or where ICES and STECF have advised a closure or else a reduction to the lowest possible level

Where the implementation of recovery plans implies significant changes in the fishing mortality directed at vulnerable species in mixed fisheries, the Commission proposes on the basis of information and advice from ICES and STECF to apply compatible measures in order to avoid creating an obligation to discard in those fisheries which are inextricably mixed. Examples are the haddock and whiting stocks in the North Sea and West of Scotland and the sole stocks in the Kattegat, Skagerrak and North Sea.

4. Other stocks where ICES and STECF have advised that the stocks are outside safe biological limits and have advised a substantial reduction in fishing mortality

For stocks outside safe biological limits but not falling into either of the categories mentioned above, the Commission proposes a TAC corresponding to the short-term catch option advised by either or both ICES and STECF, except that in order to mitigate the effects of uncertainty in the assessments and to afford improved stability of markets and fishing operations, the Commission proposes to limit any change in TAC to no more than 20% compared to the TAC of 2003 where this can be done without exceeding precautionary fishing mortality F_{pa} .

As an integral part of this more gradual approach, the Commission will also propose that the Council commits itself to setting TACs consistent with further gradual reductions in fishing mortality in subsequent years.

5. Stocks inside safe biological limits and not associated with a recovery stock

Where the assessment of the stock indicates that it is inside safe biological limits, the Commission proposes a TAC that will not, according to scientific forecasts of the consequence of taking such a catch, lead to the stock crossing a safe biological limit (i.e., moving either below the precautionary biomass, B_{pa} , or above the precautionary fishing mortality, F_{pa}) by 2006.

Where the assessment of a stock indicates that there is no additional yield to be obtained in the long term by increasing fishing mortality or that higher yields can be achieved by reducing fishing mortality, the Commission proposes a TAC consistent with no increase in fishing mortality.

However, in order to mitigate the effects of uncertainty in the advice and to improve economic stability for the fishing industry, the Commission will limit any increase or decrease in the TAC to no more than 20% compared to the TAC of 2002 where this can be done without exceeding F_{pa} .

6. Stocks for which no assessments are available and no scientific advice is provided

In such cases, the Commission has based its proposal on advice either from ICES or from STECF wherever these bodies give an explicit value for the TAC.

For the cases where neither assessment nor advice are available, the Commission as a general rule proposes a TAC for 2005 equal to the TAC adopted for 2004 where the reported landings indicate a high quota utilisation. Where the quota utilisation is low, the Commission has considered whether the shortfall has been due to a lack of genuine fishing opportunities (i.e. the existence of “paper fish”). In these cases, the Commission proposes to reduce the TAC in order that TACs better reflect (and therefore protect in the long term) genuine fishing opportunities. The Commission proposes a 20% reduction in TACs in these cases in order to achieve a gradual reduction in fishing possibilities to levels of landings observed in recent years.

B. Stocks managed in the context of Regional Fisheries Organisations or following bilateral consultations with third countries.

Certain stocks are managed in the context of regional fisheries organisations or following bilateral consultations with third countries. The Commission proposal, for these stocks, reflects the decisions taken within these frameworks. However, a small number of decisions have still to be taken in respect of stocks co-managed with third countries. To delay putting forward this proposal until these decisions are taken would make it impossible to present the proposal in due time for Council to consider it before adoption in December.

III. EFFORT RESTRICTIONS

In the light of the ICES advice on the inefficacy of TACs in controlling fishing mortality and the need to use fishing effort management to achieve sustainability objectives, the Commission continues to consider effort management to be an essential instrument. The Council has adopted effort management measures since December 2002 in respect of certain cod fisheries.

The Commission has in addition proposed further recovery plans which include the use of direct fishing effort management for additional stocks that are subject to unsustainable exploitation

The Commission proposes interim rules for the management of fishing effort, similar to those implemented for 2004 (Annex V of Regulation 2287/2003), to apply to fisheries which are outside safe biological limits and for which very substantial reductions in fishing mortality are recommended by ICES. This proposal concerns limitation of the number of fishing days by gear category, for the cod fisheries in the Skagerrak, Kattegat, North Sea, Irish Sea, Eastern Channel and the West of Scotland, for the plaice fisheries in the North Sea, for the sole fisheries in the Western Channel and for the hake, anglerfish and Norway lobster fisheries off the Western Iberian Peninsula.

For the cod stocks in the Irish Sea, Kattegat, Skagerrak, North Sea and West of Scotland further reductions in effort relative to 2003 are required. However, major changes to the effort limitation measures were introduced from 2003 to 2004 resulting in a significant improvement in the efficiency of the measures. The deployed effort in 2004 is therefore likely to be substantial lower than in 2003, even with unchanged days at sea. ICES in its advice for these stocks recommends reductions in the fishing mortality relative to 2003 or to the average fishing mortality observed in the period 2001 to 2003. The reductions in days at sea relative to 2004 required to match the scientific advice may therefore be lower than that recommended by ICES.

If these reductions were implemented in form of reductions in days a sea for the relevant fleets it could undermine the full utilisation of fishing possibilities for a number of other stocks. The Commission therefore proposes that the required reductions in effort for the fisheries on cod be achieved by closing some fishing areas and /or seasons for cod.

The proposed number of permitted days at sea in the fisheries for North Sea plaice, sole in the Western Channel and hake, anglerfish and Norway lobster off the Iberian Peninsula have been chosen to be consistent with the proposed TACs as described above.

The latest advice from ICES shows that there is a clear need to introduce an effort limitation scheme for cod fisheries in the Baltic Sea. Consistent with the advice and to ensure a significant reduction in the fishing mortality on Eastern Baltic cod in 2005 the Commission proposes a reduction in the fishing effort by implementing two closed areas for cod fishing.

For the stocks mentioned above the Commission proposes TACs that are not consistent with ICES' recommendations for a zero TAC. Such proposals imply a higher level of risk than strict adherence to scientific advice. For those TAC levels to be effective in securing recovery, they must be supported by limitations of fishing effort and measures to enhance the control and enforcement. The proposed effort measures are laid down in Annexes III (closed areas and seasons) and IV (days at sea scheme and control and enforcement measures).

The main changes proposed in respect of the current measures are:

- The addition of a special fishing permit system for vessels covered by the measures and the introduction of reductions in fishing opportunities for vessels infringing the conservation regulations.
- The introduction of reporting obligations on fishing effort for Member States.

Furthermore, ICES has recommended to manage the fishery for sandeel in the North Sea with a specific effort management plan. Annex V proposes a management system consistent with this advice.

IV. TRANSITIONAL TECHNICAL MEASURES

Transitional technical measures to be applied in 2005 are given in Annex III to the proposal. As outlined in section II and III the proposal includes additional reductions in the fishing effort for cod in the form of area or seasonal closures. For each of the cod stocks in the North Sea and the Eastern Baltic two areas covering the main fishing grounds for cod are proposed closed for demersal fisheries. For cod in the Kattegat the proposal includes a ban on fisheries for cod in the first quarter of 2005 where traditional more than one third of the cod catches is taken. No additional closures are proposed for the cod stocks West of Scotland and in the Irish Sea.

V. CONDITIONS FOR LANDING CATCHES AND BY-CATCHES AND SPECIAL MEASURES CONCERNING HERRING

According to the current regulation catches of herring taken in small meshed industrial fisheries shall not be counted against any quotas. This also applies to the herring by-catches in industrial fisheries in the North Sea, Skagerrak and Kattegat even though by-catch quotas have been agreed with Norway for these areas. To ensure that all catches of herring are counted against appropriate quotas changes are introduced in Article 8 and Annex II of the proposal. The requirement to have adequate sampling programmes in place in order to monitor effectively the by-catch of herring has been expanded to include the small meshed fisheries in the Baltic Sea. As a consequence of the strengthened measures on limiting total

by-catches of herring the special by-catch rules introduced for herring in 1998³ have been lifted.

Scientists have yet again recommended important reductions in catch levels in 2005 for a number of stocks. The Commission is aware that in some cases these reductions imply considerable short-term economic difficulties for the fishing industry affected. In addition, catch limitations have in many cases a limited effect on conservation due to poor compliance. For these reasons, the Commission can accept for a number of stocks reductions in catch levels in 2005 that do not go as far as those recommended by scientists, but only on condition that Member States will accept to commit themselves to the adoption of long term recovery and/or management plans for the concerned stocks, including as necessary the management instruments needed to ensure their effectiveness.

³ Council Regulation (EC) No 1434/98 of 29 June 1998 specifying conditions under which herring may be landed for industrial purposes other than direct human consumption

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THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002 of 20 December 2002 on the conservation and sustainable exploitation of fisheries resources under the Common Fisheries Policy⁴, and in particular Article 20 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 423/2004 of 26 February 2004 establishing measures for the recovery of cod stocks⁵, and in particular Articles 6 and 8 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 811/2004 of 21 April 2004 establishing measures for the recovery of the Northern hake stocks⁶, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,⁷

Whereas:

- (1) Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002 requires the Council to adopt the measures necessary to ensure access to waters and resources and the sustainable pursuit of fishing activities taking into account available scientific advice and, in particular, the report prepared by the Scientific, Technical and Economic Committee for Fisheries.
- (2) Under Article 20 of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002, it is incumbent upon the Council, to establish the total allowable catches (TAC) by fishery or group of fisheries. Fishing opportunities should be allocated to Member States and third countries in accordance with the criteria laid down in Article 20 of that Regulation.
- (3) In order to ensure effective management of the TACs and quotas, the specific conditions under which fishing operations occur should be established.
- (4) It is necessary to establish the principles and certain procedures of fishery management at Community level, so that Member States can ensure the management of the vessels flying their flag.

⁴ OJ L 358, 31.12.2002, p. 59.

⁵ OJ L 70, 9.3.2004, p. 8.

⁶ OJ L 150, 30.4.2004, p. 1.

⁷ OJ C [...] [...], p. [...]

- (5) In accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EC) No 847/96 of 6 May 1996 introducing additional conditions for year-to-year management of TACs and quotas⁸, it is necessary to identify the stocks which are subject to the various measures referred to therein.
- (6) In accordance with the procedure provided for in the agreements or protocols on fisheries relations, the Community has held consultations on fishing rights with Norway⁹, the Faroe Islands¹⁰, Greenland¹¹ and Iceland¹².
- (7) Pursuant to the Article 6 of the 2003 Act of Accession, fisheries agreements concluded by Latvia and Lithuania with third countries shall be managed by the Community. In accordance with these agreements, the Community has held consultations with the Russian Federation.
- (8) The Community is a Contracting Party to several regional fisheries organisations. Those fisheries organisations have recommended the setting of catch limitations and other conservation rules for certain species. Those recommendations should therefore be implemented by the Community.
- (9) At its Annual Meeting in June 2004, the Inter-American Tropical Tuna Commission (IATTC) adopted catch limitations for yellowfin tuna, bigeye tuna and skipjack tuna, and technical measures as regards the treatment of by-catches. Although the Community is not a member of the IATTC, it is necessary to implement those measures to ensure sustainable management of the resource under the jurisdiction of that Organisation.
- (10) At its Annual Meeting in 2004, the International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas (ICCAT) adopted tables indicating the under-utilisation and over-utilisation of the fishing possibilities of the ICCAT contracting parties. In that context, the ICCAT adopted a Decision observing that during the year 2003, the European Community had under-exploited its quota for several stocks.
- (11) In order to respect the adjustments to the Community quotas established by the ICCAT, it is necessary for the distribution of the fishing opportunities arising from the under-utilisation to be carried out on the basis of the respective contribution of each Member State towards the underutilisation without modifying the distribution key established in this Regulation concerning the annual allocation of TACs.
- (12) As a temporary measure and pending the early adoption of a Regulation amending Council Regulation (EC) No 1434/98 of 29 June 1998 specifying conditions under which herring may be landed for industrial purposes other than direct human consumption¹³, catches of herring in mixed fisheries as referred to in Article 2 of that Regulation shall be counted against the relevant quota for herring.

⁸ OJ L 115, 9.5.1996, p. 3.

⁹ OJ L 226, 29.8.1980, p. 48.

¹⁰ OJ L 226, 29.8.1980, p. 12.

¹¹ OJ L 29, 1.2.1985, p. 9.

¹² OJ L 161, 2.7.1993, p. 1.

¹³ OJ L 191, 7.7.1998, p. 10.

- (13) The execution of fishing opportunities should be in accordance with the Community legislation on the matter, and in particular with Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1381/87 of 20 May 1987 establishing detailed rules concerning the marking and documentation of fishing vessels¹⁴, Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2807/83 of 22 September 1983 laying down detailed rules for recording information on Member States' catches of fish¹⁵, Council Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93 of 12 October 1993 establishing a control system applicable to the common fisheries policy¹⁶, Council Regulation (EC) No 1954/2003 of 4 November 2003 on the management of the fishing effort relating to certain Community fishing areas and resources and modifying Regulation (EC) No 2847/93 and repealing Regulations (EC) No 685/95 and (EC) No 2027/95¹⁷, Council Regulation (EC) No 1626/94 of 27 June 1994 laying down certain technical measures for the conservation of fishery resources in the Mediterranean¹⁸, Council Regulation (EC) No 1627/94 of 27 June 1994 laying down general provisions concerning special fishing permits¹⁹, Council Regulation (EC) No 601/2004 of 22 March 2004 laying down certain control measures applicable to fishing activities in the area covered by the Convention on the conservation of Antarctic marine living resources and repealing Regulations (EEC) No 3943/90, (EC) No 66/98 and (EC) No 1721/1999²⁰, Council Regulation (EC) No 88/98 of 18 December 1997 laying down certain technical measures for the conservation of fishery resources in the waters of the Baltic Sea, the Belts and the Sound²¹, Council Regulation (EC) No 850/98 of 30 March 1998 for the conservation of fishery resources through technical measures for the protection of juveniles of marine organisms²², Council Regulation (EC) No 1434/98, Council Regulation No 423/2004 of 26 February 2004 establishing measures for the recovery of cod stocks²³, Commission Regulation (EC) No 2244/2003 of 18 December 2003 laying down detailed provisions regarding satellite-based Vessel Monitoring Systems²⁴, Council Regulation (EEC) No 2930/86 defining the characteristics of fishing vessels²⁵ and Council Regulation (EC) No 973/2001 of 14 May 2001 laying down certain technical measures for the conservation of certain stocks of highly migratory species²⁶.

¹⁴ OJ L 132, 21.5.1987, p. 9.

¹⁵ OJ L 276, 10.10.1983 p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1965/2001 (OJ L 268, 9.10.2001, p. 23).

¹⁶ OJ L 261, 20.10.1993, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1954/2003 (OJ L 289, 7.11.2003, p. 1).

¹⁷ OJ L 289, 7.11.2003, p. 1.

¹⁸ OJ L 171, 6.7.1994, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 813 /2004 (OJ L 150, 30.4.2004, p. 32).

¹⁹ OJ L 171, 6.7.1994, p. 7.

²⁰ OJ L 97, 1.4.2004, p. 16.

²¹ OJ L 9, 15.1.1998, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 812/2004 (OJ L 150, 30.4.2004, p. 12).

²² OJ L 125, 27.4.1998, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 602/2004 (OJ L 97, 1.4.2004, p. 30).

²³ OJ L 70, 9.3.2004, p. 8.

²⁴ OJ L 333, 20.12.2003, p. 17.

²⁵ OJ L 274, 28.09.1986, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 3259/94 (OJ L 339, 29.12.1994, p. 11).

²⁶ OJ L 137, 19.5.2001 p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 831/2004 (OJ L 127, 29.4.2004, p. 33).

- (14) In order to contribute to the conservation of fish stocks, certain complementary measures on control and technical conditions of fishing should be implemented in 2005.
- (15) For most endangered stocks for which recovery plans have been adopted and the implementation of the effort management schemes included therein, it is necessary to apply provisional effort management schemes.
- (16) It is necessary, following the advice from the ICES, to apply a temporary system to manage the fishing effort of the industrial fishery for sandeel in ICES Sub-area IV and Division IIIa North.
- (17) For the adjustment of fishing effort limitations on cod as laid down in Council Regulation (EC) No 423 of February 2004 establishing measures for the recovery of cod stocks²⁷ alternative arrangements are proposed in order to manage fishing effort consistently with the TAC, as laid down in Article 8(3) of the said Regulation.
- (18) At its 25th Annual Meeting of 15 to 19 September 2003, the Northwest Atlantic Fisheries Organisation (NAFO) adopted a rebuilding plan for Greenland halibut in NAFO Sub-area 2 and divisions 3KLMNO. The plan foresees a reduction of the TAC level until 2007 as well as additional measures to ensure its effectiveness. It is necessary to implement that plan for 2005 pending the adoption of a Council Regulation implementing multiannual measures to rebuild the Greenland halibut stock.
- (19) At its 26th Annual Meeting of 13 to 17 September 2004, the NAFO adopted Management Measures for a number of previously unregulated stocks, namely skates in Division 3LNO, redfish in Division 3O and white hake in Division 3NO. It is therefore necessary to implement these measures and to establish an allocation between Member States.
- (20) In order to comply with international obligations undertaken by the Community as a Contracting Party to the Convention for the Conservation of Antarctic Marine Living Resources (CCAMLR), including the obligation to apply the measures adopted by the CCAMLR Commission, the TACs adopted by that Commission for the 2004-2005 season and the corresponding season limit dates should be applied.
- (21) At its XXIII Annual meeting in 2004, the CCAMLR adopted relevant catch limits for the stocks open to established fisheries by any CCAMLR Member. CCAMLR also approved the participation of Community fishing vessels in exploratory fisheries for *Dissostichus* spp. in Sub-areas FAO 88.1 and in Divisions 58.4.1, 58.4.2, 58.4.3a) and 58.4.3b) and made the relevant fishing activities subject to catch and by-catch limits, as well as to certain specific technical measures. Those limits and technical measures should also be applied.
- (22) In order to ensure the livelihood of Community fishermen, it is important to open these fisheries on 1 January 2005. Given the urgency of the matter, it is imperative to grant an exception to the six-week period referred to in paragraph I(3) of the Protocol

²⁷ OJ L 70, 9.3.2004, p. 8

on the role of national Parliaments in the European Union, annexed to the Treaty on European Union and to the Treaties establishing the European Communities,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

CHAPTER I

Scope and definitions

Article 1 *Subject matter*

This Regulation fixes fishing opportunities for the year 2005, for certain fish stocks and groups of fish stocks, and the specific conditions under which such fishing opportunities may be used.

However, for certain Antarctic stocks, it fixes the fishing opportunities and specific conditions for the periods set out in Annex IF.

Article 2 *Scope*

This Regulation shall apply to:

- (a) Community fishing vessels ("Community vessels"); and
- (b) fishing vessels flying the flag of and registered in third countries ("third country vessels") in waters falling within the sovereignty or jurisdiction of Member States ("EC waters").

Article 3 *Definitions*

For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions shall apply:

- (a) "fishing opportunities" means:
 - (i) total allowable catches ("TACs") or the number of vessels authorised to fish and/or the duration of these authorisations;
 - (ii) shares of the TACs available to the Community;
 - (iii) quotas allocated to the Community in third country waters;
 - (iv) allocation of Community fishing opportunities under (ii) and (iii) to Member States in the form of quotas;
 - (v) allocation to third countries of quotas to be fished in Community waters.

- (b) "international waters" means waters falling outside the sovereignty or jurisdiction of any State;
- (c) "NAFO Regulatory Area" means the part of the area of the Northwest Atlantic Fisheries Organisation (NAFO) Convention not falling under the sovereignty or within the jurisdiction of coastal States;
- (d) "Skagerrak" means the area bounded on the west by a line drawn from the Hanstholm lighthouse to the Lindesnes lighthouse and on the south by a line drawn from the Skagen lighthouse to the Tistlarna lighthouse and from this point to the nearest point on the Swedish coast;
- (e) "Kattegat" means the area bounded on the north by a line drawn from the Skagen lighthouse to the Tistlarna lighthouse and from this point to the nearest point on the Swedish coast and on the south by a line drawn from Hasenøre to Gnibens Spids, from Korshage to Spodsbjerg and from Gilbjerg Hoved to Kullen;
- (f) "North Sea" means ICES Sub-area IV and that part of ICES Division IIIa which is not covered by the definition of the Skagerrak given in point (c);
- (g) "Gulf of Riga" means the area bounded on the west by a line drawn from Ovisi lighthouse (57°34.1234' N, 21°42.9574' E) on the west coast of Latvia to the Southern Rock of Cape Loode (57° 57.4760' N, 21° 58.2789' E) on the island of Saaremaa, then southwards to the southernmost point of the peninsula of Sõrve and then in a north-eastern direction along the east coast of the island of Saaremaa, and in the north by a line drawn from 58°30.0' N 23°13.2'E to 58°30.0'N 23°41'1E.

Article 4
Fishing zones

For the purpose of this Regulation, the following zone definitions shall apply:

- (a) ICES (International Council for the Exploration of the Sea) zones are as defined in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3880/91²⁸;
- (b) CECAF (Eastern Central Atlantic or FAO major fishing zone 34) zones are as defined in Council Regulation (EC) No 2597/95²⁹;
- (c) NAFO (Northwest Atlantic Fisheries Organisation) zones are as defined in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2018/93³⁰;
- (d) CCAMLR (Convention for the Conservation of Antarctic Marine Living Resources) zones are as defined in Regulation (EC) No 601/2004.

²⁸ OJ L 365, 31.12.1991, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1882/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ L 284, 31.10.2003, p. 1).

²⁹ OJ L 270, 13.11.1995, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1882/2003.

³⁰ OJ L 186, 28.7.1993, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1882/2003.

CHAPTER II

Fishing opportunities and associated conditions for Community vessels

Article 5

Fishing opportunities and allocations

1. Fishing opportunities for Community vessels in Community waters or in certain non-Community waters and the allocation of such fishing opportunities among Member States shall be as set out in Annex I.
2. Community vessels are hereby authorised to make catches, within the quota limits set out in Annex I, in waters falling within the fisheries jurisdiction of the Faroe Islands, Greenland, Iceland, Norway, and the fishing zone around Jan Mayen, and the Russian Federation, subject to the conditions set out in Articles 9, 16 and 17.
3. The Commission shall fix the fishing opportunities for capelin in zones V, XIV (Greenland waters) available to Community equal to 7.7% of the capelin TAC as soon as the TAC has been established. Following the transfer of pm tonnes to Iceland, pm tonnes to the Faroe Islands and pm tonnes to Norway, the remaining amount shall be available to all Member States.
4. Fishing opportunities for the stocks of blue whiting in zones I-XIV (EC waters and international waters) and herring in zones I and II (EC waters and international waters) may be increased by the Commission in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 30(2) of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002 when third countries do not respect a responsible management of those stocks.

Article 6

Special provisions and allocations

The allocation of fishing opportunities among Member States as set out in Annex I shall be without prejudice to:

- (a) exchanges made pursuant to Article 20(5) of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002;
- (b) reallocations made pursuant to Article 21(4), Article 23(1) and Article 32(2) of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93;
- (c) additional landings allowed under Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96;
- (d) quantities withheld in accordance with Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96;
- (e) deductions made pursuant to Article 5 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96.

Article 7
Quota flexibility

For 2005, the following stocks shall be as set out in Annex I to this Regulation:

- (a) the stocks which are subject to a precautionary or to an analytical TAC;
- (b) the stocks to which the year-to-year flexibility conditions set out in Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 are to apply;
- (c) and the stocks to which the penalty coefficients provided for in Article 5(2) of that Regulation are to apply.

Article 8
Conditions for landing catch and by-catches

1. Fish from stocks for which fishing opportunities are fixed shall not be retained on board or landed unless:
 - (a) the catches have been taken by vessels of a Member State having a quota and that quota is not exhausted; or
 - (b) the catches from part of a Community share which has not been allocated by quota among Member States, and that share has not been exhausted; or
 - (c) for all species other than herring and mackerel, where they are mixed with other species, the catches have been taken with nets whose mesh size is less than 32 millimetres in accordance with Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 850/98, and are not sorted either on board or on landing; or
 - (d) for herring, the catches comply with the measures referred to in point 12 of Annex III; or
 - (e) for mackerel, where they are mixed with horse mackerel or pilchard, the mackerel does not exceed 10% of the total weight of mackerel, horse mackerel and pilchard on board, and the catches are not sorted either on board or on landing; or
 - (f) catches are taken during the course of scientific investigations carried out under Regulation (EC) No 850/98 or Regulation (EC) No 88/98.
2. All landings shall count against the quota or, if the Community share has not been allocated between Member States by quotas, against the Community share, except for catches made under the provisions of paragraph 1 (c), (e) and (f).
3. By derogation from paragraph 1, when fishing opportunities of a Member State for herring in Sub-areas II (EC waters), III, IV and subdivision VII d are exhausted, it shall be prohibited for vessels, flying the flag of that Member State, and registered in the Community, and operating within the fisheries to which the relevant catch limitations apply, to land catches which are unsorted and which contain herring.

4. The determination of the percentage of by-catches and their disposal shall be made in accordance with Articles 4 and 11 of Regulation (EC) No 850/98 and Articles 2 and 3 of Regulation (EC) No 88/98.

Article 9
Access limits

1. No fishing by Community vessels shall take place in the Skagerrak within 12 nautical miles from the baselines of Norway. However, vessels flying the flag of Denmark or Sweden shall be allowed to fish up to 4 miles from the baselines of Norway.
2. Fishing by Community vessels in waters under the jurisdiction of Iceland shall be limited to the area defined by straight lines sequentially connecting the following coordinates:

South Western Area

1. 63°12'N and 23°05'W through 62°00'N and 26°00'W,
2. 62°58'N and 22°25'W,
3. 63°06'N and 21°30'W,
4. 63°03'N and 21°00'W from there 180°00'S;

South Eastern Area

1. 63°14'N and 10°40'W,
2. 63°14'N and 11°23'W,
3. 63°35'N and 12°21'W,
4. 64°00'N and 12°30'W,
5. 63°53'N and 13°30'W,
6. 63°36'N and 14°30'W,
7. 63°10'N and 17°00'W from there 180°00'S.

Article 10
Special conditions for herring in Sub-areas III and IV

The measures set out in Annex II shall apply with regard to the capture, sorting and landing of herring caught in from Sub-areas III and IV.

Article 11
Other technical and control measures

The technical measures set out in Annex III shall apply in 2005 in addition to those set out in Regulation (EC) No 850/98, Regulation (EC) No 88/98, Regulation (EC) No 1626/94 and Regulation (EC) No 973/2001.

Detailed rules for the implementation of point 10 of Annex III may be adopted in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 30(2) of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002.

Article 12
Effort limitations and associated conditions for the management of stocks

1. The fishing effort limitations and associated conditions laid down in Annex IVa shall apply to the management of fisheries in Skagerrak, Kattegat, the North Sea and the Channel, the Irish Sea, to the West of Scotland
 - 1.bis. For the period 1 February 2005 to 31 December 2005, the fishing effort limitations and associated conditions laid down in Annex IVb shall apply to the management of fisheries in the Cantabrian Sea and the Western Iberian peninsula.
2. The fishing effort limitations and associated conditions laid down in Annex V shall apply to the management of sandeel stocks in Skagerrak and the North Sea.
3. The Commission shall fix the final fishing effort for 2005 for the fisheries on sandeel in zones IIa, IIIa, IV based on the rules laid down in point 6 of Annex V.

CHAPTER III
Fishing opportunities and associated conditions for third country vessels

Article 13
Authorisation

Vessels flying the flag of Barbados, Guyana, Japan, South Korea, Norway, the Russian Federation, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago and Venezuela and vessels registered in the Faroe Islands shall be authorised to make catches in Community waters, within the quota limits set out in Annex I, and subject to the conditions provided for in Articles 14, 15, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 and 24.

Article 14
Geographic restrictions

Fishing by vessels flying the flag of:

- (a) Norway or registered in the Faroe Islands shall be limited to those parts of the 200 nautical mile zone lying seawards of 12 nautical miles from the baselines of Member States in the North Sea, Kattegat, the Baltic Sea and the Atlantic Ocean north of 43°00' N, except the area referred to in Article 18 of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002; fishing in the Skagerrak by vessels flying the flag of Norway shall be allowed seawards of four nautical miles from the baselines of Denmark and Sweden;
- (b) Barbados, Guyana, Japan, South Korea, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago, and Venezuela shall be limited to those parts of the 200-nautical-mile zone lying seawards of 12 nautical miles from the baselines of the French Department of Guyana.

Article 15
Conditions for landing catch and by-catch

Fish from stocks for which fishing opportunities are fixed shall not be retained on board or landed unless the catches have been taken by vessels of a third country having a quota and that quota is not exhausted.

CHAPTER IV

Licensing arrangements for Community vessels

Article 16
Licences and associated conditions

1. Notwithstanding the general rules on fishing licences and special fishing permits provided for in Regulation (EC) No 1627/94, fishing in waters of third countries shall be subject to the holding of a licence issued by the authorities of the third country.

However, the first subparagraph shall not apply to the following Community vessels, when fishing in Norwegian waters of the North Sea:

- (a) vessels of a tonnage equal to or less than 200 GT;
 - (b) vessels carrying out fisheries for human consumption for species other than mackerel;
 - (c) vessels flying the flag of Sweden, in line with established practice.
2. The maximum number of licences and other associated conditions shall be fixed as set out in Part I of Annex VI. Requests for licences shall indicate the types of fishing and the name and characteristics of the vessels for which licences are to be issued and shall be addressed by the authorities of the Member States to the Commission. The Commission shall submit these requests to the authorities of the third country concerned.

If one Member State transfers quota to another Member State (swap) in the fishing

areas set out in Part I of Annex VI, the transfer shall include an appropriate transfer of licences and shall be notified to the Commission. However, the total number of licences for each fishing area, as set out in Part I of Annex VI, shall not be exceeded.

3. Community vessels shall comply with the conservation and control measures and all other provisions governing the zone in which they operate.

Article 17
Faroe Islands

Community vessels licensed to conduct a directed fishery for one species in waters of the Faroe Islands may conduct directed fishery for another species provided that they give prior notification of the change to the Faroese authorities.

CHAPTER V

Licensing arrangements for third country vessels

Article 18
Obligation to have a licence and a special fishing permit

1. Notwithstanding Article 28b of Regulation (EC) No 2847/93, vessels flying the flag of Norway of less than 200 GT shall be exempt from the obligation to have a licence and a fishing permit.
2. The licence and special fishing permit shall be kept on board. However, vessels registered in the Faroe Islands or Norway shall be exempt from that obligation.
3. Vessels from third countries authorised to fish on 31 December 2004 may continue to fish as from 1 January 2005 until the list of vessels authorised to fish is submitted to and approved by the Commission.

Article 19
Application for a licence and special fishing permit

An application for a licence and special fishing permit from an authority of a third country to the Commission shall be accompanied by the following information:

- (a) name of the vessel;
- (b) registration number;
- (c) external identification letters and numbers;
- (d) port of registration;
- (e) name and address of the owner or charterer;
- (f) gross tonnage and overall length;

- (g) engine power;
- (h) call sign and radio frequency;
- (i) intended method of fishing;
- (j) intended area of fishing;
- (k) species for which it is intended to fish;
- (l) period for which a licence is required.

Article 20
Number of licences

The number of licences and special associated conditions shall be fixed as set out in Part II of Annex VI.

Article 21
Cancellation and withdrawal

1. Licences and special fishing permits may be cancelled with a view to the issue of new licences and special fishing permits. Such cancellations shall take effect on the day preceding the date of issue of the new licences and special fishing permits by the Commission. New licences and special fishing permits shall take effect from their date of issue.
2. Licences and special fishing permits shall be wholly or partially withdrawn before the date of expiry if the quota for the stock in question set out in Annex I has been exhausted.
3. Licences and special fishing permits shall be withdrawn in the event of any failure to meet the obligations laid down in this Regulation.

Article 22
Failure to comply with relevant rules

1. For a period not exceeding 12 months, no licence and special fishing permit shall be issued for any vessel in respect of which the obligations laid down in this Regulation have not been fulfilled.
2. The Commission shall submit to the authorities of the third country concerned the names and characteristics of the vessels which will not be authorised to fish in the Community fishing zone for the following month or months as a consequence of an infringement of the relevant rules.

Article 23
Obligations of the licence holder

1. Third country vessels shall comply with the conservation and control measures and other provisions governing fishing of Community vessels in the zone in which they operate, in particular Regulations (EEC) No 2847/93, (EC) No 1627/94, (EC) No 88/98, (EC) No 850/98, (EC) No 1434/98 and (EEC) No 1381/87.
2. The vessels referred to in paragraph 1 shall keep a logbook in which the information set out in Part I of Annex VII, shall be entered.
3. Third country vessels, except vessels flying the flag of Norway fishing in ICES Division IIIa, shall transmit the information set out in Annex VIII to the Commission, in accordance with the rules laid down in that Annex.

Article 24
Specific provisions concerning the French Department of Guyana

1. The granting of licences to fish in the waters of the French Department of Guyana shall be subject to an undertaking by the owner of the vessel concerned to permit an observer to come on board at the Commission's request.
2. The master of each vessel in possession of a licence for finfish or tuna fishing in the waters of the French Department of Guyana shall, on landing the catch after each trip, submit a declaration to the French authorities stating the quantities of shrimp caught and kept on board since the last declaration. This declaration shall be in accordance with the model set out in Part III of Annex VI. The master shall be responsible for the accuracy of the declaration. The French authorities shall take all appropriate measures to verify the accuracy of the declarations, by checking them in particular against the logbook referred to in Article 23(2). The declaration shall be signed by the competent official after it has been verified. Before the end of each month, the French authorities shall send to the Commission all the declarations relating to the preceding month.
3. The vessels fishing in the waters of the French Department of Guyana shall keep a logbook corresponding to the model appearing in Part II of Annex VII. A copy of this logbook shall be sent to the Commission within 30 days of the last day of each fishing trip, via the French authorities.
4. If, for a period of one month, the Commission receives no communication concerning a vessel in possession of a licence to fish in waters of the French Department of Guyana, the licence of that vessel shall be withdrawn.

CHAPTER VI

Special provisions for Community vessels fishing in the NAFO Regulatory Area

SECTION 1 COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION

Article 25 *List of vessels*

1. Only Community vessels of more than 50 gross tonnes which have been issued a special fishing permit by their flag Member State and are included in the NAFO vessel register shall be authorised, on the conditions set out in the permit, to fish, keep on board, trans-ship and land fishery resources from the NAFO Regulatory Area.
2. Each Member State shall inform the Commission in computer readable form, at least 15 days before the new vessel enters the NAFO Regulatory area, of any amendment to its list of vessels flying its flag and registered in the Community that are authorized to fish in the NAFO Regulatory area. The Commission shall forward this information promptly to the NAFO Secretariat.
3. The information referred to in paragraph 2 shall include the following information:
 - (a) the internal number of the vessel, as defined in Annex I to Commission Regulation (EC) No 26/2004 of 30 December 2003 on the Community fishing fleet register³¹;
 - (b) the international radio call sign;
 - (c) the vessel charterer, where applicable;
 - (d) the vessel type.
4. For vessels temporarily flying the flag of a Member State (bare boat charter), the information forwarded shall include:
 - (a) the date from which the vessel has been authorised to fly the flag of the Member State;
 - (b) the date from which the vessel has been authorised by the Member State to engage in fishing in the NAFO Regulatory Area;
 - (c) the name of the State where the vessel is registered or has been previously registered and the date as from which it ceased flying the flag of that State;

³¹ OJ L 5, 9.1.2004, p. 25-35.

- (d) the name of the vessel;
- (e) the official registration number of the vessel assigned by the competent national authorities;
- (f) the home port of the vessel after the transfer;
- (g) the name of owner or charterer of the vessel;
- (h) a declaration that the master has been provided with a copy of the regulations in force in the NAFO Regulatory Area;
- (i) the principal species which can be fished by the vessel in the NAFO Regulatory Area;
- (j) the sub-areas where the vessel may be expected to fish.

SECTION 2 TECHNICAL MEASURES

Article 26 Mesh sizes

1. The use of trawl net having in any section thereof net meshes of dimensions less than 130 mm shall be prohibited for direct fishing of the groundfish species referred to in Annex IX. This mesh size may be reduced to a minimum of 60 mm for direct fishing of short-finned squid (*Illex illecebrosus*). For direct fishing of skates (*Rajidae*) this mesh size shall be increased to a minimum of 280 mm in the cod-end and 220 mm in all other parts of the trawl.
2. Vessels fishing for shrimp (*Pandalus borealis*) shall use nets with a minimum mesh size of 40 mm.

Article 27 Attachments to nets

1. The use of any means or device other than those described in this Article which obstructs the meshes of a net or which diminishes their size shall be prohibited.
2. Canvas, netting or any other material may be attached to the underside of the cod-end in order to reduce or prevent damage.
3. Devices may be attached to the upper side of the cod-end provided that they do not obstruct the meshes of the cod-end. The use of top-side chafers shall be limited to those listed in Annex X.
4. Vessels fishing for shrimp (*Pandalus borealis*) shall use sorting grids or grates with a maximum spacing between bars of 22 mm. Vessels fishing for shrimp in Division 3L

shall also be equipped with toggle chains of a minimum of 72 cm in length as described in Appendix 4 to Annex III.

Article 28
By-catches

1. Masters of vessels may not conduct directed fisheries for species for which by-catch limits apply. A directed fishery for a species is conducted when that species comprises the largest percentage by weight of the catch in any one haul.
2. By-catches of the species listed in Annex ID for which no quotas have been fixed by the Community for a part of the NAFO Regulatory Area and taken in that part when fishing directly for any species may not exceed for each species 2 500 kg or 10% by weight of the total catch retained on board, whichever is the greater. However, in a part of the NAFO Regulatory Area where directed fishing of certain species is banned, by-catches of each of the species listed in Annex ID shall not exceed 1 250 kg or 5% respectively.
3. Whenever the total amounts of species for which by-catch limits apply in any haul exceed the limits laid down in paragraph 2, whichever is applicable, vessels shall immediately move a minimum of five nautical miles from the previous haul position. Whenever the total amounts of species for which by-catch limits apply in any subsequent haul exceed the said limits, vessels shall again immediately move a minimum of five nautical miles from the previous haul position and shall not return to the area for at least 48 hours.
4. For vessels fishing for shrimp (*Pandalus borealis*), in the event that total by-catches of all species listed in Annex ID in any haul exceed 5% by weight in Division 3M and 2,5% in Division 3L, vessels shall immediately move a minimum of five nautical miles from the position of the previous haul.
5. Catches of shrimp shall not be used in the calculation of by-catch level of groundfish species.

Article 29
Minimum size of fish

Fish from the NAFO Regulatory Area which do not have the size required as set out in Annex XI may not be processed, retained on board, trans-shipped, landed, transported, stored, sold, displayed or offered for sale, but shall be returned immediately to the sea. Where the quantity of caught fish not having the required size exceeds 10% of the total quantity, the vessel shall move away to a distance of at least five nautical miles from any position of the previous haul before continuing fishing. Any processed fish for which minimum fish size requirements apply which is below a length equivalent in Annex XI, shall be deemed to originate from fish that is below the minimum fish size.

SECTION 3 CONTROL MEASURES

Article 29bis Product labelling and separate stowage

1. All processed fish harvested in the NAFO Regulatory Area shall be labelled in such a way that each species and product category is identifiable. It shall also be marked as having been caught in the NAFO Regulatory Area.
2. All shrimp harvested in Division 3L and all Greenland halibut harvested in Sub-area 2 and Divisions 3KLMNO shall be marked as having been caught in these respective areas.
3. Catches of the same species shall be stowed clearly separate from catches of other species. All catches taken within the NAFO Regulatory Area shall be stowed separately from catches taken outside this area.

Catches may be stowed in more than one part of the hold but in each part of the hold where it is stowed, it shall be kept clearly separate, by the use of plastic, plywood, netting, etc. from catches of other species.

Article 30 Production logbook and stowage plan

1. In addition to complying with Articles 6, 8, 11 and 12 of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93, masters of vessels shall enter in the logbook the information listed in Annex XII to this Regulation.
2. Each Member State shall, in computer readable form, before the 15th of each month, notify the Commission of the quantities of stocks specified in Annex XIII landed during the preceding month and communicate any information received under Articles 11 and 12 of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93.
3. The master of a Community vessel shall, in respect of catches of the species listed in Annex ID, keep:
 - (a) a production logbook stating their cumulative production, by species;
 - (b) a stowage plan that shows the location of the different species in the holds as well as the quantities of such species on board in product weight stated in kilograms.
4. The production logbook and stowage plan referred to in paragraph 3 shall be updated on a daily basis for the preceding day reckoned from 00.00 hrs (UTC) until 24.00 hrs (UTC) and shall be kept onboard until the vessel has unloaded completely.
5. The master shall provide the necessary assistance to enable the quantities declared in the logbook and the processed products stored on board to be verified.

Article 31
Nets

When fishing directly for one or more of the species listed in Annex IX, vessels shall not carry nets with a mesh size smaller than that laid down in Article 26. However, vessels fishing in the course of the same voyage in areas other than the NAFO Regulatory Area may keep such nets on board provided these nets are securely lashed and stowed and are not available for immediate use, that is to say:

- (a) nets shall be unshackled from their boards and their hauling or trawling cables and ropes; and
- (b) nets carried on or above the deck must be lashed securely to a part of the superstructure.

Article 32
Trans-shipment

Community vessels shall not engage in trans-shipment operations in the NAFO Regulatory Area unless they have received prior authorisation to do so from their competent authorities.

Article 33
Monitoring of fishing effort

1. Each Member State shall take the necessary measures to ensure that the fishing effort of its vessels referred to in Article 25 be commensurate to the fishing possibilities available to that Member State in the NAFO Regulatory Area.
2. Member States shall transmit to the Commission the fishing plan for their vessels fishing for species in the NAFO Regulatory Area no later than 31 January 2005 or, thereafter, at least 30 days before the commencement of such activity. The fishing plan shall identify, inter alia, the vessel or vessels which will engage in these fisheries and the intended number of fishing days in the NAFO Regulatory Area as well as in all other areas where the vessels concerned intend to fish. The fishing plan shall represent the total fishing effort to be deployed with respect to the fisheries in relation to the extent of the fishing opportunities available to the Member State making the notification.

Member States shall, no later than 31 December 2005, report to the Commission on the implementation of their fishing plans, including the number of vessels actually engaged in this fishery and the total number of days fished.

SECTION 4
SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR NORTHERN PRAWNS

Article 34
Northern prawn fisheries

Each Member State shall report to the Commission daily on the quantities of Northern prawns (*Pandalus borealis*) caught in Division 3L of the NAFO Regulatory Area by vessels flying its flag and registered in the Community. All fishing activities shall take place in depths greater than 200 metres and shall be limited to one vessel per each Member State allocation at any one time.

SECTION 5
SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR GREENLAND HALIBUT

Article 35
Prohibition concerning Greenland halibut

It shall be prohibited for Community fishing vessels to fish Greenland halibut in NAFO Sub-area 2 and Divisions 3KLMNO and to retain on board, trans-ship or land Greenland halibut fished in that zone if they:

- (a) do not carry a special fishing permit issued by their flag Member State and;
- (b) are not entered into the NAFO vessel register.

Article 35bis
List of vessels

1. Member State shall ensure that vessels to which the special fishing permits referred to in Article 35 have been issued are included in a list containing their names and internal numbers as defined in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 26/2004.
2. Each Member State shall send to the Commission the list provided for in paragraph 1 and all subsequent amendments in a computer readable form.
3. Amendments to the list provided for in paragraph 1 shall be transmitted to the Commission at least five days prior to the date that the vessel newly inserted in that list enters Sub-area 2 and Divisions 3KLMNO. The Commission shall promptly forward amendments to the list to the NAFO Secretariat.
4. Each Member State shall allocate its quota for Greenland halibut among its vessels included in the list referred to in paragraph 1. Member States shall inform the Commission of the allocation of quotas not later than 15 days following the date of entry into force of this Regulation.

Article 36
Reports

1. Masters of vessels referred in Article 35(2) shall transmit the following reports to the Flag Member State:
 - (a) The quantities of Greenland halibut retained onboard when the Community vessel enters Sub-area 2 and Divisions 3KLMNO. This report shall be transmitted not earlier than 12 hours and not later than 6 hours in advance of each entry of the vessel to this zone.
 - (b) Weekly catches of Greenland halibut. This report shall be transmitted for the first time no later than the end of the seventh day following the entry of the vessel into Sub-area 2 and Divisions 3 KLMNO, or, when fishing trips take more than seven days, at the latest on Monday for catches that have been taken in the sub-area 2 and divisions 3 KLMNO during the preceding week ending at midnight on Sunday.
 - (c) The quantities of Greenland halibut held onboard when the Community vessel exits Sub-area 2 and Divisions 3KLMNO. This report shall be transmitted not earlier than 12 hours and not later than 6 hours in advance of each departure of the vessel from this zone and shall include the number of fishing days and the total catches in this zone.
 - (d) The quantities loaded and unloaded for each trans-shipment of Greenland halibut during the vessel's stay in Sub-area 2 and Divisions 3KLMNO. These reports shall be transmitted no later than 24 hours after the completion of the trans-shipment.
2. Member States shall, upon receipt, transmit the reports provided for in paragraph 1(a), (c) and (d) to the Commission.
3. When catches of Greenland halibut notified in accordance with paragraph 2 are deemed to have exhausted 70% of the Member States' quota allocation, masters shall transmit the reports referred to in point 1 (b) on a daily basis.

Article 37
Designated ports

1. It shall be prohibited to land any quantities of Greenland halibut at any place other than ports designated by NAFO Contracting Parties. Landings of Greenland halibut in ports of non-Contracting Parties are prohibited.
2. Member States shall designate ports in which landings of Greenland halibut may take place and shall determine the associated inspection and surveillance procedures, including the terms and conditions for recording and reporting the quantities of Greenland halibut within each landing.
3. Member States shall transmit to the Commission within 15 days of the date of entry into force of this Regulation a list of designated ports and, within 15 days thereafter,

the associated inspection and surveillance procedures referred to in paragraph 2. The Commission shall promptly forward this information to the NAFO Secretariat.

4. The Commission shall promptly transmit the list of the designated ports referred to in paragraph 2 as well as ports designated by other Contracting Parties of NAFO to all Member States.

Article 38
Inspection in port

1. Member States shall ensure that all vessels entering a designated port to land and/or trans-ship Greenland halibut caught within NAFO Sub-Area 2 and Divisions 3 KLMNO are submitted to an inspection in port in accordance with the port inspection scheme of NAFO.
2. It shall be prohibited to discharge and/or trans-ship catches from the vessels referred to in paragraph 1 until the inspectors are present.
3. All quantities discharged shall be weighed by species before being transported to a cold store or another destination.
4. Member States shall transmit the corresponding port inspection report to the NAFO Secretariat, with a copy to the Commission, within seven working days from the date at which the inspection was completed.

Article 39
Prohibition of landings and trans-shipments for Non-Contracting Party vessels

Member States shall ensure that landings and trans-shipments of Greenland halibut from non-Contracting Party vessels which have been engaged in fishing activities in the NAFO Regulatory Area are prohibited.

Article 40
Follow up on fishing activities

Member States shall submit a report to the Commission by 31 December 2005 at the latest on the implementation of the measures laid down in Articles 35 to 39, including the total number of days fished.

SECTION 6
SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR REDFISH

Article 41
Redfish fishery

1. Every second Monday, the master of a Community vessel fishing for redfish in Division Sub-Area 2 and Division IF, 3K and 3M of the NAFO Regulatory Area,

shall notify to the competent authorities of the Member State, whose flag the vessel is flying or in which the vessel is registered, the quantities of redfish caught in those zones in the two-week period ending at 12 midnight on the previous Sunday.

When accumulated catches reached 50% of the TAC, the notification shall be made weekly each Monday.

2. Member States shall report to the Commission every second Tuesday before 12 noon for the fortnight ending at 12 midnight on the previous Sunday the quantities of redfish caught in Sub-area 2 and Divisions IF, 3K and 3M of the NAFO Regulatory Area by vessels flying their flag and registered in their territory.

When accumulated catches have reached 50% of the TAC, reports shall be sent on a weekly basis.

CHAPTER VII

Special provisions for Community vessels fishing in the area of CCAMLR

SECTION 1

RESTRICTIONS AND VESSEL INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS

Article 42

Prohibitions and catch limitations

1. Direct fishing of the species set out in Annex XIV shall be prohibited in the zones and during the periods set out in that Annex.
2. For new and exploratory fisheries, the catch and by-catch limits set out in Annex XV shall apply in the Sub-areas set out in that Annex.

Article 42bis

Information requirements relating to vessels authorised to fish in the Area of CCAMLR

1. In addition to the information requirements relating to authorised vessels set forth in Article 3 paragraph 2 of Council Regulation (EC) No 601/2004, Member States shall, as of 1 August 2005, communicate to the Commission the following in respect of such vessels:
 - (a) vessel IMO number (if issued)
 - (b) previous flag, if any;
 - (c) international Radio Call Sign;
 - (d) name and address of vessel's owner(s), and any beneficial owner(s), if known;

- (e) type of vessel;
- (f) where and when built;
- (g) length;
- (h) colour photograph of the vessel, which shall consist of:
 - (i) one photograph not smaller than 12 x 7 cm showing the starboard side of the vessel, displaying its full overall length and complete structural features;
 - (ii) one photograph not smaller than 12 x 7 cm showing the port side of the vessel, displaying its full overall length and complete structural features;
 - (iii) one photograph not smaller than 12 x 7 cm showing the stern, taken directly from astern;
- (i) measures taken to ensure tamper-proof operation of the satellite monitoring device installed on board.

2. As of the date indicated in paragraph 1, Member States shall, to the extent practicable, also communicate to the Commission the following information relating to vessels authorised to fish in the Area of CCAMLR:

- (a) name and address of operator, if different from vessel owner(s);
- (b) names and nationality of master and, where relevant, of fishing master;
- (c) type of fishing method or methods;
- (d) beam (m);
- (e) gross registered tonnage;
- (f) vessel communication types and numbers (INMARSAT A, B and C numbers);
- (g) normal crew complement;
- (h) power of main engine or engines (kW);
- (i) carrying capacity (tonnes), number of fish holds and their capacity (m³);
- (j) any other information (e.g. ice classification) considered appropriate.

SECTION 2 EXPLORATORY FISHERIES

Article 43

Participation in exploratory fisheries

1. Fishing vessels flying the flag of and registered in Spain that have been notified to CCAMLR in accordance with the provisions of Article 7 of Regulation (EC) No 601/2004 may participate in long-line exploratory fisheries for *Dissostichus* spp. in Sub-area FAO 88.1, and in Divisions 58.4.1, 58.4.2, 58.4.3a) outside Areas of national jurisdiction and 58.4.3b) outside Areas of national jurisdiction.
2. No more than one fishing vessel shall fish in Divisions 58.4.3a) and 58.4.3b) at any one time.
3. With regard to Sub-area 88.1 and Divisions 58.4.1 and 58.4.2, total catch and by-catch limits per Sub-area and Division, and their distribution among Small Scale Research Units (SSRUs) within each of them are set out in Annex XV. Fishing in any SSRU shall cease when the reported catch reaches the specified catch limit and that SSRU shall be closed to fishing for the remainder of the season.
4. Fishing shall take place over as large a geographical and bathymetric range as possible to obtain the information necessary to determine fishery potential and to avoid over-concentration of catch and fishing effort. However, fishing in Divisions 58.4.1 and 58.4.2 will be prohibited in depths less than 550 m.

Article 44

Reporting systems

Fishing vessels participating in the exploratory fisheries referred to in Article 43 shall be subject to the following catch and effort reporting systems:

- (a) the Five-day Catch and Effort Reporting System set out in Article 12 of Regulation (EC) No 601/2004, with the exception that Member States shall submit to the Commission catch and effort reports not later than two working days after the end of each reporting period, for immediate transmission to CCAMLR. In Sub-area 88.1 and in Divisions 58.4.1 and 58.4.2, reporting will be made by Small Scale Research Units.
- (b) the Monthly fine-scale Catch and Effort Reporting System set out in Article 13 of Regulation (EC) No 601/2004;
- (c) the total number and weight of *Dissostichus eleginoides* and *Dissostichus mawsoni* discarded, including those with the "jellymeat" condition, shall be reported.

Article 45
Special requirements

1. The exploratory fisheries referred to in Article 43 shall be carried out in accordance with Article 8 of Regulation (EC) No 600/2004 with regard to applicable measures to reduce the incidental mortality of seabirds in the course of long-line fisheries. In addition to these measures, the discharge of offal shall be prohibited in these fisheries.
 - (a) the discharge of offal shall be prohibited in these fisheries;
 - (b) vessels participating in exploratory fisheries in Divisions 58.4.1 and 58.4.2 which comply with CCAMLR Protocols (A, B or C) for longline weighting shall be exempted from the night setting requirement; however, vessels which catch a total of three (3) seabird shall immediately revert to night setting in accordance with Article 8 of Regulation (EC) No 601/2004;
 - (c) vessels participating in exploratory fisheries in Sub-area 88.1 and Divisions 58.4.3a) and 58.4.3b) which catch a total of three (3) seabirds shall cease fishing immediately and shall not be permitted to fish outside the normal fishing season for the remainder of the 2004/05 season.
2. Fishing vessels participating in exploratory fisheries in FAO Sub-area 88.1 shall be subject to the following additional requirements:
 - (a) vessels shall be prohibited from discharging:
 - (i) oil or fuel products or oily residues into the sea, except as permitted in Annex I to MARPOL 73/78 (International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships);
 - (ii) garbage;
 - (iii) food wastes not capable of passing through a screen with openings no greater than 25 mm;
 - (iv) poultry or parts (including egg shells);
 - (v) sewage within 12 nautical miles of land or ice shelves, or sewage while the ship is travelling at a speed of less than 4 knots; or
 - (vi) incineration ash.
 - (b) no live poultry or other living birds shall be brought into Sub-area 88.1 and any dressed poultry not consumed shall be removed from Sub-area 88.1;
 - (c) fishing for *Dissostichus* spp. in Sub-area 88.1 shall be prohibited within 10 nautical miles of the coast of the Balleny Islands.

Article 46
Definition of hauls

1. For the purposes of this Section, a haul comprises the setting of one or more lines in a single location. The precise geographic position of a haul shall be determined by the centre-point of the line or lines deployed for the purposes of catch and effort reporting.
2. To be designated as a research haul:
 - (a) each research haul must be separated by no less than 5 nautical miles from any other research haul, distance to be measured from the geographical mid-point of each research haul;
 - (b) each haul shall comprise at least 3 500 hooks and no more than 10 000 hooks; this may comprise a number of separate lines set in the same location;
 - (c) each haul of a longline shall have a soak time of not less than six hours, measured from the time of completion of the setting process to the beginning of the hauling process.

Article 47
Research plans

Fishing vessels participating in the exploratory fisheries referred to in Article 43 shall implement Research Plans, in each and all SSRUs in which FAO Sub-area 88.1 and Divisions 58.4.1 and 58.4.2 are divided. The Research Plan shall be implemented in the following manner:

- (a) on first entry into a SSRU, the first 10 hauls, designated "first series", shall be designated "research hauls" and must satisfy the criteria set out in Article 46(2);
- (b) the next 10 hauls, or 10 tonnes of catch, whichever trigger level is achieved first, are designated the "second series". Hauls in the second series can, at the discretion of the master, be fished as part of normal exploratory fishing. However, provided they satisfy the requirements of Article 46(2), these hauls can also be designated as research hauls;
- (c) on completion of the first and second series of hauls, if the master wishes to continue to fish within the SSRU, the vessel must undertake a "third series" which shall result in a total of 20 research hauls being made in all three series. The third series of hauls shall be completed during the same visit as the first and the second series in a SSRU;
- (d) on completion of 20 research hauls of the third series, the vessel may continue to fish within the SSRU;
- (e) in SSRUs A, B, C, E and G in Sub-area 88.1 where fishable seabed area is less than 15 000 km², points (b), (c) and (d) shall not apply and on completion of 10 research hauls the vessel may continue to fish within the SSRU.

Article 48
Data collection plans

1. Fishing vessels participating in the exploratory fisheries referred to in Article 43 shall implement Data Collection Plans, in each and all SSRUs in which FAO Sub-area 88.1 and Divisions 58.4.1 and 58.4.2 are divided. The Data Collection Plan shall comprise the following data:
 - (a) the position and sea depth at each end of every line in a haul;
 - (b) the setting, soak, and hauling times;
 - (c) the number and species of fish lost at surface;
 - (d) the number of hooks set;
 - (e) the bait type;
 - (f) the baiting success (%);
 - (g) the hook type; and
 - (h) the sea and cloud conditions and phase of the moon at the time of setting the lines.

2. All data referred to under paragraph 1 shall be collected for every research haul; in particular, all fish in a research haul up to 100 fish are to be measured and at least 30 fish sampled for biological studies. Where more than 100 fish are caught, a method for randomly subsampling the fish shall be applied.

Article 49
Tagging programme

Each fishing vessel participating in the exploratory fisheries referred to in Article 43 shall implement a tagging programme as follows:

- (a) *Dissostichus* spp. individuals shall be tagged and released at a rate of one individual per tonne of green weight catch throughout the season according to the CCAMLR Tagging Protocol. Vessels shall only discontinue tagging after they have tagged 500 individuals, or leave the fishery having tagged one individual per tonne of green weight caught;
- (b) the programme shall target individuals of all sizes in order to meet the tagging requirement of one individual per one tonne of green weight catch. All released individuals shall be double-tagged and releases shall cover as broad a geographical area as possible;
- (c) all tags shall be clearly imprinted with a unique serial number and a return address so that the origin of tags can be retraced in the case of recapture of the tagged individual;

- (d) all recaptured tagged individuals (i.e. fish caught that have a previously inserted tag) shall not be re-released, even if it was at liberty for only a short period;
- (e) all recaptured tagged individuals should be biologically sampled (length, weight, sex, gonad stage), an electronic photograph taken if possible, the otoliths recovered and the tag removed
- (f) all relevant tag data and any data recording tag recaptures shall be reported electronically in the CCAMLR format to CCAMLR within three months of the vessel departing these fisheries;
- (g) all relevant tag data, any data recording tag recaptures, and specimens from recaptures should also be reported electronically in the CCAMLR format to the relevant regional tag data repository as detailed in the CCAMLR Tagging Protocol.

Article 50
Scientific observers

Each fishing vessel participating in the exploratory fisheries referred to in Article 43 shall have at least two scientific observers, one of which shall be an observer appointed in accordance with the CCAMLR Scheme of International Scientific Observation, on board throughout all fishing activities within the fishing period.

CHAPTER VIII **Final Provisions**

Article 51
Scientific monitoring

- (a) This Regulation shall not apply to fishing operations conducted solely for the purpose of scientific investigations which are carried out with the permission and under the authority of the Member State concerned, and of which the Commission and the Member State in whose waters the research is carried out have been informed in advance.
- (b) Marine organisms caught for the purposes referred to in (a) may be sold, stored, displayed or offered for sale, provided that:
 - they meet the standards laid down in Annex XII to Council Regulation (EC) No 850/98 and the marketing standards adopted pursuant to Article 2 of Council Regulation (EC) No 104/2000 of 17 December 1999 on the common organisation of the market in fishery and aquaculture products³², or
 - they are sold directly for purposes other than human consumption.

³² OJ L 388, 31.12.1992, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 3318/94 (OJ L 350, 31.12.1994, p. 15).

Article 52
Data transmission

Pursuant to Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93, data relating to the landing of quantities of stocks caught shall be sent by Member States to the Commission in computer readable form by using stock codes set out in each table of stock.

Article 53
Entry into force

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 2005.

Where the TACs of the CCAMLR area are set for periods starting before 1 January 2005, Article 42 shall apply with effect from the beginning of the respective periods of application of the TACs.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, [...]

For the Council
The President
[...]

ANNEX I

Fishing opportunities applicable to Community fishing vessels in areas where catch limitations exist and for third countries vessels in EC waters, by species and by area (in tonnes live weight, except where otherwise specified)

All catch limitations set out in this Annex shall be considered as quotas for the purposes of Article 9 of this Regulation, and shall, therefore, be subject to the rules set out in Regulation (EC) No 2847/93, and in particular Articles 14 and 15 thereof.

Within each area, fish stocks are referred to following the alphabetical order of the Latin names of the species. The following table of correspondences of common names and Latin names is given for the purposes of this Regulation:

Common name	Alpha-3 code	Scientific name
Albacore	ALB	<i>Thunnus alalunga</i>
Alfonsinos	ALF	<i>Beryx spp.</i>
American plaice	PLA	<i>Hippoglossoides platessoides</i>
Anchovy	ANE	<i>Engraulis encrasicolus</i>
Anglerfish	ANF	<i>Lophiidae</i>
Antarctic icefish	ANI	<i>Champscephalus gunnari</i>
Antarctic toothfish	TOP	<i>Dissostichus eleginoides</i>
Atlantic catfish	CAT	<i>Anarhichas lupus</i>
Atlantic halibut	HAL	<i>Hippoglossus hippoglossus</i>
Atlantic salmon	SAL	<i>Salmo salar</i>
Basking shark	BSK	<i>Cetorhinus maximus</i>
Bigeye tuna	BET	<i>Thunnus obesus</i>
Birdbeak dogfish	DCA	<i>Deania calcea</i>
Black scabbardfish	BSF	<i>Aphanopus carbo</i>
Blackfin icefish	SSI	<i>Chaenocephalus aceratus</i>
Blue ling	BLI	<i>Molva dypterigia</i>
Blue marlin	BUM	<i>Makaira nigricans</i>
Blue whiting	WHB	<i>Micromesistius poutassou</i>
Bluefin tuna	BFT	<i>Thunnus thynnus</i>

Cod	COD	<i>Gadus morhua</i>
Common sole	SOL	<i>Solea solea</i>
Crab	PAI	<i>Paralomis spp.</i>
Dab	DAB	<i>Limanda limanda</i>
Flatfish	FLX	<i>Pleuronectiformes</i>
Flounder	FLX	<i>Platichthys flesus</i>
Forkbeards	FOX	<i>Phycis spp.</i>
Greater silver smelt	ARU	<i>Argentina silus</i>
Greenland halibut	GHL	<i>Reinhardtius hippoglossoides</i>
Grenadier	GRV	<i>Macrourus spp.</i>
Great lantern shark	ETR	<i>Etmopterus princeps</i>
Grey rockcod	NOS	<i>Lepidonotothen squamifrons</i>
Haddock	HAD	<i>Melanogrammus aeglefinus</i>
Hake	HKE	<i>Merluccius merluccius</i>
Herring	HER	<i>Clupea harengus</i>
Horse mackerel	JAX	<i>Trachurus spp.</i>
Humped rockcod	NOG	<i>Gobionotothen gibberifrons</i>
Kitefin shark	SCK	<i>Dalatias licha</i>
Krill	KRI	<i>Euphausia superba</i>
Lantern fish	LAC	<i>Lampanyctus achirus</i>
Leafscale gulper shark	GUQ	<i>Centrophorus squamosus</i>
Lemon sole	LEM	<i>Microstomus kitt</i>
Ling	LIN	<i>Molva molva</i>
Mackerel	MAC	<i>Scomber scombrus</i>
Marbled rockcod	NOR	<i>Notothenia rossii</i>
Megrim	LEZ	<i>Lepidorhombus spp.</i>
Northern prawn	PRA	<i>Pandalus borealis</i>

Norway lobster	NEP	<i>Nephrops norvegicus</i>
Norway pout	NOP	<i>Trisopterus esmarki</i>
Orange roughy	ORY	<i>Hoplostethus atlanticus</i>
"Penaeus" shrimps	PEN	<i>Penaeus spp</i>
Plaice	PLE	<i>Pleuronectes platessa</i>
Polar cod	POC	<i>Boreogadus saida</i>
Pollack	POL	<i>Pollachius pollachius</i>
Porbeagle	POR	<i>Lamna nasus</i>
Portuguese dogfish	CYO	<i>Centroscymnus coelolepis</i>
Redfish	RED	<i>Sebastes spp.</i>
Red Seabream	SBR	<i>Pagellus bogaraveo</i>
Roughead grenadier	RHG	<i>Macrourus berglax</i>
Roundnose grenadier	RNG	<i>Coryphaenoides rupestris</i>
Saithe	POK	<i>Pollachius virens</i>
Sandeel	SAN	<i>Ammodytidae</i>
Short fin squid	SQI	<i>Illex illecebrosus</i>
Skates and rays	SRX-RAJ	<i>Rajidae</i>
Smooth lantern shark	ETP	<i>Etmopterus pusillus</i>
Snow crab	PCR	<i>Chionoecetes spp.</i>
South Georgian icefish	SGI	<i>Pseudochaenichthys georgianus</i>
Spanish ling	SLI	<i>Molva macrophthalmus</i>
Sprat	SPR	<i>Sprattus sprattus</i>
Spurdog	DGS	<i>Squalus acanthias</i>
Swordfish	SWO	<i>Xiphias gladius</i>
Toothfish	TOP	<i>Dissostichus eleginoides</i>
Tope shark	GAG	<i>Galeorhinus galeus</i>
Turbot	TUR	<i>Psetta maxima</i>

Tusk	USK	<i>Brosme brosme</i>
Unicorn icefish	LIC	<i>Channichthys rhinoceratus</i>
Velvet belly	ETX	<i>Etmopterus spinax</i>
White hake	HKW	<i>Urophycis tenuis</i>
White marlin	WHM	<i>Tetrapturus alba</i>
Whiting	WHG	<i>Merlangius merlangus</i>
Witch flounder	WIT	<i>Glyptocephalus cynoglossus</i>
Yellowfin tuna	YFT	<i>Thunnus albacares</i>
Yellowtail flounder	YEL	<i>Limanda ferruginea</i>

ANNEX IA
BALTIC SEA

All TACs in this area, except for plaice and cod in Sub-divisions 25-32, are adopted in the framework of IBSFC.

Species:	Herring Clupea harengus	Zone:	Sub-divisions 30-31 HER/3D30.; HER/3D31.
Finland	52 471		
Sweden	11 529		
EC	64 000		
TAC	64 000		Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

Species:	Herring Clupea harengus	Zone:	Sub-divisions 22-24 HER/3B23.; HER/3C22.; HER/3D24.
Denmark	6 449		
Germany	25 381		
Estonia	0		
Finland	0		
Latvia	0		
Lithuania	0		
Poland	5 986		
Sweden	8 184		
EC	46 000		
TAC	46 000		Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

Species:	Herring Clupea harengus	Zone:	Sub-divisions 25-29 (except Gulf of Riga) and 32 HER/3D25.; HER/3D26.; HER/3D27.; HER/3D28.; HER/3D29.; HER/3D32.
Denmark	2 588		
Germany	686		
Estonia	13 217		
Finland	25 804		
Latvia	3 262		
Lithuania	3 405 ⁽¹⁾		
Poland	27 861 ⁽²⁾		
Sweden	39 349		
EC	116 172 ⁽³⁾		
TAC	130 000		Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

(1) Due to overfishing in 2003, the quota has been reduced by 30 tonnes in accordance with IBSFC decisions.

(2) Due to overfishing in 2003, the quota has been reduced by 1450 tonnes in accordance with IBSFC decisions.

(3) Due to overfishing in 2003, the quota has been reduced by 1480 tonnes in accordance with IBSFC decisions.

Species:	Herring Clupea harengus	Zone:	Gulf of Riga HER/03D-RG
Estonia	16 972 ⁽¹⁾		
Latvia	20 452		
EC	37 424 ⁽¹⁾		
TAC	38 000		Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

(1) Due to overfishing in 2003, the quota has been reduced by 576 tonnes in accordance with IBSFC decisions.

Species:	Cod Gadus morhua	Zone:	Sub-divisions 25-32 (EC waters) COD/3D25.; COD/3D26.; COD/3D27.; COD/3D28.; COD/3D29.; COD/3D30.; COD/3D31.; COD/3D32.
Denmark	7 394		
Germany	2 937		
Estonia	703		
Finland	552		
Latvia	2 683		
Lithuania	1 762 ⁽¹⁾		
Poland	8 199 ⁽²⁾		
Sweden	6 890		
EC	31 120 ⁽³⁾		
TAC	N/A		Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

(1) Due to overfishing in 2003, the quota has been reduced by 6 tonnes in accordance with IBSFC decisions.

(2) Due to overfishing in 2003, the quota has been reduced by 112 tonnes in accordance with IBSFC decisions.

(3) Due to overfishing in 2003, the quota has been reduced by 118 tonnes in accordance with IBSFC decisions.

Species:	Cod Gadus morhua	Zone:	Sub-divisions 22 –24 (EC waters) COD/3B23.; COD/3C22.; COD/3D24.
Denmark	14 566		
Germany	7 495		
Estonia	15		
Finland	52		
Latvia	23		
Lithuania	0		
Poland	276		
Sweden	2 272		
EC	24 700		
TAC	24 700		Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

Species:	Plaice Pleuronectes platessa	Zone:	IIIbcd (EC waters) PLE/3B23.; PLE/3C22.; PLE/3D24.; PLE/3D25.; PLE/3D26.; PLE/3D27.; PLE/3D28.; PLE/3D29.; PLE/3D30.; PLE/3D31.; PLE/3D32.
Denmark	2 697		
Germany	300		
Sweden	203		
Poland	565		
EC	3 766		
TAC	Not relevant		Precautionary TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Atlantic salmon Salmo salar	Zone:	IIIbcd (EC waters) excluding Sub-division 32 SAL/3B23.; SAL/3C22.; SAL/3D24.; SAL/3D25.; SAL/3D26.; SAL/3D27.; SAL/3D28.; SAL/3D29.; SAL/3D30.; SAL/3D31.
Denmark	93 512 ⁽¹⁾		
Germany	10 404 ⁽¹⁾		
Estonia	9 504 ⁽¹⁾		
Finland	116 603 ⁽¹⁾		
Latvia	59 478 ⁽¹⁾		
Lithuania	6 992 ⁽¹⁾		
Poland	28 368 ⁽¹⁾		
Sweden	126 400 ⁽¹⁾		
EC	451 260 ⁽¹⁾		
TAC	460 000 ⁽¹⁾		Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

(1) Expressed by number of individual fish.

Species:	Atlantic salmon Salmo salar	Zone:	Sub-division 32 SAL/3D32.
Finland	1 581 ⁽¹⁾		
Estonia	13 838 ⁽¹⁾		
EC	15 419 ⁽¹⁾		
TAC	17 000 ⁽¹⁾		Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

(1) Expressed by number of individual fish.

Species:	Sprat Sprattus sprattus	Zone:	IIIbcd (EC waters) SPR/3B23.; SPR/3C22.; SPR/3D24.; SPR/3D25.; SPR/3D26.; SPR/3D27.; SPR/3D28.; SPR/3D29.; SPR/3D30.; SPR/3D31.; SPR/3D32.
Denmark	48 785		
Germany	30 907		
Estonia	56 650		
Finland	25 538		
Latvia	68 420		
Lithuania	24 750		
Poland	141 275 ⁽¹⁾		
Sweden	94 311		
EC	490 636 ⁽¹⁾		
TAC	550 000		Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

(1) Due to overfishing in 2003, the quota has been reduced by 3 924 tonnes in accordance with IBSFC decisions.

ANNEX IB
SKAGERRAK, KATTEGAT, NORTH SEA AND WESTERN COMMUNITY WATERS
ICES areas Vb (EC waters), VI, VII, VIII, IX, X, CECAF (EC waters), and French Guyana

Species:	Sandeel <i>Ammodytidae</i>	Zone:	IV (Norwegian waters) SAN/04-N.
Denmark	9 500		
United Kingdom	500		
EC	10 000		
TAC	Not relevant		

Species:	Sandeel <i>Ammodytidae</i>	Zone:	Ila ⁽¹⁾ , IIIa, IV ⁽¹⁾ SAN/24.
Denmark	618		
United Kingdom	767		
All Member States	23 668 (2)		
EC	pm		
Norway	5 000 ⁽³⁾		
TAC	660 960	Precautionary TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.	

(1) EC waters excluding waters within 6 miles of UK baselines at Shetland, Fair Isle and Foula.

(2) Except Denmark and the United Kingdom.

(3) To be taken in the North Sea.

Species:	Tusk Brosme brosme	Zone:	EC waters of zones IIa, IV, Vb, VI, VII USK/2A47-C
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EC	Not relevant ⁽¹⁾
Norway	4 000 ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾

TAC Not relevant

- (1) Specified in Regulation EC No ...
- (2) Of which an incidental catch of other species of 25% per ship, at any moment, is authorised in Sub-areas Vb, VI and VII. However, this percentage may be exceeded in the first 24 hours following the beginning of the fishing on a specific ground. The total incidental catch of other species in Sub-areas Vb, VI and VII shall not exceed 3000 tonnes.
- (3) Including ling. The quotas for Norway are ling 6 800 tonnes, and tusk 4 000 tonnes and are interchangeable of up to 2 000 tonnes and may only be fished with long-lines In ICES Divisions Vb and Sub-areas VI and VII.

Species:	Tusk Brosme brosme	Zone:	IV (Norwegian waters) USK/04-N.
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Belgium	pm
Denmark	pm
Germany	pm
France	pm
The Netherlands	pm
Sweden	pm
United Kingdom	pm
EC	200

TAC Not relevant

Species:	Basking shark <i>Cetorhinus maximus</i>	Zone:	EC waters of zones IV, VI and VII BSK/467
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EC	0
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TAC 0

Species:	Herring ⁽¹⁾ <i>Clupea harengus</i>	Zone:	IIIa HER/03A.
Denmark	pm		
Germany	pm		
Sweden	pm		
EC	pm		
Faroe Islands	pm ⁽²⁾		
TAC	96 000	Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.	

(1) Landed as the entire catch or sorted from the remainder of the catch.

(2) To be taken in Skagerrak.

Species:	Herring ⁽¹⁾ <i>Clupea harengus</i>	Zone:	IV north of 53°30' N HER/4AB.
Denmark	95 211		
Germany	57 215		
France	20 548		
The Netherlands	56 745		
Sweden	5 443		
United Kingdom	70 395		
EC	305 557		
Norway	50 000 ⁽²⁾		
TAC	⁽³⁾ 535 000	Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.	

(1) Landed as the entire catch or sorted from the remainder of the catch, Member States must inform the Commission of their landings of herring distinguishing between ICES Divisions IVa and IVb (zones HER/04A. and HER/04B.).

(2) May be taken in EC waters. Catches taken within this quota are to be deducted from Norway's share of the TAC.

Special conditions:

Within the limits of the abovementioned quotas, no more than the quantities given below may be taken in the zones specified:

Norwegian waters south of 62° N (HER/*04N-)

EC 50 000 ⁽³⁾

Species:	Herring <i>Clupea harengus</i>	Zone:	Norwegian waters south of 62° N HER/04-N.
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Sweden 1 102 ⁽¹⁾

EC 1 102

TAC Not relevant

(1) By-catches of cod, haddock, pollack and whiting and saithe shall be counted against the quota for these species.

Species:	Herring ⁽¹⁾ <i>Clupea harengus</i>	Zone:	IIIa HER/03A-BC
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Denmark 20 642

Germany 184

Sweden 3 324

EC 24 150

TAC 24 150

Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply.
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(1) By-catches of herring taken in fisheries for species other than herring and landed unsorted.

Species:	Herring (1) <i>Clupea harengus</i>	Zone:	Ia(EC waters), IV, VIId HER/2A47DX
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Belgium 248

Denmark 47 865

Germany 248

France 248

The Netherlands 248

Sweden 234

United Kingdom 909

EC 50 000

TAC 50 000

Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply.
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(1) By-catches of herring taken in fisheries for species other than herring and landed unsorted.

Species:	Herring ⁽¹⁾ Clupea harengus	Zone:	IVc ⁽²⁾ , VIId HER/4CXB7D
Belgium	9 684 ⁽³⁾		
Denmark	1 882 ⁽³⁾		
Germany	1 131 ⁽³⁾		
France	19 341 ⁽³⁾		
The Netherlands	34 704 ⁽³⁾		
United Kingdom	7 551 ⁽³⁾		
EC	74 293		
TAC	⁽⁴⁾ 535 000		Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

- (1) Landed as the entire catch or sorted from the remainder of the catch.
- (2) Except Blackwater stock: reference is to the herring stock in the maritime region of the Thames estuary within a zone delimited by a line running due south from Landguard Point (51°56' N, 1°19.1' E) to latitude 51°33' N and hence due west to a point on the coast of the United Kingdom.
- (3) Transfers of up to 50% of this quota may be affected to ICES Division IVb. However, such transfers must be notified in advance to the Commission.

Species:	Herring Clupea harengus	Zone:	Vb, VIaN ⁽¹⁾ (EC waters), VIb HER/5B6ANB
Germany	pm		
France	pm		
Ireland	pm		
The Netherlands	pm		
United Kingdom	pm		
EC	pm		
Faroe islands	pm ⁽²⁾		
TAC	30 000		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

- (1) Reference is to the herring stock in ICES Division VIa, north of 56°00' N and in that part of VIa which is situated east of 07°00' W and north of 55°00' N, excluding the Clyde.
- (2) This quota may only be taken in Division VIa north of 56°30' N.

Species:	Herring Clupea harengus	Zone:	VlaS ⁽¹⁾ , VIIbc HER/6AS7BC
Ireland	12 727		
The Netherlands	1 273		
EC	14 000		
TAC	14 000		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

(1) Reference is to the herring stock in ICES Division VIa, south of 56°00' N and west of 07°00' W.

Species:	Herring Clupea harengus	Zone:	Vla Clyde ⁽¹⁾ HER/06ACL.
United Kingdom	1 000		
EC	1 000		
TAC	1 000		Precautionary TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

(1) Clyde stock: reference is to the herring stock in the maritime area situated to the north-east of a line drawn between the Mull of Kintyre and Corsewall Point.

Species:	Herring Clupea harengus	Zone:	VIIa ⁽¹⁾ HER/07A/MM
Ireland	1 250		
United Kingdom	3 550		
EC	4 800		
TAC	4 800		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

(1) ICES Division VIIa is reduced by the area added to the ICES area VIIghjk bounded:

- to the north by latitude 52° 30'N
- to the south by latitude 52° 00'N
- to the west by the coast of Ireland
- to the east by the coast of the United Kingdom

Species:	Herring Clupea harengus	Zone:	VIIe,f HER/7EF.
France	500		
United Kingdom	500		
EC	1 000		
TAC	1 000		Precautionary TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Herring Clupea harengus	Zone:	VIIg,h,j,k ⁽¹⁾ HER/7GK.
Germany	122		
France	679		
Ireland	9 506		
The Netherlands	679		
United Kingdom	14		
EC	11 000		
TAC	11 000		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

(1) ICES Division VIIg,h,j,k is increased by the area bounded:

- to the north by latitude 52° 30'N,
- to the south by latitude 52° 00'N,
- to the west by the coast of Ireland,
- to the east by the coast of the United Kingdom.

Species:	Anchovy Engraulis encrasicolus	Zone:	VIII ANE/08.
Spain	4 500		
France	500		
EC	5 000		
TAC	5 000 ⁽¹⁾		Precautionary TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply.

(1) This TAC will be reviewed during 2005 in the light of new scientific advice.

Species:	Anchovy Engraulis encrasicolus	Zone:	IX, X, CECAF 34.1.1 (EC waters) ANE/9/3411
Spain	3 061		
Portugal	3 339		
EC	6 400		
TAC	6 400		Precautionary TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Cod Gadus morhua	Zone:	Skagerrak COD/03AN.
Belgium	10		
Denmark	3 119		
Germany	78		
The Netherlands	20		
Sweden	546		
EC	3 773		
TAC	(1) 3 900		Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

Species:	Cod Gadus morhua	Zone:	Kattegat COD/03AS.
Denmark	556		
Germany	11		
Sweden	333		
EC	900		
TAC	900		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Cod Gadus morhua	Zone:	Ia (EC waters), IV COD/2AC4.
Belgium	807		
Denmark	4 635		
Germany	2 939		
France	997		
The Netherlands	2 619		
Sweden	31		
United Kingdom	10 631		
EC	22 659		
Norway	4 641 ⁽¹⁾		
TAC	⁽²⁾ 27 300		Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

(1) May be taken in EC waters. Catches taken within this quota are to be deducted from Norway's share of the TAC.

Special conditions:

Within the limits of the abovementioned quotas, no more than the quantities given below may be taken in the zones specified:

	Norwegian waters (COD/*04N-)		
EC	19 694 ⁽²⁾		
Species:	Cod Gadus morhua	Zone:	Norwegian waters south of 62° N COD/04-N.
Sweden	411 ⁽¹⁾		
EC	411 ⁽¹⁾		
TAC	Not relevant		Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply.

(1) Accruing from the Agreed Records of Consultations between the European Community, on behalf of Sweden, and Norway, for 2005.

Species:	Cod Gadus morhua	Zone:	Vb (EC waters), VI, XII, XIV COD/561214
Belgium	2		
Germany	21		
France	229		
Ireland	89		
United Kingdom	380		
EC	721		
TAC	721		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Special conditions:

Within the limits of the abovementioned quotas, no more than the quantities given below may be taken in the zones specified:

	Vb (EC zone), VIa (COD/*5BC6A)
Belgium	2
Germany	20
France	220
Ireland	86
United Kingdom	364
EC	692

Species:	Cod Gadus morhua	Zone:	VIIa COD/07A.
Belgium	49		
France	134		
Ireland	853		
The Netherlands	12		
United Kingdom	780		
EC	1 828		
TAC	1 828		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Cod Gadus morhua	Zone:	VIIb-k, VIII, IX, X, CECAF 34.1.1 (EC waters) COD/7X7A34
Belgium	276		
France	4 740		
Ireland	632		
The Netherlands	39		
United Kingdom	513		
EC	6 200		
TAC	6 200		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Porbeagle Lamna nasus	Zone:	EC waters of zones IV, VI and VII POR/467.
EC	Not subject to restriction		
Faroe islands	pm ⁽¹⁾		
TAC	Not relevant		

(1) Only to be fished with long line.

Species:	Megrims Lepidorhombus spp.	Zone:	Ila (EC waters), IV (EC waters) LEZ/2AC4-C
Belgium	5		
Denmark	4		
Germany	4		
France	25		
The Netherlands	20		
United Kingdom	1 454		
EC	1 512		
TAC	1 512		Precautionary TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Megrims Lepidorhombus spp.	Zone:	Vb (EC waters), VI, XII, XIV LEZ/561214
Spain	327		
France	1 277		
Ireland	373		
United Kingdom	903		
EC	2 880		
TAC	2 880		Precautionary TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Megrims Lepidorhombus spp.	Zone:	VII LEZ/07.
Belgium	520		
Spain	5 779		
France	7 013		
Ireland	3 189		
United Kingdom	2 762		
EC	19 263		
TAC	19 263		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Megrims Lepidorhombus spp.	Zone:	VIIIabde LEZ/8ABDE.
Spain	1 238		
France	999		
EC	2 237		
TAC	2 237		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Megrims Lepidorhombus spp.	Zone:	VIIIc, IX, X, CEEAF 34.1.1 (EC waters) LEZ/8C3411
Spain	882		
France	44		
Portugal	29		
EC	955		
TAC	955		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Dab and flounder Limanda limanda and Platichthys flesus	Zone:	Ila (EC waters), IV (EC waters) D/F/2AC4-C
Belgium	427		
Denmark	1 602		
Germany	2 403		
France	166		
The Netherlands	9 691		
Sweden	5		
United Kingdom	1 347		
EC	15 641		
TAC	15 641		Precautionary TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Anglerfish Lophiidae	Zone:	Ila (EC waters), IV (EC waters) ANF/2AC4-C
Belgium	247		
Denmark	546		
Germany	266		
France	51		
The Netherlands	187		
Sweden	6		
United Kingdom	5 697		
EC	7 000		
TAC	7 000		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Anglerfish Lophiidae	Zone:	IV (Norwegian waters) ANF/04-N.
Belgium	pm		
Denmark	pm		
Germany	pm		
France	pm		
The Netherlands	pm		
Sweden	pm		
United Kingdom	pm		
EC	1 800		
TAC	Not relevant		Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5 (2) of that Regulation applies.

Species:	Anglerfish Lophiidae	Zone: Vb (EC waters), VI, XII, XIV ANF/561214
Belgium	114	
Germany	130	
Spain	122	
France	1 408	
Ireland	318	
The Netherlands	110	
United Kingdom	978	
EC	3 180	
TAC	3 180	Analytical TAC where Article 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Anglerfish Lophiidae	Zone: VII ANF/07.
Belgium	2 318	
Germany	258	
Spain	921	
France	14 874	
Ireland	1 901	
The Netherlands	300	
United Kingdom	4 510	
EC	25 082	
TAC	25 082	Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Anglerfish Lophiidae	Zone: VIIa,b,d,e ANF/8ABDE.
Spain	932	
France	5 188	
EC	6 120	
TAC	6 120	Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Anglerfish Lophiidae	Zone:	VIIIc, IX, X, CECAF 34.1.1 (EC waters) ANF/8C3411
Spain	1 533		
France	2		
Portugal	305		
EC	1 840		
TAC	1 840		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Anglerfish Lophiidae	Zone:	IV (Norwegian waters) ANF/04-N.
Belgium	pm		
Denmark	pm		
Germany	pm		
France	pm		
The Netherlands	pm		
Sweden	pm ⁽¹⁾		
United Kingdom	pm		
EC	1 800		
TAC	Not relevant		

Species:	Haddock Melanogrammus aeglefinus	Zone: IIIa, IIIbcd (EC waters) HAD/3A/BCD
Belgium	18	
Denmark	3 036	
Germany	193	
The Netherlands	4	
Sweden	359	
EC	3 610 ⁽¹⁾	
TAC	4 018	Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

(1) Excluding an estimated 239 tonnes of industrial by-catch.

Species:	Haddock Melanogrammus aeglefinus	Zone: IIa (EC waters), IV HAD/2AC4.
Belgium	544	
Denmark	3 742	
Germany	2 381	
France	4 150	
The Netherlands	408	
Sweden	264	
United Kingdom	39 832	
EC	51 321 ⁽¹⁾	
Norway	14 679	
TAC	66 000	Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

(1) Excluding an estimate of p578 tonnes of industrial by-catch.

Special conditions:

Within the limits of the abovementioned quotas, no more than the quantities given below may be taken in the zones specified:

	Norwegian waters (HAD/*04N-)
EC	38 175

Species:	Haddock Melanogrammus aeglefinus	Zone: Norwegian waters, south of 62° N HAD/04-N.
Sweden	761	
EC	761	
TAC	Not relevant	Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply.

Species:	Haddock Melanogrammus aeglefinus	Zone: VIb, XII, XIV HAD/6B1214
Belgium	2	
Germany	2	
France	77	
Ireland	55	
United Kingdom	566	
EC	702	
TAC	702	Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

Species:	Haddock Melanogrammus aeglefinus	Zone: Vb, VIa (EC waters), HAD/5BC6A.
Belgium	17	
Germany	20	
France	838	
Ireland	598	
United Kingdom	6 127	
EC	7 600	
TAC	7 600	Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Haddock Melanogrammus aeglefinus	Zone:	VII , VIII, IX, X, CEEAF 34.1.1 (EC waters) HAD/7/3411
Belgium	128		
France	7 680		
Ireland	2 560		
United Kingdom	1 152		
EC	11 520		
TAC	11 520		Precautionary TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Special conditions:

Within the limits of the abovementioned quotas, no more than the quantities given below may be taken in division VIIa (HAD/*07A.):

Belgium	22
France	99
Ireland	593
United Kingdom	656
EC	1 370

When reporting to the Commission the uptake of their quotas, Member States shall specify quantities taken in VIIa. Landings of haddock caught in Division VIIa shall be prohibited when the totality of such landings exceeds 1 370 tonnes.

Species:	Whiting Merlangius merlangus	Zone:	IIIa WHG/03A.
Denmark	651		
The Netherlands	2		
Sweden	70		
EC	723 ⁽¹⁾		
TAC	⁽²⁾ 1 500		Precautionary TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

(1) Excluding an estimated pm tonnes of industrial by-catch.

Species:	Whiting Merlangius merlangus	Zone:	Ila (EC waters), IV WHG/2AC4.
Belgium	605		
Denmark	2 618		
Germany	681		
France	3 935		
The Netherlands	1 513		
Sweden	4		
United Kingdom	10 444		
EC	19 800 ⁽¹⁾		
Norway	2 800 ⁽²⁾		
TAC	⁽³⁾ 28 000		Precautionary TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

(1) Excluding an estimated 5 400 tonnes of industrial by-catch.

(2) May be taken in EC waters. Catches taken within this quota are to be deducted from Norway's share of the TAC.

Special conditions:

Within the limits of the abovementioned quotas, no more than the quantities given below may be taken in the zones specified.

		Norwegian waters (WHG/*04N-)	
EC		17 073 ⁽³⁾	

Species:	Whiting Merlangius merlangus	Zone:	Vb (EC waters), VI, XII, XIV WHG/561214
Germany	10		
France	195		
Ireland	478		
United Kingdom	917		
EC	1 600		
TAC	1 600		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Whiting Merlangius merlangus	Zone:	VIIa WHG/07A.
Belgium	3		
France	35		
Ireland	204		
The Netherlands	1		
United Kingdom	271		
EC	514		
TAC	514		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Whiting Merlangius merlangus	Zone:	VIIb-k WHG/7X7A.
Belgium	211		
France	12 960		
Ireland	6 006		
The Netherlands	105		
United Kingdom	2 318		
EC	21 600		
TAC	21 600		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Whiting Merlangius merlangus	Zone:	VIII WHG/08.
Spain	1 440		
France	2 160		
EC	3 600		
TAC	3 600		Precautionary TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Whiting Merlangius merlangus	Zone:	IX, X, CECAF 34.1.1 (EC waters) WHG/9/3411
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Portugal 816
EC 816

TAC 816

Precautionary TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Whiting and Pollack Merlangius merlangus and Pollachius pollachius	Zone:	Norwegian waters, south of 62° N W/P/04-N.
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Sweden 190⁽¹⁾
EC 190⁽¹⁾

TAC Not relevant

Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

Species:	Hake Merluccius merluccius	Zone:	IIIa, IIIbcd (EC waters) HKE/3A/BCD
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Denmark 1 183
Sweden 101
EC 1 284

TAC 1 284⁽¹⁾

Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

(1) Within an overall TAC of 42 600 tonnes for the northern stock of hake.

Species:	Hake Merluccius merluccius	Zone:	IIa (EC waters), IV (EC waters) HKE/2AC4-C
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Belgium 21
Denmark 866
Germany 99
France 191
The Netherlands 50
United Kingdom 269
EC 1 496

TAC 1 496⁽¹⁾

Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

(1) Within an overall TAC of 42 600 tonnes for the northern stock of hake.

Species:	Hake Merluccius merluccius	Zone:	Vb (EC waters), VI, VII, XII, XIV HKE/571214
Belgium	220		
Spain	7 042		
France	10 873		
Ireland	1 318		
The Netherlands	142		
United Kingdom	4 293		
EC	23 888		
TAC	23 888 ⁽¹⁾		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

(1) Within an overall TAC of 42 600 tonnes for the northern stock of hake.

Special conditions:

Within the limits of the abovementioned quotas, no more than the quantities given below may be taken in the zones specified:

	<u>VIIIabde (HKE/*8ABDE)</u>
Belgium	28
Spain	1 137
France	1 137
Ireland	142
The Netherlands	14
United Kingdom	639
EC	3096

Species:	Hake Merluccius merluccius	Zone:	VIIIa,b,d,e HKE/8ABDE.
Belgium	7		
Spain	4 902		
France	11 009		
The Netherlands	14		
EC	15 932		
TAC	15 932 ⁽¹⁾		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

(1) Within an overall TAC of 42 600 tonnes for the northern stock of hake.

Special conditions:

Within the limits of the abovementioned quotas, no more than the quantities given below may be taken in the zones specified:

Vb (EC waters), VI, VII, XII, XIV (HKE/*57-14)

Belgium	1
Spain	1 420
France	2 557
The Netherlands	4
EC	3982

Species:	Hake Merluccius merluccius	Zone:	VIIIc, IX, X, CECAF 34.1.1 (EC waters) HKE/8C3411
Spain	3 819		
France	367		
Portugal	1 782		
EC	5 968		
TAC	5 968		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Blue whiting Micromesistius poutassou	Zone:	Ia (EC waters), IV (EC waters) WHB/2AC4-C
Denmark	118 475		
Germany	195		
The Netherlands	359		
Sweden	382		
United Kingdom	2 613		
EC	122 024		
Norway	(¹) 40 000		Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.
TAC	Not relevant		
⁽¹⁾ Within a total quota of 120 000 tonnes in EC waters.			

Species:	Blue whiting Micromesistius poutassou	Zone:	IV (Norwegian waters) WHB/04-N.
Denmark	18 050		
United Kingdom	950		
EC	19 000		
TAC	Not relevant		Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

Species:	Blue whiting Micromesistius poutassou	Zone:	V, VI, VII, XII and XIV WHB/571214
Denmark	9 803		
Germany	37 947		
Spain	63 244 ⁽¹⁾		
France	52 809		
Ireland	75 893		
The Netherlands	119 216		
Portugal	4 743 ⁽¹⁾		
United Kingdom	110 678		
EC	474 333		
Norway	120 000 ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾		
Faroe Islands	pm ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾		
TAC	Not relevant		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

(1) Of which up to 75% may be taken in areas VIIIc, IX, X, CEEAF 34.1.1 (EC waters).

(2) May be fished in EC waters in areas II, IVa, VIa north of 56°30'N, VIb, VII west of 12°W

(3) Of which up to pm tonnes may consist of argentine (*Argentina spp.*).

(4) Catches of blue whiting may include unavoidable catches of argentine (*Argentina spp.*)

(5) May be fished in EC waters in areas VIa north of 56°30' N, VIb, VII west of 12° W.

Special conditions:

Within the limits of the abovementioned quotas, no more than the quantities given below may be taken in the zones specified:

	IVa	WHB/*04A-C
Norway		40 000

Species:	Blue whiting Micromesistius poutassou	Zone:	VIIIa,b,d,e WHB/8ABDE.
Spain	24 404		
France	18 936		
Portugal	3 661		
United Kingdom	17 672		
EC	64 673		
TAC	Not relevant	Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.	

Special conditions:

Any part of the abovementioned quotas may be fished in ICES Division Vb (EC waters), sub-areas VI, VII, XII and XIV (WHB/*5B-14).

Species:	Blue whiting Micromesistius poutassou	Zone:	VIIIc, IX, X, CECAF 34.1.1 (EC waters) WHB/8C3411
Spain	107 382		
Portugal	26 845		
EC	134 227		
TAC	Not relevant	Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.	

Species:	Lemon sole and witch Microstomus kitt and Glyptocephalus cynoglossus	Zone:	IIa (EC waters), IV (EC waters) L/W/2AC4-C
Belgium	304		
Denmark	838		
Germany	108		
France	229		
The Netherlands	698		
Sweden	9		
United Kingdom	3 432		
EC	5 618		
TAC	5 618	Precautionary TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.	

Species:	Blue ling Molva dyptergia	Zone:	Ila, IV, Vb, VI, VII (Community waters) BLI/2A47-C
EC	Not ⁽¹⁾ relevant		
Norway	200		
TAC	Not relevant		
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(1)	Specified in Regulation (EC No.		

Species:	Blue ling Molva dyptergia	Zone:	EC waters of zones VIa (north of 56° 30' N), VIb BLI/6AN6B.
Faroe Islands	pm ⁽¹⁾		
TAC	Not relevant		
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(1)	To be fished by trawl, by-catches of roundnose grenadier and black scabbard fish to be counted against this quota.		

Species:	Ling Molva molva	Zone:	EC waters of zones IIa, IV, Vb, VI, VII LIN/2A47-C
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EC	Not relevant ⁽¹⁾
Norway	6 800 ^{(2) (3)}
Faroe Islands	pm ^{(4) (5)}

TAC Not relevant

- (1) Specified in Regulation (EC) No. ...
- (2) Of which an incidental catch of other species of 25% per ship, at any moment, is authorised in Sub-areas VI and VII. However, this percentage may be exceeded in the first 24 hours following the beginning of the fishing on a specific ground. The total incidental catch of other species in Sub-areas VI and VII shall not exceed 3 000 tonnes.
- (3) Including tusk. The quotas for Norway are ling 6 000 tonnes, and tusk 4 000 tonnes and are interchangeable of up to 2 000 tonnes and may only be fished with longlines in ICES Division Vb and Sub-areas VI and VII.
- (4) Including blue ling and tusk. Only to be taken by long lines in VIa (north of 56° 30' N) and VIb.
- (5) Of which an incidental catch of other species of 20% per ship, at any moment, is authorised in Sub-area VI. However, this percentage may be exceeded in the first 24 hours following the beginning of the fishing on a specific ground. The total incidental catch of other species in Sub-area VI shall not exceed pm tonnes.

Species:	Ling Molva molva	Zone:	IV (Norwegian waters) LIN/04-N.
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Belgium	pm
Denmark	pm
Germany	pm
France	pm
The Netherlands	pm
Sweden	pm
United Kingdom	pm
EC	1 000

TAC Not relevant

Species:	Norway lobster Nephrops norvegicus	Zone:	IIIa (EC waters), IIIbcd (EC waters) NEP/3A/BCD
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Denmark	3 454
Germany	10
Sweden	1 236
EC	4 700

TAC 4 700

Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Norway lobster Nephrops norvegicus	Zone:	IIa (EC waters), IV (EC waters) NEP/2AC4-C
Belgium	1 117		
Denmark	1 117		
Germany	16		
France	33		
The Netherlands	575		
United Kingdom	18 492		
EC	21 350		
TAC	21 350		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Norway lobster Nephrops norvegicus	Zone:	Vb (EC waters), VI NEP/5BC6.
Spain	26		
France	103		
Ireland	172		
United Kingdom	12 399		
EC	12 700		
TAC	12 700		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Norway lobster Nephrops norvegicus	Zone:	VII NEP/07.
Spain	1 047		
France	4 243		
Ireland	6 436		
United Kingdom	5 724		
EC	17 450		
TAC	17 450		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Norway lobster Nephrops norvegicus	Zone:	VIIIa,b,d,e NEP/8ABDE.
Spain	186		
France	2 914		
EC	3 100		
TAC	3 100		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Norway lobster Nephrops norvegicus	Zone:	VIIIc NEP/08C.
Spain	156		
France	6		
EC	162		
TAC	162		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Norway lobster Nephrops norvegicus	Zone:	IX, X, CECAF 34.1.1 (EC waters) NEP/9/3411
Spain	135		
Portugal	405		
EC	540		
TAC	540		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Norway lobster Nephrops norvegicus	Zone:	IV (Norwegian waters) NEP/04-N.
Belgium	pm		
Denmark	pm		
Germany	pm		
France	pm		
The Netherlands	pm		
Sweden	pm		
United Kingdom	pm		
EC	1 000		
TAC	Not relevant		Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

Species:	Northern prawn Pandalus borealis	Zone:	IIIa PRA/03A.
Denmark	3 717		
Sweden	2 002		
EC	5 719		
TAC	(1) 10 710		Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

Species:	Northern prawn Pandalus borealis	Zone:	IIa (EC waters), IV (EC waters) PRA/2AC4-C
Denmark	3 626		
The Netherlands	34		
Sweden	146		
United Kingdom	1 074		
EC	4 880		
TAC	4 980		Precautionary TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Northern prawn Pandalus borealis	Zone:	Norwegian waters, south of 62° N PRA/04-N.
Denmark	900		
Sweden	151 ⁽¹⁾		
EC	1 051		
TAC	Not relevant		

(1) By-catches of cod, haddock, pollack, whiting and saithe shall be counted against the quotas for these species.

Species:	'Penaeus' shrimps Penaeus spp	Zone:	French Guyana PEN/FGU.
France	4 100 ⁽¹⁾		
EC	4 100 ⁽¹⁾		
Barbados	24 ⁽¹⁾		
Guyana	24 ⁽¹⁾		
Suriname	0 ⁽¹⁾		
Trinidad and Tobago	60 ⁽¹⁾		
TAC	4 108 ⁽¹⁾		Precautionary TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

(1) Fishing for shrimps *Penaeus subtilis* and *Penaeus brasiliensis* is prohibited in waters less than 30 m deep.

Species:	Plaice Pleuronectes platessa	Zone:	Skagerrak PLE/03AN.
Belgium	46		
Denmark	5 917		
Germany	30		
The Netherlands	1 138		
Sweden	317		
EC	7 448		
TAC	7 600		Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

Species:	Plaice Pleuronectes platessa	Zone:	Kattegat PLE/03AS.
Denmark	1 691		
Germany	19		
Sweden	190		
EC	1 900		
TAC	1 900	Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.	

Species:	Plaice Pleuronectes platessa	Zone:	Ila (EC waters), IV PLE/2AC4.
Belgium	3 530		
Denmark	11 474		
Germany	3 310		
France	662		
The Netherlands	22 066		
United Kingdom	16 328		
EC	57 370		
Norway	1 630		
TAC	59 000	Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.	

Special conditions:

Within the limits of the abovementioned quotas, no more than the quantities given below may be taken in the zones specified:

Norwegian waters (PLE/*04N-)

EC 30 000

Species:	Plaice Pleuronectes platessa	Zone:	Vb (EC waters), VI, XII, XIV PLE/561214
France	27		
Ireland	358		
United Kingdom	597		
EC	982		
TAC	982	Precautionary TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.	

Species:	Plaice Pleuronectes platessa	Zone:	VIIa PLE/07A.
Belgium	82		
France	36		
Ireland	643		
The Netherlands	25		
United Kingdom	822		
EC	1 608		
TAC	1 608		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Plaice Pleuronectes platessa	Zone:	VIIb,c PLE/7BC.
France	26		
Ireland	102		
EC	128		
TAC	128		Precautionary TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Plaice Pleuronectes platessa	Zone:	VIIId,e PLE/7DE.
Belgium	793		
France	2 645		
United Kingdom	1 410		
EC	4 848		
TAC	4 848		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Plaice Pleuronectes platessa	Zone:	VIIIf,g PLE/7FG.
Belgium	111		
France	201		
Ireland	31		
United Kingdom	105		
EC	448		
TAC	448		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Plaice Pleuronectes platessa	Zone:	VIIh,j,k PLE/7HJK.
Belgium	23		
France	47		
Ireland	163		
The Netherlands	93		
United Kingdom	47		
EC	373		
TAC	373		Precautionary TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Plaice Pleuronectes platessa	Zone:	VIII, IX, X, CECAF 34.1.1 (EC waters) PLE/8/3411
Spain	60		
France	238		
Portugal	60		
EC	358		
TAC	358		Precautionary TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Pollack Pollachius pollachius	Zone:	Vb (EC waters), VI, XII, XIV POL/561214
Spain	8		
France	270		
Ireland	79		
United Kingdom	206		
EC	563		
TAC	563		Precautionary TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Pollack Pollachius pollachius	Zone:	VII POL/07.
Belgium	529		
Spain	32		
France	12 177		
Ireland	1 298		
United Kingdom	2 964		
EC	17 000		
TAC	17 000	Precautionary TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.	

Species:	Pollack Pollachius pollachius	Zone:	VIIIa,b,d,e POL/8ABDE.
Spain	286		
France	1 394		
EC	1 680		
TAC	1 680	Precautionary TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.	

Species:	Pollack Pollachius pollachius	Zone:	VIIIc POL/08C.
Spain	295		
France	33		
EC	328		
TAC	328	Precautionary TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.	

Species:	Pollack Pollachius pollachius	Zone:	IX, X, CECAF 34.1.1 (EC waters) POL/9/3411
Spain	278		
Portugal	10		
EC	288		
TAC	288	Precautionary TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.	

Species:	Saithe Pollachius virens	Zone:	IIa (EC waters), IIIa, IIIbcd (EC waters), IV POK/2A34-
Belgium	51		
Denmark	6 013		
Germany	15 184		
France	35 733		
The Netherlands	152		
Sweden	826		
United Kingdom	11 641		
EC	69 600		
Norway	75 400 ⁽¹⁾		
TAC	145 000		Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

(1) May only be taken in IV (EC waters) and Skagerrak. Catches taken within this quota are to be deducted from Norway's share of the TAC.

Special conditions:

Within the limits of the abovementioned quotas, no more than the quantities given below may be taken in the zones specified:

	Norwegian waters (POK/*04N-)		
EC	69 600 ⁽²⁾		
Species:	Saithe Pollachius virens	Zone:	Norwegian waters south of 62°N POK/04-N.
Sweden	947		
EC	947		
TAC	Not relevant		Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.
Species:	Saithe Pollachius virens	Zone:	Vb (EC waters), VI, XII, XIV POK/561214
Germany	1 099		
France	10 918		
Ireland	365		
United Kingdom	2 662		
EC	15 044		
TAC	15 044		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Saithe Pollachius virens	Zone:	VII, VIII, IX, X, CECAF 34.1.1 (EC waters) POK/7X1034
Belgium	14		
France	3 137		
Ireland	1 568		
United Kingdom	855		
EC	5 574		
TAC	5 574		Precautionary TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Turbot and brill Psetta maxima and Scophthalmus rhombus	Zone:	IIa (EC waters), IV (EC waters) T/B/2AC4-C
Belgium	304		
Denmark	649		
Germany	166		
France	78		
The Netherlands	2 303		
Sweden	5		
United Kingdom	640		
EC	4 145		
TAC	4 145		Precautionary TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Skates and rays Rajidae	Zone:	IIa (EC waters), IV (EC waters) SRX/2AC4-C
Belgium	472		
Denmark	18		
Germany	23		
France	74		
The Netherlands	402		
United Kingdom	1 813		
EC	2 802		
TAC	2 802		Precautionary TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Greenland halibut Reinhardtius hippoglossoides	Zone:	Ia (EC waters), IV GHL/2AC6-
EC	Not subject		
Norway	145 ⁽¹⁾		
TAC	Not relevant		

(1) Fishing in VI is restricted to long lines

Species:	Mackerel Scomber scombrus	Zone:	Ia (EC waters), IIIa, IIIb,c,d (EC waters), IV MAC/2A34-
Belgium	238		
Denmark	14 052		
Germany	248		
France	750		
The Netherlands	756		
Sweden	2 128 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾		
United Kingdom	700		
EC	18 872 ⁽²⁾		
Norway	28 676 ⁽⁴⁾		
TAC	420 000 ⁽⁵⁾		

Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.
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- (1) Including a fishery by this Member State of 1 865 tonnes of mackerel in ICES Division IIIa and in EC waters of ICES Division IVab (MAC/*3A4AB).
- (2) Including 315 tonnes to be taken in Norwegian waters of ICES Sub-area IV (MAC/*04N-).
- (3) When fishing in Norwegian waters, by-catches of cod, haddock, pollack and whiting and saithe shall be counted against the quotas for these species.
- (4) To be deducted from Norway's share of the TAC (access quota). This quota may be fished in division IVa only, except for pm tonnes that may be fished in division IIIa.
- (5) TAC agreed by the EC, Norway and Faroe Islands for the northern area.

Special conditions:

Within the limits of the abovementioned quotas, no more than the quantities given below may be taken in the zones specified ⁽⁸⁾:

	IIIa	IIIa, IVb,c	IVb	IVc	IIa (non-EC waters), VI, from 1 January to 31 March 2005
	MAC/*03A.	MAC/*3A4BC	MAC/*04B.	MAC/*04C.	MAC/*2A6.
Denmark		4 130			4 020
France		490			
The Netherlands		490			
Sweden				390	10
United Kingdom		490			
Norway		3 000			

Species:	Mackerel	Zone:	IIa (non-EC waters), Vb(EC waters), VI, VII, VIIIa,b,d,e, XII, XIV
	Scomber scombrus		MAC/2CX14-
Germany	13 844		
Spain	20		
Estonia	115		
France	9 230		
Ireland	46 147		
Latvia	85		
Lithuania	85		
The Netherlands	20 189		
Poland	844		
United Kingdom	126 908		
EC	217 467		
Norway	8 500 ⁽¹⁾		
Faroe Islands	pm ⁽²⁾		
TAC	420 000 ⁽³⁾		

Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

- (1) May be fished only in IIa, VIa (north of 56°30' N), IVa, VIId, e, f, h.
- (2) Of which pm tonnes may be fished in ICES Division IVa north of 59°N (EC zone) from 1 January to 15 February and from 1 October to 31 December. A quantity of pm tonnes of the Faroe Islands' own quota may be fished in ICES Division VIa (north of 56°30'N) throughout the year and/or in ICES Divisions VIIe, f, h, and/or ICES Division IVa.
- (3) TAC agreed by the EC, Norway and Faroe Islands for the northern area.

Special conditions:

Within the limits of the abovementioned quotas, no more than the quantities given below may be taken in the zones specified, and only during the periods 1 January to 15 February and 1 October to 31 December.

	IVa (EC waters)
	MAC/*04A-C
Germany	4 175
Spain	0
France	2 784
Ireland	13 918
The Netherlands	6 089
United Kingdom	38 274
EC	65 240
Norway	8 500 ⁽⁶⁾
Faroe Islands	pm ⁽¹⁾

- (1) North of 59° N (EC zone) from 1 January to 15 February and from 1 October to 31 December.

Species:	Mackerel Scomber scombrus	Zone:	VIIIc, IX, X, CECAF 34.1.1 (EC waters) MAC/8C3411
Spain	20 500 ⁽¹⁾		
France	136 ⁽¹⁾		
Portugal	4 237 ⁽¹⁾		
EC	24 873		
TAC	24 873		Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

(1) The quantities subject to exchange with other Member States may be taken, up to a limit of 25% of the quota of the donor Member State, in ICES area VIIIa,b,d (MAC/*8ABD.).

Special conditions:

Within the limits of the abovementioned quotas, no more than the quantities given below may be taken in the zones specified.

	VIIIb (MAC/*08B.)
Spain	1.722
France	11
Portugal	356

Species:	Common sole Solea solea	Zone:	IIIa, IIIbcd (EC waters) SOL/3A/BCD
Denmark	349		
Germany	20		
The Netherlands	34		
Sweden	13		
EC	416		
TAC	416		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Common sole Solea solea	Zone:	II, IV (EC waters) SOL/24.
Belgium	1 339		
Denmark	612		
Germany	1 071		
France	268		
The Netherlands	12 091		
United Kingdom	689		
EC	16 070		
Norway	280		
TAC	16 350		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Common sole Solea solea	Zone:	Vb (EC waters), VI, XII, XIV SOL/561214
Ireland	54		
United Kingdom	14		
EC	68		
TAC	68		Precautionary TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Common sole Solea solea	Zone:	VIIa SOL/07A.
Belgium	474		
France	6		
Ireland	117		
The Netherlands	150		
United Kingdom	213		
EC	960		
TAC	960		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Common sole Solea solea	Zone:	VIIb,c SOL/7BC.
France	10		
Ireland	55		
EC	65		
TAC	65		Precautionary TAC where where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Common sole Solea solea	Zone:	VIIId SOL/07D.
Belgium	1 535		
France	3 069		
United Kingdom	1 096		
EC	5 700		
TAC	5 700		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Common sole Solea solea	Zone:	VIIe SOL/07E.
Belgium	31		
France	326		
United Kingdom	508		
EC	865		
TAC	865		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Common sole Solea solea	Zone:	VIIIf,g SOL/7FG.
Belgium	525		
France	53		
Ireland	26		
United Kingdom	236		
EC	840		
TAC	840		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Common sole Solea solea	Zone:	VIIh,j,k SOL/7HJK.
Belgium	32		
France	65		
Ireland	176		
The Netherlands	52		
United Kingdom	65		
EC	390		
TAC	390		Precautionary TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Common sole Solea solea	Zone:	VIIIa,b SOL/8AB.
Belgium	51		
Spain	9		
France	3 796		
The Netherlands	284		
EC	4 140		
TAC	4 140		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Sole Solea spp.	Zone:	VIIIc,d,e, IX, X, CECAF 34.1.1 (EC waters) SOX/8CDE34
Spain	458		
Portugal	758		
EC	1 216		
TAC	1 216		Precautionary TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Sprat Sprattus sprattus	Zone:	IIIa SPR/03A.
Denmark	33 504		
Germany	70		
Sweden	12 676		
EC	46 250		
TAC	50 000		Precautionary TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

Species:	Sprat Sprattus sprattus	Zone:	Ila (EC waters), IV (EC waters) SPR/2AC4-C
Belgium	pm		
Denmark	pm		
Germany	pm		
France	pm		
The Netherlands	pm		
Sweden	pm ⁽¹⁾		
United Kingdom	pm		
EC	pm		
Norway	1 000 ⁽²⁾		
Faroe Islands	pm ⁽³⁾		
TAC	257 000		Precautionary TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

- (1) Including sandeel.
(2) May only be fished in sub-area IV (EC waters).
(3) To be counted against the quota for sandeel in the North Sea.

Species:	Sprat Sprattus sprattus	Zone:	VIIde SPR/7DE.
Belgium	38		
Denmark	2 496		
Germany	38		
France	538		
The Netherlands	538		
United Kingdom	4 032		
EC	7 680		
TAC	7 680		Precautionary TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

Species:	Spurdog/dogfish Squalus acanthias	Zone:	Ila (EC waters), IV (EC waters) DGS/2AC4-C
Belgium	19		
Denmark	111		
Germany	20		
France	35		
The Netherlands	30		
Sweden	2		
United Kingdom	919		
EC	1 136		
Norway	100 ⁽¹⁾		
TAC	1 236		Precautionary TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

- (1) Including catches taken with long lines of tope shark and velvet belly, bird beak dogfish, leafscale gulper shark, greater lantern shark, smooth lantern shark and Portuguese dogfish. This quota may only be taken in ICES sub-areas IV, VI and VII.

Species:	Horse mackerel Trachurus spp.	Zone:	Ila (EC waters), IV (EC waters) JAX/2AC4-C
Belgium	pm		
Denmark	pm		
Germany	pm		
France	pm		
Ireland	pm		
The Netherlands	pm		
Sweden	pm		
United Kingdom	pm		
EC	pm		
Norway	1 600 ⁽¹⁾		
Faroe Islands	pm ⁽²⁾		
TAC	40 214		Precautionary TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

- (1) May only be fished in sub-area IV (EC waters).
(2) Within a total quota of pm tonnes for ICES Sub-Areas IV, VIa (north of 56°30'N) and VII e,f,h.

Species:	Horse mackerel Trachurus spp.	Zone:	Vb (EC waters), VI, VII, VIIIa,b,d,e, XII, XIV JAX/578/14
Denmark	pm		
Germany	pm		
Spain	pm		
France	pm		
Ireland	pm		
The Netherlands	pm		
Portugal	pm		
United Kingdom	pm		
EC	pm		
Faroe Islands	pm ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾		

TAC	109 600	Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.
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- (1) This quota may only be fished in ICES areas IV, VIa (north of 56° 30' N) and VIIe, f, h.
(2) Within a total quota of pm tonnes for ICES Sub-areas IV, VIa (north of 56°30'N) and VIIe,f,h.

Species:	Horse mackerel Trachurus spp.	Zone:	VIIIc, IX JAX/8C9.
Spain	23 670 ⁽¹⁾		
France	301 ⁽¹⁾		
Portugal	20 029 ⁽¹⁾		
EC	44 000		

TAC	44 000	Precautionary TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.
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- (1) Of which no more than 5% may consist of horse mackerel between 12 and 14 cm, notwithstanding Article 19 of Council Regulation (EC) No 850/98. For the purposes of the control of this quantity, the weight of the landings shall be affected by a coefficient of 1.2.

Species:	Horse mackerel Trachurus spp.	Zone:	X, CECAF (1) JAX/X34PRT
Portugal	2 560		
EC	2 560		

TAC	2 560	Precautionary TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.
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- (1) Waters adjacent to the Azores under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of Portugal.

Species:	Horse mackerel Trachurus spp.	Zone:	CECAF (EC waters) ⁽¹⁾ JAX/341PRT
Portugal	1 280		
EC	1 280		
TAC	1 280		Precautionary TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

(1) Waters adjacent to Madeira under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of Portugal.

Species:	Horse mackerel Trachurus spp.	Zone:	CECAF (EC waters) ⁽¹⁾ JAX/341SPN
Spain	1 280		
EC	1 280		
TAC	1 280		Precautionary TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

(1) Waters adjacent to the Canary Islands under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of Spain.

Species:	Norway pout Trisopterus esmarki	Zone:	Ila (EC waters), IIIa, IV (EC waters) NOP/2A3A4-
Denmark	0		
Germany	0		
The Netherlands	0		
EC	0		
Norway	1 000 ⁽¹⁾		
TAC	Not relevant		Analytical TAC where Articles 3, 4 and 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 apply.

(1) This quota may be fished in ICES Division VIa, North of 56°30'N.

Species:	Norway pout Trisopterus esmarki	Zone:	IV (Norwegian waters) NOP/04-N.
Denmark	4 750 ⁽¹⁾		
United Kingdom	250 ⁽¹⁾		
EC	5 000 ⁽¹⁾		
TAC	Not relevant		Analytical TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

(1) Including inextricably mixed horse mackerel.

Species:	Industrial fish	Zone:	IV (Norwegian waters) I/F/04-N.
Sweden	800 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾		
EC	800		
TAC	Not relevant		

(1) By-catches of cod, haddock, pollack and whiting and saithe to be counted against the quotas for these species.

(2) Of which no more than 400 tonnes of horse mackerel.

Species:	Combined quota	Zone:	EC waters of zones Vb, VI, VII R/G/5B67-C
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EC Not subject to restriction
Norway 600 ⁽¹⁾

TAC Not relevant

(1) Taken with long lines only; including rat tails, *Mora mora* and greater fork beard.

Species:	Other species	Zone:	IV (Norwegian waters) OTH/04-N.
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Belgium 38
Denmark 3 500
Germany 395
France 162
The Netherlands 280
Sweden pm ⁽¹⁾
United Kingdom 2 625
EC 7 000

TAC Not relevant

Precautionary TAC where Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

(1) Quota allocated by Norway to Sweden of "other species" at a traditional level.

Species:	Other species	Zone:	EC waters of zones IIa, IV, VIa north of 56° 30'N OTH/2A46AN
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EC Not subject to restriction
Norway 4 720 ⁽¹⁾
Faroe Islands pm ⁽²⁾

TAC Not relevant

(1) Limited to IIa and IV. Includes fisheries not specifically mentioned.

(2) Limited to by-catches of whitefish in IV and VIa.

ANNEX IC
NORTH EAST ATLANTIC AND GREENLAND ICES areas I, II, IIIa, IV, V, XII, XIV and
NAFO 0, 1 (Greenland waters)

Species:	Snow crab <i>Chionoecetes spp.</i>	Zone:	NAFO 0, 1 (Greenland waters) PCR/ N01GRN
Ireland	pm		
Spain	pm		
EC	pm ⁽¹⁾		
TAC	Not relevant		

Species:	Roundnose grenadier <i>Coryphaenoides rupestris</i>	Zone:	NAFO 0, 1 (Greenland waters) RNG/N01GRN
Germany	1 035		
EC	1 035 ⁽¹⁾		
TAC	Not relevant		

(1) Of which pm tonnes are allocated to Norway.

Species:	Herring Clupea harengus	Zone:	I, II (EC waters and International waters) HER/1/2.
Belgium	pm		
Denmark	pm		
Germany	pm		
Spain	pm		
France	pm		
Ireland	pm		
The Netherlands	pm		
Poland	pm		
Portugal	pm		
Finland	pm		
Sweden	pm		
United Kingdom	pm		
EC	pm		
Faroe Islands	pm ⁽¹⁾		

TAC Not relevant

Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

⁽¹⁾ May be fished in EC waters.

Special conditions:

Within the limits of the abovementioned quotas, no more than the quantities given below may be taken in the zones specified:

II, Vb north of 62° N (Faroese waters)
(HER/2A5B-F)

Belgium	pm
Denmark	pm
Germany	pm
Spain	pm
France	pm
Ireland	pm
The Netherlands	pm
Poland	pm
Portugal	pm
Finland	pm
Sweden	pm
United Kingdom	pm

Species:	Cod Gadus morhua	Zone:	I, II (Norwegian waters) COD/IN2AB-
Germany	2 317		
Greece	287		
Spain	2 585		
Ireland	287		
France	2 127		
Portugal	2 585		
United Kingdom	8 991		
EC	19 179		
TAC	471 000		Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

Species:	Cod Gadus morhua	Zone:	NAFO 0, 1 (incl.V, XIV (Greenland waters)) COD/N01514
Germany	pm		
United Kingdom	pm		
EC	pm		
TAC	pm		

Species:	Cod Gadus morhua	Zone:	I, II b COD/1/2B.
Germany	3 116		
Spain	8 056		
France	1 330		
Poland	1 460		
Portugal	1 701		
United Kingdom	1 995		
All Member States	100 ⁽¹⁾		
EC	17 757 ^{(2) (3)}		
TAC	471 000		Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

- (1) Except Germany, Spain, France, Poland, Portugal and the United Kingdom.
- (2) The allocation of the share of the cod stock available to the Community in the zone Spitzbergen and Bear Island is entirely without prejudice to the rights and obligations deriving from the 1920 Treaty of Paris.
- (3) Until the date of accession of the new Member States, the EC quota is pm tonnes.

Species:	Cod and haddock Gadus morhua and Melanogrammus aeglefinus	Zone: Vb (Faroese waters) C/H/05B-F.
Germany	pm	
France	pm	
United Kingdom	pm	
EC	pm	
TAC	Not relevant	Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

Species:	Atlantic halibut Hippoglossus hippoglossus	Zone: V, XIV (Greenland waters) HAL/514GRN
Portugal	800	
EC	1 000 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	
TAC	Not relevant	

(1) Of which pm tonnes to be fished only with long lines, are allocated to Norway.

(2) If by-catches of Atlantic halibut in trawl cod and redfish fisheries imply over-runs of this quota, the Greenland authorities will provide solutions to the effect that Community cod and redfish fisheries can nevertheless continue until the respective quotas have been exhausted.

Species:	Atlantic halibut Hippoglossus hippoglossus	Zone: NAFO 0, 1 (Greenland waters) HAL/N01GRN
EC	200 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	
TAC	Not relevant	

(1) Of which pm tonnes, to be fished only with long lines, are allocated to Norway.

(2) If by-catches of Atlantic halibut in trawl cod and redfish fisheries imply over-runs of this quota, the Greenland authorities will provide solutions to the effect that Community cod and redfish fisheries can nevertheless continue until the respective quotas have been exhausted.

Species:	Capelin Mallotus villosus	Zone: I Ib CAP/02B.
EC	0 ⁽¹⁾	
TAC	0 ⁽²⁾	

(1) Without prejudice to the Community rights.

(2) Subject to revision in the light of scientific advice.

Species:	Capelin Mallotus villosus	Zone:	V, XIV (Greenland waters) CAP/514GRN
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All Member States	0
EC	0 ⁽¹⁾

TAC Not relevant

(1) Of which 0 tonnes are allocated to Norway, pm tonnes to Iceland and 0 tonnes to Faroe Islands. The Community share represents 7.7% of the capelin TAC for the season. Upon revision of this TAC in the course of 2005, the Community quota shall be revised accordingly.

Species:	Haddock Melanogrammus aeglefinus	Zone:	I, II (Norwegian waters) HAD/1N2AB-
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Germany	484
France	291
United Kingdom	1 485
EC	2 260

TAC Not relevant

Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

Species:	Blue whiting Micromesistius poutassou	Zone:	I, II, (international waters)
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EC	70 000
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TAC Not relevant

Species:	Blue whiting Micromesistius poutassou	Zone:	I, II (Norwegian waters) WHB/1/2-N.
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Germany	500
France	500
EC	1 000

TAC Not relevant

Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

Species:	Blue whiting Micromesistius poutassou	Zone:	Vb (Faroese waters) WHB/05B-F.
Denmark	pm		
United Kingdom	pm		
All Member States	pm ⁽¹⁾		
EC	pm		
TAC	Not relevant		Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

(1) Except Denmark and the United Kingdom.

Species:	Ling and Blue Ling Molva molva and Molva dypterigia	Zone:	Vb (Faroese waters) B/L/05B-F.
Germany	pm ⁽¹⁾		
France	pm ⁽¹⁾		
United Kingdom	pm ⁽¹⁾		
EC	pm ⁽¹⁾		
TAC	Not relevant		Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

(1) By-catches up to pm tonnes of roundnose grenadier and black scabbard fish to be counted against this quota.

Species:	Northern prawn Pandalus borealis	Zone:	V, XIV (Greenland waters) PRA/514GRN
Denmark	pm		
France	pm		
EC	5 675 ⁽¹⁾		
TAC	Not relevant		

(1) Of which 2 750 tonnes are allocated to Norway and pm tonnes to Faroe Islands.

Species:	Northern prawn Pandalus borealis	Zone:	NAFO 0, 1 (Greenland waters) PRA/ N01GRN
Denmark	2 000		
France	2 000		
EC	4 000		
TAC	Not relevant		

Species:	Saithe Pollachius virens	Zone:	I, II (Norwegian waters) POK/1N2AB-
Germany	2 880		
France	463		
United Kingdom	257		
EC	3 600 ⁽¹⁾		
TAC	Not relevant		Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

Species:	Saithe Pollachius virens	Zone:	I, II (International waters) POK/1/2INT
EC	0		
TAC	Not relevant		

Species:	Saithe Pollachius virens	Zone:	Vb (Faroese waters) POK/05B-F.
Belgium	pm		
Germany	pm		
France	pm		
The Netherlands	pm		
United Kingdom	pm		
EC	pm		
TAC	Not relevant		Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

Species:	Greenland halibut Reinhardtius hippoglossoides	Zone:	I, II (Norwegian waters) GHL/IN2AB-
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Germany	50
United Kingdom	50
EC	100

TAC Not relevant

Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.

Species:	Greenland halibut Reinhardtius hippoglossoides	Zone:	I, II (International waters) GHL/1/2INT
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EC	0
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TAC Not relevant

Species:	Greenland halibut Reinhardtius hippoglossoides	Zone:	NAFO 0,1 (Greenland waters) GHL/N01GRN
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Germany	pm
EC	1 500 ⁽¹⁾

TAC Not relevant

(1) Of which 800 tonnes are allocated to Norway and pm tonnes are allocated to the Faroe Islands.

Species:	Mackerel Scomber scombrus	Zone:	Ia (Norwegian waters) MAC/02A-N.
Denmark	pm ⁽¹⁾		
EC	pm ⁽¹⁾		
TAC	Not relevant	Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.	

(1) May also be fished in sub-area IV (Norwegian waters) and in Division IIa (non-EC waters).

Species:	Mackerel Scomber scombrus	Zone:	Vb (Faroese waters) MAC/05B-F.
Denmark	pm ⁽¹⁾		
EC	pm		
TAC	Not relevant	Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.	

(1) May be fished in IVa (EC waters).

Species:	Redfish Sebastes spp.	Zone:	V, XII, XIV ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ RED/51214.
Estonia	202		
Germany	6 455 ⁽²⁾		
Spain	1 134 ⁽²⁾		
France	603 ⁽²⁾		
Ireland	2 ⁽²⁾		
Latvia	3 625		
Lithuania	438		
The Netherlands	3 ⁽²⁾		
Poland	582 ⁽²⁾		
Portugal	1 355 ⁽²⁾		
United Kingdom	16 ⁽²⁾		
EC	14 415 ⁽²⁾		
TAC	6 455 ⁽²⁾	Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.	

(1) EC waters and international waters.

(2) May be taken in the NAFO Regulatory Area Sub-area 2, Divisions IF and 3K but shall be counted against the quota for V, XII, XIV within a total quota of 25 000 tonnes.

Species:	Redfish Sebastes spp.	Zone:	I, II (Norwegian waters) RED/IN2AB-
Germany	766 ⁽¹⁾		
Spain	95 ⁽¹⁾		
France	84 ⁽¹⁾		
Portugal	405 ⁽¹⁾		
United Kingdom	150 ⁽¹⁾		
EC	1 500 ⁽¹⁾		
TAC	Not relevant	Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.	

(1) Only as by-catch.

Species:	Redfish Sebastes spp.	Zone:	V, XIV (Greenland waters) RED/514GRN
Germany	pm		
France	pm		
United Kingdom	pm		
EC	pm ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾		
TAC	Not relevant		

(1) A maximum of pm tonnes may be fished by pelagic trawl. Catches from the bottom trawl fishery and the pelagic trawl fishery shall be reported separately. May be fished East or West.

(2) 3 500 tonnes to be fished with pelagic trawl are allocated to Norway.

(3) pm tonnes are allocated to the Faroe Islands. Catches from the bottom trawl and pelagic trawl fisheries shall be reported separately.

Species:	Redfish Sebastes spp.	Zone:	Va (Icelandic waters) RED/05A-IS
Belgium	pm ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾		
Germany	pm ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾		
France	pm ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾		
United Kingdom	pm ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾		
EC	pm ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾		
TAC	Not relevant	Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.	

(1) Including unavoidable by-catches (cod not allowed).

(2) To be fished between July and December.

Species:	Redfish Sebastes spp.	Zone:	Vb (Faroese waters) RED/05B-F.
Belgium	pm		
Germany	pm		
France	pm		
United Kingdom	pm		
EC	pm		
TAC	Not relevant	Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.	

Species:	By-catches	Zone:	NAFO 0, 1 (Greenland waters) XBC/ N01GRN
EC	2 000		
TAC	Not relevant		

Species:	Other species ⁽¹⁾	Zone:	I, II (Norwegian waters) OTH/1N2AB-
Germany	150 ⁽¹⁾		
France	60 ⁽¹⁾		
United Kingdom	240 ⁽¹⁾		
EC	450 ⁽¹⁾		
TAC	Not relevant	Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.	

(1) Only as by-catch.

Species:	Other species ⁽¹⁾	Zone:	Vb (Faroese waters) OTH/05B-F.
Germany	pm		
France	pm		
United Kingdom	pm		
EC	pm		
TAC	Not relevant	Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.	

(1) Excluding fish species of no commercial value.

Species:	Flatfish	Zone:	Vb (Faroese waters) FLX/05B-F.
Germany	pm		
France	pm		
United Kingdom	pm		
EC	pm ⁽¹⁾		
TAC	Not relevant	Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 do not apply and Article 5(2) of that Regulation applies.	

(1) Including Greenland halibut.

ANNEX ID
NORTH WEST ATLANTIC Area of NAFO

All TACs and associate conditions are adopted in the framework of NAFO.

Species:	Cod Gadus morhua	Zone:	NAFO 2J3KL COD/N2J3KL
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EC 0⁽¹⁾

TAC 0⁽¹⁾

(1) There will be no direct fishing on this species, which will be caught only as by-catch within the rules set out in Article 28.

Species:	Cod Gadus morhua	Zone:	NAFO 3NO COD/N3NO.
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EC 0⁽¹⁾

TAC 0⁽¹⁾

(1) There will be no direct fishing on this species, which will be caught only as by-catch within the rules set out in Article 28.

Species:	Cod Gadus morhua	Zone:	NAFO 3M COD/N3M.
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EC 0⁽¹⁾

TAC 0⁽¹⁾

(1) There will be no direct fishing on this species, which will be caught only as by-catch within the rules set out in Article 28.

Species:	Witch flounder Glyptocephalus cynoglossus	Zone:	NAFO 2J3KL WIT/N2J3KL
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EC 0⁽¹⁾

TAC 0⁽¹⁾

(1) There will be no direct fishing on this species, which will be caught only as by-catch within the rules set out in Article 28.

Species:	Witch flounder Glyptocephalus cynoglossus	Zone:	NAFO 3NO WIT/N3NO.
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EC 0 ⁽¹⁾

TAC 0 ⁽¹⁾

(1) There will be no direct fishing on this species, which will be caught only as by-catch within the rules set out in Article 28.

Species:	American plaice Hippoglossoides platessoides	Zone:	NAFO 3M PLA/N3M.
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EC 0 ⁽¹⁾

TAC 0 ⁽¹⁾

(1) There will be no direct fishing on this species, which will be caught only as by-catch within the rules set out in Article 28.

Species:	American plaice Hippoglossoides platessoides	Zone:	NAFO 3LNO PLA/N3LNO.
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EC 0 ⁽¹⁾

TAC 0 ⁽¹⁾

(1) There will be no direct fishing on this species, which will be caught only as by-catch within the rules set out in Article 28.

Species:	Short fin squid Illex illecebrosus	Zone:	NAFO sub-zones 3 and 4 SQI/N34.
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Estonia 128 ⁽²⁾

Latvia 128 ⁽²⁾

Lithuania 128 ⁽²⁾

Poland 227 ⁽²⁾

EC ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

TAC 34 000

(1) No specified Community share, an amount of 29 467 tonnes is available to Canada and the EC Member States except Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania and Poland.

(2) To be fished between 1 July and 31 December.

Species:	Yellowtail flounder Limanda ferruginea	Zone:	NAFO 3LNO YEL/N3LNO.
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Estonia

Latvia

Lithuania

Poland

EC 0 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

TAC 15 000

- (1) Despite having access to a shared quota of 76 tonnes for the Community, it is decided to set this amount to 0. There will be no directed fishery on this species, which will be caught only as by-catches limited to 1.250 kg or 5% by weight of the total catch retained onboard, whichever is the greater.
- (2) Catches taken by vessels under this quota shall be reported to the Flag Member State and forwarded to the Executive Secretary of NAFO via the Commission at 48 hour intervals.

Species:	Capelin Mallotus villosus	Zone:	NAFO 3NO CAP/N3NO.
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EC 0 ⁽¹⁾

TAC 0 ⁽¹⁾

- (1) There will be no direct fishing on this species, which will be caught only as by-catch within the rules set out in Article 28.

Species:	Northern prawn Pandalus borealis	Zone:	NAFO 3L ⁽¹⁾ PRA/N3L.
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Estonia 144 ⁽²⁾

Latvia 144 ⁽²⁾

Lithuania 144 ⁽²⁾

Poland 144 ⁽²⁾

EC 144 ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾

TAC 13 000

- (1) Not including the box bounded by the following coordinates:

Point No	Latitude N	Longitude W
1	47° 20' 0	46° 40' 0
2	47° 20' 0	46° 30' 0
3	46° 00' 0	46° 30' 0
4	46° 00' 0	46° 40' 0

- (2) To be fished from 1 January to 31 March, 1 July to 14 September and 1 December to 31 December.

- (3) All Member States except Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania and Poland.

Species:	Northern prawn Pandalus borealis	Zone:	NAFO 3M ⁽¹⁾ PRA/N3M.
TAC	(2)		

(1) Vessels may also fish this stock in Division 3L in the box bounded by the following coordinates:

Point N°	Latitude N	Longitude W
1	47°20'0	46°40'0
2	47°20'0	46°30'0
3	46°00'0	46°30'0
4	46°00'0	46°40'0

When conducting a fishery for shrimp in this box, vessels shall, whether or not crossing the line separating NAFO Divisions 3L and 3M, report in accordance with point 1.3 of the annex to Regulation (EC) No 189/92 (O J L 21 of 30.1.1992, p. 4).

Moreover, fishing for shrimp shall be prohibited from 1 June to 31 December 2005 in the area bounded by the following coordinates:

Point N°	Latitude N	Longitude W
1	47°55'0	45°00'0
2	47°30'0	44°15'0
3	46°55'0	44°15'0
4	46°35'0	44°30'0
5	46°35'0	45°40'0
6	47°30'0	45°40'0
7	47°55'0	45°00'0

(2) Not relevant. Fishery managed by limitations in fishing effort. The Member States concerned shall issue special fishing permits for their fishing vessels engaging in this fishery, and shall notify those permits to the Commission prior to the commencement of the vessel's activity, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1627/94. By way of derogation from Article 8 of that regulation, permits will only become valid if the Commission has not objected within five working days following the notification.

The maximum number of vessels and fishing time allowed shall be:

Member State	Maximum number of vessels	Maximum number of fishing days
Denmark	2	131
Estonia	8	1667
Spain	10	257
Latvia	4	490
Lithuania	7	579
Poland	1	100
Portugal	1	69

Each Member State shall, within 25 days following the calendar month in which the catches are made, report monthly to the Commission the fishing days spent in Division 3M and in the area defined in footnote (1) above.

Species:	Greenland halibut Reinhardtius hippoglossoides	Zone:	NAFO 3LMNO GHL/N3LMNO
Estonia	380		
Germany	388		
Latvia	54		
Lithuania	27		
Spain	5 208		
Portugal	2 197		
EC	8 254		
TAC	14 079		

Species:	Skates Rajidae	Zone:	NAFO 3LNO SRX/N3LNO.
Spain	6 239		
Portugal	1 436		
Estonia	680		
Lithuania	145		
EC	8 500		
TAC	13 500		

Species:	Redfish Sebastes spp.	Zone:	NAFO 3LN RED/N3LN.
EC	0 ⁽¹⁾		
TAC	0 ⁽¹⁾		

(1) There will be no direct fishing on this species, which will be caught only as by-catch within the rules set out in Article 28.

Species:	Redfish Sebastes spp.	Zone:	NAFO 3M RED/N3M.
Estonia	1571 ⁽¹⁾		
Germany	513 ⁽¹⁾		
Spain	233 ⁽¹⁾		
Latvia	1571 ⁽¹⁾		
Lithuania	1571 ⁽¹⁾		
Portugal	2 354 ⁽¹⁾		
EC	7 813 ⁽¹⁾		
TAC	5 000 ⁽¹⁾		

⁽¹⁾ This quota is subject to compliance with the TAC of 5 000 tonnes established for this stock. Upon exhaustion of the TAC, the directed fishery for this stock shall be stopped irrespective of the level of catches

Species:	Redfish Sebastes spp.	Zone:	NAFO 3O RED/N3O.
Spain	1 589 ⁽¹⁾		
Portugal	5 411 ⁽¹⁾		
EC	7 000 ⁽¹⁾		
TAC	20 000 ⁽¹⁾		

Species:	White hake <i>Urophycis tenuis</i>	Zone:	NAFO 3NO HKW/N3NO.
Spain	2 160		
Portugal	2 835		
EC	5 000		
TAC	8 500		

ANNEX IE
HIGHLY MIGRATORY FISH – All Areas

TACS in this area are adopted in the framework of international fisheries organisations on tuna fisheries, such as ICCAT and IATTC.

Species:	Bluefin tuna Thunnus thynnus	Zone:	Atlantic Ocean, east of longitude 45° W, and Mediterranean BFT/AE045W
Cyprus	(1)		
Greece	323,4		
Spain	6 276,7		
France	6 192,7		
Italy	4 888		
Malta	(1)		
Portugal	590,2		
All Member States	60 (2)		
EC	18 331		
TAC	32 000		

(1) Cyprus and Malta may fish under the ICCAT “Others” quota in accordance with the ICCAT Compliance Tables adopted at 2003 ICCAT Annual Meeting.

(2) Except Cyprus, Greece, Spain, France, Italy, Malta and Portugal, and only as by-catch.

Species:	Swordfish Xiphias gladius	Zone:	Atlantic Ocean, north of latitude 5° N SWO/AN05N
Spain	6 541,5		
Portugal	1 010,4		
All Member States	148,5 (1)		
EC	7 700,4		
TAC	14 000		

(1) Except Spain and Portugal, and only as by-catch.

Species:	Swordfish Xiphias gladius	Zone:	Atlantic Ocean, south of latitude 5° N SWO/AS05N
Spain	6 595,6		
Portugal	371,1		
EC	6 966,7		
TAC	15 956		

Species:	Northern Albacore	Zone:	Atlantic Ocean, north of latitude 5°N
	Germo alalunga		ALB/AN05N
Ireland	5 723,3 ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾		
Spain	31 383 ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾		
France	8 217 ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾		
United Kingdom	600,7 ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾		
Portugal	4 129,5 ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾		
EC	50 053,5 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾		
TAC	29 319		

- (1) It is prohibited to use any gill net, bottom set gill net, trammel net and entangling net.
- (2) The number of Community fishing vessels fishing for Northern Albacore as a target species is fixed to pm vessels in accordance with Article 10 (1) of Regulation (EC) No 973/2001.
- (3) The distribution between the Member States of the maximum number of fishing vessels flying the flag of a Member State authorised to fish for Northern Albacore as a target species in accordance with Article 10 (4) of Regulation (EC) No 973/2001:

<u>Member State</u>	<u>Maximum number of vessels</u>
Ireland	50
Spain	730
France	151
United Kingdom	12
Portugal	310
EC	1 253

Species:	Southern Albacore	Zone:	Atlantic Ocean, south of latitude 5° N
	Germo alalunga		ALB/AS05N
Spain	943,7		
France	311		
Portugal	660		
EC	1 914,7		
TAC	29 200		

Species:	Bigeye Tuna	Zone:	Atlantic Ocean
	Thunnus obesus		BET/ATLANT
Spain	21526,4		
France	9 438		
Portugal	13 511		
EC	44 475,4		
TAC	90 000		

Species:	Blue marlin Makaira nigricans	Zone:	Atlantic Ocean BUM/ATLANT
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EC 103

TAC Not relevant

Species:	White marlin Tetrapturus alba	Zone:	Atlantic Ocean WHM/ATLANT
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EC 46,5

TAC Not relevant

ANNEX IF
ANTARCTIC – Area of CCAMLR

These TACs, adopted by CCAMLR, are not allocated to the members of CCAMLR and hence the Community share is undetermined. Catches are monitored by the Secretariat of CCAMLR, who will communicate when fishing must cease due to TAC exhaustion.

Species:	Blackfin icefish Chaenocephalus aceratus	Zone:	FAO 48.3 Antarctic SSI/F483.
TAC	2 200 ⁽¹⁾		

- (1) TAC to cover by-catches in any directed fishery. Wherever this by-catch TAC is exhausted, the directed fishery shall be closed.

Species:	Unicorn icefish Channichthys rhinoceratus	Zone:	FAO 58.5.2 Antarctic LIC/F5852.
TAC	150 ⁽¹⁾		

- (1) TAC to cover by-catches in the fisheries for *Dissostichus eleginoides* and *Champocephalus gunnari*. Wherever this by-catch TAC is exhausted, the corresponding fisheries shall be closed.

Species:	Antarctic icefish Champocephalus gunnari	Zone:	FAO 48.3 Antarctic ANI/F483.
TAC	3 574 ⁽¹⁾		

- (1) This TAC is applicable for the period 15 November 2004 to 14 November 2005. Fishing for this stock during the period 1 March to 31 May 2005 shall be limited to 894 tonnes.

Species:	Antarctic icefish Champocephalus gunnari	Zone:	FAO 58.5.2 Antarctic ⁽²⁾ ANI/F5852.
TAC	1 864 ⁽¹⁾		

- (1) This TAC shall be applicable for the period 1 December 2004 to 30 November 2005.

(2) For the purpose of this TAC, the area open to the fishery is defined as that portion of FAO statistical division 58.5.2 that lies within the area enclosed by a line:

- (a) starting at the point where the meridian of longitude 72°15'E intersects the Australia–France Maritime Delimitation Agreement Boundary then south along the meridian to its intersection with the parallel of latitude 53°25'S;
- (b) then east along that parallel to its intersection with the meridian of longitude 74°E;
- (c) then northeasterly along the geodesic to the intersection of the parallel of latitude 52°40'S and the meridian of longitude 76°E;
- (d) then north along the meridian to its intersection with the parallel of latitude 52°S;
- (e) then northwesterly along the geodesic to the intersection of the parallel of latitude 51°S with the meridian of longitude 74°30'E; and
- (f) then southwesterly along the geodesic to the point of commencement.

Species:	Antarctic toothfish Dissostichus eleginoides	Zone:	FAO 48.3 Antarctic TOP/F483.
TAC	3 050 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾		

Special conditions:

Within the limits of the abovementioned quota, no more than the quantities given below may be taken in the sub-areas specified:

Management Area A : 0
48 W to 43 30 W – 52
30 S to 56 S

Management Area B : 915
43 30 W to 40 W – 52
30 S to 56 S

Management Area C : 2 135
40 W to 33 30 W – 52
30 S to 56 S

(1) This TAC shall be applicable for long-line fishery in the period 1 May to 31 August 2005 and for pot fishery 1 December 2004 to 30 November 2005.

(2) Including 152 tonnes of skates and rays and 152 tonnes of *Macrorus spp.* as by-catch.

Species:	Antarctic toothfish Dissostichus eleginoides	Zone:	FAO 48.4 Antarctic TOP/F484.
TAC	28 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾		

(1) To be fished only with long-lines.

(2) This TAC shall be applicable during a fishing season defined as that applied in Sub-area 48.3, or until the catch limit for *Dissostichus eleginoides* in Sub-area 48.4 is reached, or until the catch limit for *Dissostichus eleginoides* in Sub-area 48.3, as specified above, is reached, whichever is sooner.

Species:	Antarctic toothfish Dissostichus eleginoides	Zone:	FAO 58.5.2 Antarctic TOP/F5852.
TAC	2 787 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾		

(1) This TAC shall be applicable for the trawl fishery in the period 1 December 2004 to 30 November 2005 and for the long-line fishery in the period 1 May to 31 August 2005.

(2) This TAC is applicable for West of 79°20'E only. Fishing east of this meridian within this zone is prohibited (see Annex XV).

Species:	Krill Euphausia superba	Zone:	FAO 48 KRI/F48.
TAC	4 000 000 ⁽¹⁾		

(1) This TAC shall be applicable for the period 1 December 2004 to 30 November 2005.

Special conditions:

Within the limits of the abovementioned quota, no more than the quantities given below may be taken in the sub-areas specified:

Sub-area 48.1 (KRI/F481.)	1 008 000
Sub-area 48.2 (KRI/F482.)	1 104 000
Sub-area 48.3 (KRI/F483.)	1 056 000
Sub-area 48.4 (KRI/F484.)	832 000

Species:	Krill Euphausia superba	Zone:	FAO 58.4.1 Antarctic KRI/F5841.
TAC	440 000 ⁽¹⁾		

(1) This TAC shall be applicable for the period 1 December 2004 to 30 November 2005.

Special conditions:

Within the limits of the abovementioned quota, no more than the quantities given below may be taken in the areas specified

Division 58.4.1 West of 115° E (KRI/F5841W)	277 000
Division 58.4.1 East of 115° E (KRI/F5841E)	163 000

Species:	Krill Euphausia superba	Zone:	FAO 58.4.2 Antarctic KRI/F5842.
TAC	450 000 ⁽¹⁾		

(1) This TAC shall be applicable for the period 1 December 2004 to 30 November 2005.

Species:	Humped rockcod Gobionotothen gibberifrons	Zone:	FAO 48.3 Antarctic NOG/F483.
TAC	1 470 ⁽¹⁾		

(1) TAC to cover by-catches in any directed fishery. Wherever this by-catch TAC is exhausted, the directed fishery shall be closed.

Species:	Grey rockcod Lepidonotothen squamifrons	Zone:	FAO 48.3 Antarctic NOS/F483.
TAC	300 ⁽¹⁾		

(1) TAC to cover by-catches in any directed fishery. Wherever this by-catch TAC is exhausted, the directed fishery shall be closed.

Species:	Grey rockcod Lepidonotothen squamifrons	Zone:	FAO 58.5.2 Antarctic NOS/F5852.
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TAC 80 ⁽¹⁾

(1) TAC to cover by-catches in any directed fishery. Wherever this by-catch TAC is exhausted, the directed fishery shall be closed.

Species:	Marbled rockcod Notothenia rossii	Zone:	FAO 48.3 Antarctic NOR/F483.
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TAC 300 ⁽¹⁾

(1) TAC to cover by-catches in any directed fishery. Wherever this by-catch TAC is exhausted, the directed fishery shall be closed.

Species:	Crab Paralomis spp.	Zone:	FAO 48.3 Antarctic PAI/F483.
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TAC 1 600 ⁽¹⁾

(1) This TAC shall be applicable for the period 1 December 2004 to 30 November 2005.

Species:	South Georgia icefish Pseudochaenichthus georgianus	Zone:	FAO 48.3 Antarctic SGI/F483.
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TAC 300 ⁽¹⁾

(1) TAC to cover by-catches in any directed fishery. Wherever this by-catch TAC is exhausted, the directed fishery shall be closed.

Species:	Grenadier Macrourus spp.	Zone:	FAO 58.5.2 Antarctic GRV/F5852.
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TAC 360 ⁽¹⁾

(1) TAC to cover by-catches in the fisheries for *Dissostichus eleginoides* and *Champsocephalus gunnari*. Wherever this by-catch TAC is exhausted, the corresponding fisheries shall be closed.

Species:	Other species	Zone:	FAO 58.5.2 Antarctic OTH/F5852.
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TAC 50 ⁽¹⁾

(1) TAC to cover by-catches in the fisheries for *Dissostichus eleginoides* and *Champsocephalus gunnari*. Wherever this by-catch TAC is exhausted, the corresponding fisheries shall be closed.

Species:	Skates and rays <i>Rajae</i>	Zone:	FAO 58.5.2 Antarctic SRX/F5852.
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TAC 120 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

(1) TAC to cover by-catches in the fisheries for *Dissostichus eleginoides* and *Chamsocephalus gunnari*. Wherever this by-catch TAC is exhausted, the corresponding fisheries shall be closed.

(2) For the purposes of this TAC, skates and rays to be counted as one single species.

Species:	Squid <i>Martialia hyadesi</i>	Zone:	FAO 48.3 Antarctic SQS/F483.
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TAC 2 500 ⁽¹⁾

(1) This TAC is applicable for the period 1 December 2004 to 30 November 2005.

ANNEX II
SPECIAL MEASURES CONCERNING HERRING IN SUB-AREAS III AND IV

1. Member States shall adopt special measures concerning the capture, sorting or landing of herring taken from the North Sea or from the Skagerrak and Kattegat with a view to ensuring the observance of catch limitations, in particular those set out in Annex IB. These special measures shall include, in particular:
 - a) special control and inspection programmes,
 - b) fishing effort plans, including lists of authorised vessels and, where deemed necessary on the basis of quota exhaustion beyond the level of 70%, limitations on the activity of authorised vessels,
 - c) control of trans-shipment and of practices which incur discarding,
 - d) where possible, temporary prohibition of fishing in areas where high by-catch rates of herring, in particular juveniles, are known to occur.
2. In the case of landings of herring unsorted from the remainder of the catch, Member States shall ensure that adequate sampling programmes are in place in order to monitor effectively all landings of by catches of herring. It shall be prohibited to land catches of fish containing unsorted herring in harbours where these sampling programmes are not in place.
3. Commission inspectors shall, in accordance with Article 29 of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93 and whenever the Commission deems it necessary for the purposes of point 1, carry out independent inspections to verify the implementation by the competent authorities of the sampling programmes and of the special measures provided for in point 1.
4. The Commission shall prohibit landings of herring if it is deemed that implementation of the special measures mentioned in point 1 does not achieve a strict control of fishing mortality of herring in all fisheries.

ANNEX III
TRANSITIONAL TECHNICAL MEASURES

PART A
BALTIC SEA

SECTION 1
COD FISHERY

1. Type of gear authorised for cod fishery in the Baltic Sea
 - 1.1. Towed nets
 - 1.1.1. Without exit windows

Towed nets without an exit window shall be prohibited.
 - 1.1.2. With exit windows

By way of derogation from the provisions of special selectivity devices in Annex V to Regulation (EC) No 88/98, the provisions in Appendix 1 to this Annex shall apply.
 - 1.1.3. One net rule

When a towed net with exit windows is used, no other type of gear shall be kept on board.
 - 1.2. Gillnets

By way of derogation from the provisions of Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 88/98, the minimum mesh size for gillnets shall be 110 mm.

The nets shall not exceed a maximum length of 12 km for vessels with an overall length of up to and including 12 m.

The nets shall not exceed a maximum length of 24 km for vessels with an overall length of more than 12 m.

The soaking time of the nets shall not exceed 48 hours counting from the time the nets are first put in the water to the time when the nets are fully recovered on board the fishing vessel.
2. By-catch of cod in the Baltic Sea
 - 2.1. By way of derogation from the provisions of Article 3(4) of Regulation (EC) No 88/98, no undersized cod may be kept on board, except in the case set out in point 2.2.
 - 2.2. However, by way of derogation from the provisions of Article 3(5) of Regulation (EC) No 88/98, the by-catch of cod taken when fishing for herring and sprat with mesh sizes of 32 mm or smaller shall not exceed 3% by weight. Of this by-catch, no more than 5% of undersized cod shall be kept on board.

2.3 By-catches of cod may not exceed 10% when fishing for other species than herring and sprat with trawls and Danish seines other than those referred to in point 1.1.2.

3. Minimum size for cod in the Baltic Sea

By way of derogation from the provisions laid down in Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 88/98, the minimum size for cod shall be 38 cm.

4. Summer ban for Baltic cod

Fishing for cod shall be prohibited in the Baltic Sea, the Belts and the Sound from 15 June 2005 to 15 August 2005 inclusive.

5. Restrictions for fishing for cod in the Baltic Sea

a) It shall be prohibited to conduct any fishing activity within the areas enclosed by sequentially joining with rhumb lines the following positions, which shall be measured according to the WGS84 coordinate system:

Area 1:

- 56°00'N, 15°00'E
- 56°00'N, 16°30'E
- 54°30'N, 16°30'E
- 54°30'N, 15°00'E
- 56°30'N, 15°00'E

Area 2:

- 56°00'N, 19°00'E
- 54°30'N, 19°30'E
- 54°30'N, 18°40'E
- 55°30'N, 18°00'E
- 56°00'N, 18°00'E
- 56°00'N, 19°00'E

b) By way of derogation from point a), it shall be permitted to conduct fishing activity within the areas set out in that point using towed gears and fixed gears with a mesh size of less than 100 mm.

6. Interim and additional conditions for monitoring, inspection and surveillance in the context of recovery of cod stocks in the Baltic Sea

6.1. General provisions

6.1.1. The monitoring inspection and surveillance programme for cod stocks in the Baltic Sea shall consist of the following elements:

Special conditions for fishing for cod in the Baltic Sea.

National control action programmes to be drawn up by Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Germany, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland, and Sweden.

Additional measures for monitoring, control and inspection.

Joint surveillance and exchange of inspectors.

6.1.2. The National control action programme for cod stocks may be revised, at the initiative of the Commission or following a request by a Member State.

6.2. Special Conditions for fishing for cod in the Baltic Sea

6.2.1. All vessels intending to fish for cod in the Baltic Sea shall hold a special permit for fishing for cod in the Baltic Sea.

6.2.2. Each Member State shall establish a list of vessels holding a special permit for fishing for cod in the Baltic Sea.

6.2.3. The master of a fishing vessel, or his representative, to which a Member State has issued a special permit for fishing for cod in the Baltic Sea shall comply with the conditions in Appendix 2.

6.3. National Control Action programmes.

6.3.1. Each Member State concerned shall define a national control action programme.

6.3.2. The Commission shall convene at least once in 2005 a meeting of the Committee for Fisheries and Aquaculture to evaluate the compliance with and results of the national control action programme for cod stocks in the Baltic Sea.

6.4. Monitoring, inspection and surveillance to be adopted by Member States.

6.4.1. Each Member State concerned shall transmit to the Commission within 15 days of the date of entry into force of this Regulation a list of designated ports and, within 15 days thereafter, a national control programme and implementation schedule. The Commission shall transmit this information to all the relevant Member States.

6.4.2. Notwithstanding Article 6 of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93, the masters of all Community fishing vessels retaining on board or landing any amount greater than 50 kg of live-weight equivalent of Cod shall keep a logbook of their operations, indicating particularly the quantities of each species caught and kept on board, the date and location (ICES statistical rectangle) of such catches and the type of gear used.

6.4.3. By way of derogation from Article 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 2807/83, the permitted margin of tolerance in estimates of the quantities, in kilograms, of fish subject to a TAC that are retained on board shall be 8%.

- 6.4.4. The competent authorities of a Member State shall require that any quantity of cod caught and first landed in that Member State is weighed in the presence of controllers before being transported from the port of first landing. For cod first landed in a designated port, representative samples, amounting to at least 20 % of the landings, shall be weighed in the presence of controllers authorised by the Member States before they are offered for first sale and sold. To this end, the Member States shall submit to the Commission, within one month of the date of entry into force of this Regulation, details of the sampling regime to be employed.
- 6.4.5. Notwithstanding Article 19a 1a) of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93, the Articles 19e, 19f, 19g, 19h and 19i of that Regulation shall apply to all vessels carrying out fishing activities in the Baltic Sea.
- 6.4.6. In accordance with the provisions of Article 13 of Regulation (EC) No 2244/2003 Member States shall ensure that the VMS data received pursuant to Article 8, Article 10(1) and Article 11(1) of that regulation of vessels holding a special permit for fishing for cod in the Baltic Sea are used:
- a) to record each entry into, and exit from port in a computer readable form for a period of three years;
 - b) to record each entry into, and exit from closed fishing areas in the Baltic Sea.
- 6.4.7. Member States may implement alternative control measures to ensure compliance with reporting obligations referred in point 4.5 which are as effective and transparent as these reporting obligations. Such alternative measures shall be notified to the Commission before being implemented.
- 6.4.8. By way of derogation from Article 13 of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93, quantities greater than 50 kg of cod which are transported to a place other than that of landing or import shall be accompanied by a copy of one of the declarations provided for in Article 8(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93 pertaining to the quantities of these species transported. The exemption provided for in Article 13(4)(b) of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93 shall not apply.
- 6.4.9. By way of derogation from Article 34(c)(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93, the specific monitoring programme for cod in the Baltic Sea may last more than two years from their date of entry into force.
- 6.5. Joint Surveillance and Exchange of inspectors
- 6.5.1. The Member States concerned shall undertake joint inspection and surveillance activities and shall establish to that effect joint operational procedures applicable to their surveillance crafts.
- 6.5.2. A meeting of the competent national inspection authorities shall be convened within 30 days of the date of entry into force of this Regulation to coordinate the joint inspection and surveillance programme.
- 6.5.3. The Member States concerned shall ensure that inspectors from other Member States concerned are invited to participate at least in their joint inspections activities.

- 6.5.4. Inspectors from the Commission may participate in these exchanges and may participate in joint inspections.

SECTION 2 GULF OF RIGA

7. Specific provisions for the Gulf of Riga

7.1 Special fishing permit

1. In order to exercise fishing activities in the Gulf of Riga vessels shall hold a special fishing permit issued in accordance with Article 7 of Regulation (EC) No 1627/94.
2. Member States shall ensure that vessels to which a special fishing permit referred to in paragraph 1 has been issued are included in a list containing their name and internal registration number to be provided to the Commission by each Member State.

Vessels included in the list shall satisfy the following conditions:

- (a) the total engine power (kW) of the vessels within the lists must not exceed that observed for each Member State in the years 2000 – 2001 in the Gulf of Riga;
- (b) the engine power of a vessel must not exceed 221 kilowatts (kW) at any time.

7.2 Replacement of vessels or engines

1. Any individual vessel on the list referred to in point 7.1.2 may be replaced by another vessel or vessels, provided that:
 - (a) such replacement will not lead to an increase in the total engine power as indicated in point 7.1.2 (a) in the Member State concerned, and
 - (b) the engine power of any replacement vessel does not exceed 221 kW at any time.
2. An engine of any individual vessel included in the list referred to in point 7.1.2 may be replaced, provided that:
 - (a) the replacement of an engine does not lead to the vessel's engine power exceeding 221 kW at any time, and
 - (b) the power of the replacement engine is not such that replacement will lead to an increase in the total engine power as indicated in point 7.1.2 (a) for the Member State concerned.

PART B SKAGERRAK AND KATTEGAT

8. Technical conservation measures in the Skagerrak and in the Kattegat

By way of derogation from the provisions set out in Annex IV of Regulation (EC) No 850/98, the provisions in Appendix 3 to this Annex shall apply.

9. Restrictions on fishing for Cod in the Kattegat
- (a) It shall be prohibited to conduct any fishing activity in the Kattegat from 1 January to 31 March 2005.
 - (b) By way of derogation from (a) it shall be permitted to conduct fishing activities using towed gears and fixed gears within the specified period, provided that no cod are retained on board.

PART C

ICES SUB-AREAS I TO VII

10. Weighing procedures for herring, mackerel and horse mackerel
- 10.1. The following procedures shall apply to landings in the European Community by Community and third country vessels of quantities per landing exceeding 10 tonnes of herring, mackerel, and horse mackerel, or a combination thereof, taken in:
- a) for herring, ICES Sub-areas I, II and Divisions III a, IV, Vb, VI and VII;
 - b) for mackerel and horse mackerel, in ICES Sub-area IIa and Divisions III a, b, d, IV, VI and VII.
- 10.2 Landings referred to in point 10.1 are only permitted in designated ports.
- 10.3 Each Member State concerned shall transmit to the Commission changes in the list, transmitted in 2004, of designated ports in which landings of herring, mackerel and horse mackerel may take place and, changes in inspection and surveillance procedures for those ports including the terms and conditions for recording and reporting the quantities of any of the species and stocks referred to in point 10.1 within each landing. Those changes shall be transmitted at least 15 days before they enter into force. The Commission shall transmit this information as well as ports designated by third countries to all Member States concerned.
- 10.4 The master of a fishing vessel referred to in point 10.1 or his representative shall inform the competent authorities of the Member State in which the landing is to be made, at least 4 hours in advance of entry to port of landing of the Member State concerned of the following:
- a) the port he intends to enter, the name of the vessel and its registration number,
 - b) the estimated time of arrival at that port,
 - c) the quantities in kilograms live weight by species retained on board.

The competent authorities of the Member State concerned shall require that the discharge does not commence until authorised to do so.

- 10.5 By way of derogation from the provisions of point 4.2 of Annex IV to Regulation (EEC) No 2807/83, the master of a fishing vessel shall submit, immediately upon arrival to port, the relevant page or pages of the logbook as demanded by the competent authority at the port of landing.

The quantities retained on board, notified prior to landing as referred to in point 10.4c, shall be equal to the quantities recorded in the logbook after its completion.

By way of derogation from the provisions of Article 5 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 2807/83 the permitted margin of tolerance in estimates recorded into the logbook of the quantities in kilograms of fish retained on board of vessels shall be 7%.

- 10.6 All buyers purchasing fresh fish shall ensure that all quantities received are weighed. The weighing shall be carried out prior to the fish being sorted, processed, held in storage, transported from the port of landing or resold. The figure resulting from the weighing shall be used for the completion of landing declarations and sales notes.

When determining the weight any deduction for water shall not exceed 2%.

In addition to the obligations set out in Article 9(1) and (2) of Regulation (EC) No 2847/93 the processor or buyer of the quantities landed shall submit to the competent authorities of the Member State concerned a copy of the invoice or a document replacing it, as referred to in Article 22 (3) of the Sixth Council Directive 77/388/EEC on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to turnover taxes – Common system of value added tax: uniform basis of assessment¹. Any such invoice or document shall include the information required by Article 9(3) of Regulation (EC) No 2847/93 and shall be submitted on demand or within 48 hours of the completion on the weighing.

- 10.7 All buyers or holders of frozen fish shall ensure that the quantities landed are weighed prior to the fish being processed, held in storage, transported from the port of landing or resold. Any tare weight equal to the weight of boxes, plastic or other containers in which the fish to be weighed is packed may be deducted from the weight of any quantities landed.

Alternatively, the weight of frozen fish packed in boxes may be determined by multiplying the average weight of a representative sample based on weighing the contents removed from the box and without plastic packaging whether or not after the thawing of any ice on the surface of the fish. Member States shall notify to the Commission for approval any changes in their sampling methodology approved by the Commission during 2004. Changes shall be approved by the Commission. The figure resulting from the weighing shall be used for the completion of landing declarations and sales notes.

- 10.8 By no later than 1 May 2005, all weighing systems shall be approved, calibrated and sealed by the competent authorities. The party weighing the fish shall keep a paginated logbook indicating the running total of the weight and the weight of each landing. This logbook shall be kept for three years. The competent authorities shall have full access to the weighing system and the logbooks.

Until the introduction of weighing systems, referred to in the first paragraph, the weighing shall take place in the presence of a controller.

1 OJ L 145, 13.6.1977, p. 1.

- 10.9 The competent authorities of a Member State shall ensure that at least 15% of the quantities of fish landed and at least 10 % of the landings of fish are subject to full inspections which shall include at least the following:
- (a) monitoring of the weighing of the catch from the vessel, by species. In the case of vessels pumping catch ashore the weighing of the entire discharge from the vessels selected for inspection shall be monitored. In the case of freezer trawlers, all boxes shall be counted. A representative sample of boxes/pallets shall be weighed in order to arrive at an average weight for the boxes/pallets. Sampling of boxes shall also be undertaken according to an approved methodology in order to arrive at an average net weight for the fish (without packing, ice);
 - (b) cross verification between quantities by species recorded in logbook and landing declaration or sales note, as well as quantities indicated in prior notice of landing and the quantities discharged by species;
 - (c) if the discharge is interrupted, permission shall be required before the discharge can recommence;
 - (d) verification that the vessel is empty of all fish, once the discharge has been completed.
11. Fishing for herring in area IIa (EC waters)
- It shall be prohibited to land or retain on board herring caught in Division IIa (EC waters) in the periods 1 January to 28 February and 16 May to 31 December.
12. Conditions for landing of herring for industrial purposes
- By way of derogation from the provisions of Article 2 (1) of Council Regulation (EC) No 1434/98 the following provisions shall apply:
- Herring caught when fishing outside ICES Sub-areas III and IV with nets of minimum mesh size less than 32 mm may not be retained on board or landed unless such catches consist of a mixture of herring and other species, are not sorted and the herring does not exceed 10% by weight of the total combined weight of herring and other species.
13. Restrictions on fishing for Cod
- (a) Until 31 December 2005, it shall be prohibited to conduct any fishing activity within the areas defined in points (i) and (ii):
 - (i) **West of Scotland:** That part of ICES Sub-Area VI included in the following ICES rectangles that lies further than 12 miles from coastal baselines: 47E3, 48E4, 47E4, 48E5, 47E5.
 - (ii) **North Sea:** That part of ICES Sub-Area IV included in the following ICES rectangles that lies further than 12 miles from coastal baselines: 49E6, 50E7, 49E7, 48E7, 50F0, 49F0, 48F0, 47F0, 46F0, 45F0, 51F1, 50F1, 49F1, 48F1, 47F1, 46F1, 50F2, 49F2, 48F2, 47F2, 46F2, 43F5, 43F6, 43F7, 42F7, 38E9, 37E9, 37F0, 31F1, 32F2, 31F2.

- (b) *Celtic Sea*: Until 31 March 2005, it shall be prohibited to conduct any fishing activity within that part of ICES Division VII included in the following ICES rectangles: 30E4, 31E4, 32E3.
- (c) By way of derogation from (a) and from (b), it shall be permitted to conduct fishing activities using pots and creels within the specified areas and time periods, provided that:
 - (i) no fishing gear other than pots and creels are carried on board, and
 - (ii) no fish other than shellfish and crustacea are retained on board.
- (d) By way of derogation from point (a) and from point (b), it shall be permitted to conduct fishing activities within the areas referred to in those points using nets of mesh size less than 55 mm, provided that:
 - (i) no net of mesh size greater than or equal to 55 mm is carried on board, and
 - (ii) no fish other than herring, mackerel, pilchard/sardines, sardinelles, horse mackerel, sprat, blue whiting and argentines are retained on board.

14. Closure of an area for sandeel fisheries.

It shall be prohibited to land or retain on board sandeels caught within the geographical area bounded by the east coast of England and Scotland, and enclosed by sequentially joining with rhumb lines the following positions:

- the east coast of England at latitude 55°30'N,
- latitude 55°30'N, longitude 1°00'W,
- latitude 58°00'N, longitude 1°00'W,
- latitude 58°00'N, longitude 2°00'W,
- the east coast of Scotland at longitude 2°00'W,
- the east coast of Scotland at longitude 2°00'W.

However, a limited fishery shall be allowed in order to monitor the sandeel stock in the area and the effects of the closure.

15. Rockall Haddock box

All fishing, except with longlines, shall be prohibited in the areas enclosed by sequentially joining with rhumb lines the following positions:

Point No	Latitude	Longitude
1	57°00'N	15°00'W
2	57°00'N	14°00'W
3	56°30'N	14°00'W

4 56°30'N 15°00'W

16. Technical conservation measures in the Irish Sea

The technical conservation measures referred to in Articles 2, 3 and 4 of Council Regulation (EC) No 254/2002 of 12 February 2002 establishing measures to be applicable in 2002 for the recovery of the stock of cod in the Irish Sea (ICES division VIIa) shall temporarily apply in 2005¹.

¹ OJ L 041, 13.2.2002, p. 1.

PART D
ICES SUB-AREAS VIII, IX AND X

17. Restrictions on fishing for Anchovy

- (a) From 1st. January 2005 until 30th. June 2005 it shall be prohibited to conduct any fishing activity within the area bounded by rhumb lines sequentially joining the following positions:

The coast of France at longitude 1°35'W;

44°45'N 1°35'W;

44°45'N 1°45'W;

46°00'N 1°45'W;

The west coast of France at latitude 46°00'N.

Those positions shall be measured according to the WGS84 coordinate system.

- (b) By way of derogation from point (a), it shall be permitted to conduct fishing activities within the area referred to in that point using fishing gear other than pelagic trawls and purse seines provided that no anchovy are retained on board.

18. Closed area for Nephrops in the Iberian peninsula

Fishing with bottom trawls shall be prohibited in the areas enclosed by sequentially joining with rhumb lines the following positions:

Box 1

Latitude 43°35'N, longitude 004°45'W

Latitude 43°45'N, longitude 004°45'W

Latitude 43°37'N, longitude 005°20'W

Latitude 43°55'N, longitude 005°20'W

Latitude 43°35'N, longitude 004°45'W

Box 2:

Latitude 43°37'N, longitude 006°15'W

Latitude 43°50'N, longitude 006°15'W

Latitude 44°00'N, longitude 006°45'W

Latitude 43°34'N, longitude 006°45'W

Latitude 43°37N, longitude 006°15W

Box 3:

Latitude 42°27N, longitude 009°00W

Latitude 42°00N, longitude 009°00W

Latitude 42°00N, longitude 009°14W

Latitude 42°04N, longitude 009°14W

Latitude 42°09N, longitude 009°09W

Latitude 42°12N, longitude 009°09W

Latitude 42°27N, longitude 009°15W

Latitude 42°00N, longitude 009°00W

Box 4:

Latitude 37°45N, longitude 009°00W

Latitude 38°10N, longitude 009°00W

Latitude 38°10N, longitude 009°15W

Latitude 37°45N, longitude 009°20W

Latitude 37°45N, longitude 009°00W

Box 5:

Latitude 36°50'N Longitude 7° 50' W

Latitude 36° 47'N Longitude 7°30' W

Latitude 36°17' N Longitude 7°30' W

Latitude 36°25'N Longitude 7°50' W"

Latitude 36°50'N Longitude 7° 50' W

19. Trawling ban in waters around the Azores, the Canary Islands and Madeira

Vessels shall be prohibited from using any bottom trawl or similar towed nets operating in contact with the bottom of the sea in waters under the sovereignty or the jurisdiction of Member States within the areas bounded by a line joining the following coordinates:

a) Azores

Latitude 36° 00' N longitude 23° 00' W

Latitude 42° 00' N longitude 23° 00' W

Latitude 42° 00' N longitude 34° 00' W

Latitude 36° 00' N longitude 34° 00' W

Latitude 36° 00' N longitude 23° 00' W

b) Canary Islands and Madeira

Latitude 27° 00' N longitude 19° 00' W

Latitude 26° 00' N longitude 15° 00' W

Latitude 29° 00' N longitude 13° 00' W

Latitude 36° 00' N longitude 13° 00' W

Latitude 36° 00' N longitude 19° 00' W

Latitude 27° 00' N longitude 19° 00' W

PART E
MEDITERRANEAN

20. Technical conservation measures in the Mediterranean

The fisheries currently operating under the derogations, provided for in Article 3(1) and (1a) and Article 6(1) and (1a) of Regulation (EC) No 1626/94, may temporarily continue their activity in 2005.

PART F
EASTERN PACIFIC OCEAN

21. Purse seines in the Eastern Pacific Ocean (Regulatory Area of the Inter-American Tropical Tuna Commission (IATTC))

The fishing by purse-seine vessels for Yellowfin Tuna (*Thunnus albacares*), Bigeye Tuna (*Thunnus obesus*) and Skipjack Tunas (*Katsuwonus pelamis*) shall be prohibited from either, 1 August to 11 September 2005, or, 20 November to 31 December 2005 in the area defined by the following limits:

- the Pacific coastlines of the Americas,
- longitude 150° W,
- latitude 40° N,
- latitude 40° S.

The Member States concerned shall notify the Commission of the selected period of closure before 1 July 2005. All the purse seine vessels of the Member States concerned must stop purse-seine fishing in the defined area during the period selected.

As of the date of entry into force of this Regulation purse seiners fishing for tuna in the Regulatory Area of the Inter-American Tropical Tuna Commission shall retain on board and then land all bigeye, skipjack and yellowfin tuna caught, except fish considered unfit for human consumption for reasons other than size. A single exception shall be the final set of a trip, when there may be insufficient well space remaining to accommodate all the tuna caught in that set.

Purse seine vessels shall promptly release unharmed, to the extent practicable, all sea turtles, sharks, billfishes, rays, dorado, and other non-target species. Fishermen shall be encouraged to develop and use techniques and equipment to facilitate the rapid and safe release of any such animals.

The following specific measures to encircled or entangled sea turtles shall apply:

- a) whenever a sea turtle is sighted in the net, all reasonable efforts shall be made to rescue the turtle before it becomes entangled in the net, including, if necessary, the deployment of a speedboat,
- b) if a turtle is entangled in the net, net roll should stop as soon as the turtle comes out of the water and should not start again until the turtle has been disentangled and released,
- c) if a turtle is brought on board a vessel, all appropriate methods to assist in the recovery of the turtle should be made before returning it to the water,
- d) tuna-fishing vessels shall be prohibited from disposing of salt bags or any other type of plastic rubbish at sea,
- e) the release, when practicable, of sea turtles entangled in Fish Aggregating Devices (FADs) and other fishing gear is encouraged,
- f) the recovery of Fish Aggregating Devices (FADs) which are not being used in the fishery is also encouraged.

Appendix 1 to Annex III

Specifications of top window codend "BACOMA".

Specification of 110 mm, measured as inner diameter opening, square mesh window in a codend with a 105 mm or larger mesh size in trawls, Danish seines or similar towed nets.

The window shall be a rectangular section of netting in the codend. There shall be only one window. The window shall not be obstructed in any way by either internal or external attachments.

Size of the codend, extension piece and the rear end of the trawl.

The codend shall be constructed of two panels of equal size, joined together by selvedges one on each side.

The carrying on board of a net having more than 100 open diamond meshes in any circumference of the codend, excluding the joining or the selvedges shall be prohibited.

The number of open diamond meshes, excluding those in the selvedges, at any point on any circumference of any extension or lengthening piece shall not be less or more than the maximum number of meshes on the circumference of the front end of the codend *stricto sensu* and the rear end of the tapered section of the trawl excluding meshes in the selvedges (Figure 1).

Location of the window

The window shall be inserted into the top panel of the codend. The window shall terminate not more than 4 meshes from the codline, inclusive of the hand braided row of meshes through which the codline is passed (Figure 2.).

Size of the window

The width of the window, expressed in number of mesh bars, shall be equal to the number of open diamond meshes in the top panel divided by two. If necessary, it may be allowed to maintain at the most 20% of the number of open diamond meshes in the top panel divided evenly on the both sides of the window panel (Figure 3).

Length of the window shall be at least 3,5 metres.

The netting of the window

The meshes shall have a minimum mesh opening of 110 millimetres. The meshes shall be square meshes i.e. all four sides of the window netting shall be cut all bars. The netting shall be mounted such that the bars run parallel and perpendicular to the length of the codend. The netting shall be knotless braided single twine or a netting with similar proven selective properties. The diameter of the single yarn shall be at least 4,9 millimetres.

Other specification

The mounting specifications are defined in Figures 4a, 4b and 4c. The length of the lifting strap shall not be less than 4 m.

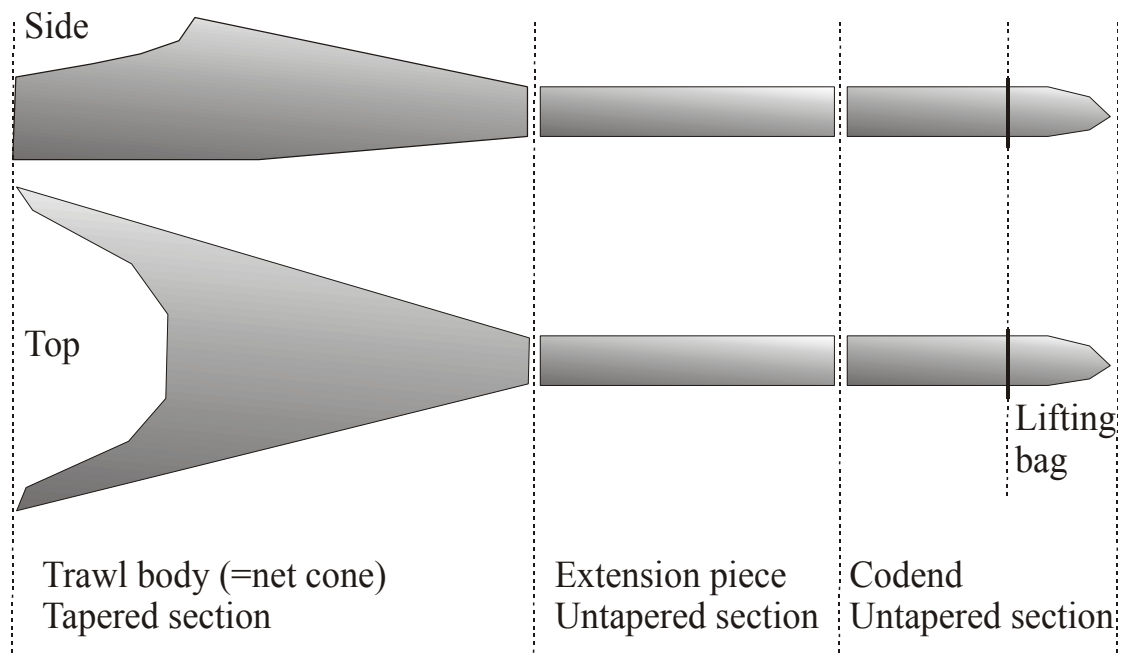


Figure 1

Trawl gear can be divided into three different sections according to shape and function.

The trawl body is always a tapered section often between 10 and 40 m long. The extension piece is an untapered section normally manufactured of either one or two pieces of 49,5 mesh long nets giving a stretched length between 6 or 12 m. The codend is also an untapered section often made of double twine in order to have a better resistance against heavy wearing. The codend length is often 49,5 meshes i.e. *circa* 6 metres although shorter codends (2-4) exists in smaller vessels. The part below the lifting strap is called a lifting bag.

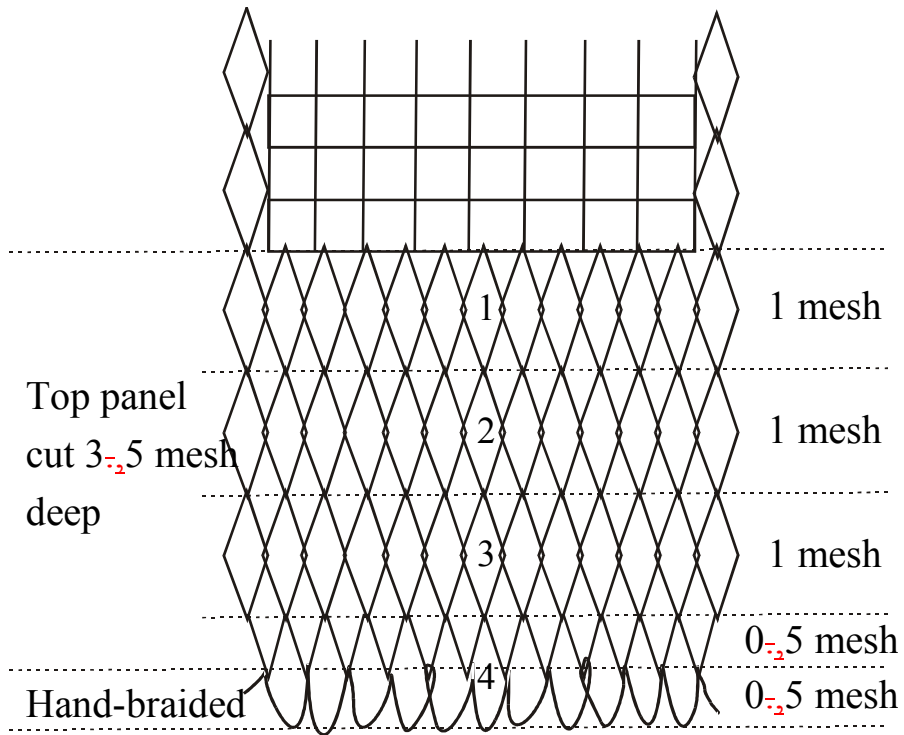


Figure 2

The distance of the window panel from the codline shall be 4 meshes. There are 3,5 diamond meshes in the upper panel and one 0,5 mesh deep hand-braided "codline" row.

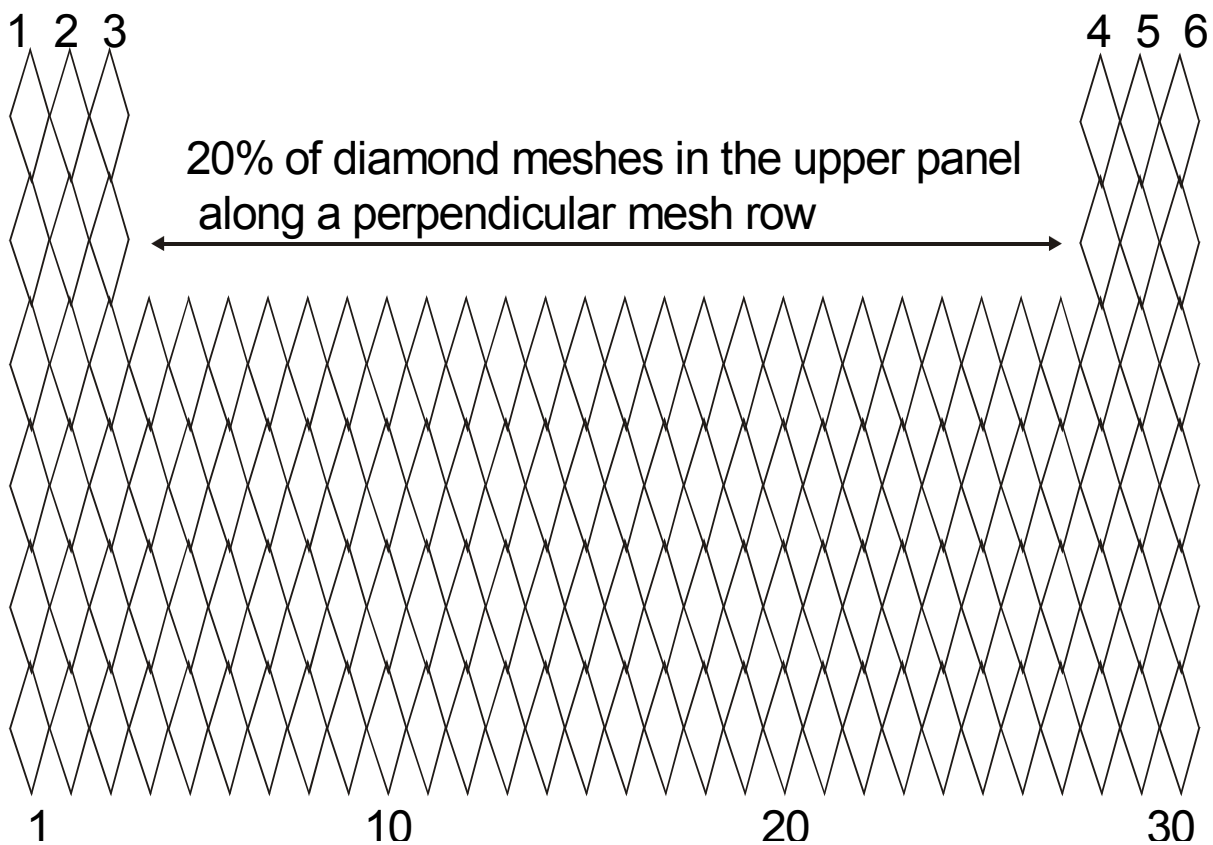


Figure 3

Twenty percent of diamond meshes in the upper panel along a perpendicular row running from one selvedge to another may be maintained. For example (as in figure 3) if the upper panel were 30 open meshes wide, 20% of that would be 6 meshes. Then three open meshes are divided on both sides of the window panel. Consequently the width of the window panel then becomes 12 mesh bars (30 – 6 = 24 diamond meshes divided by two is 12 mesh bars).

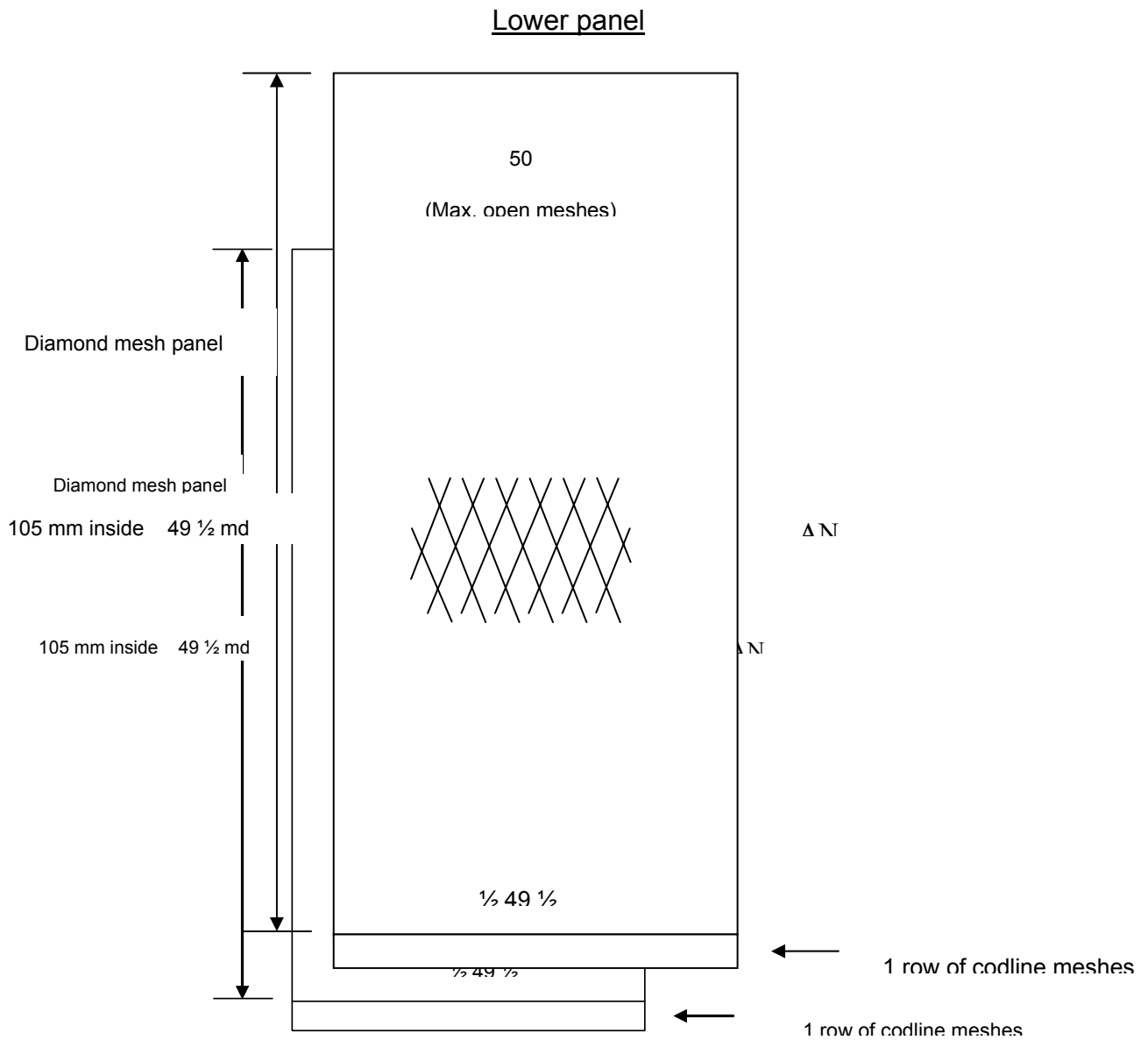


Figure 4a Showing the construction of lower panel made of 49,5 meshes deep netting

Upper panel

(without diamond meshes between
selvedge and square mesh panel)

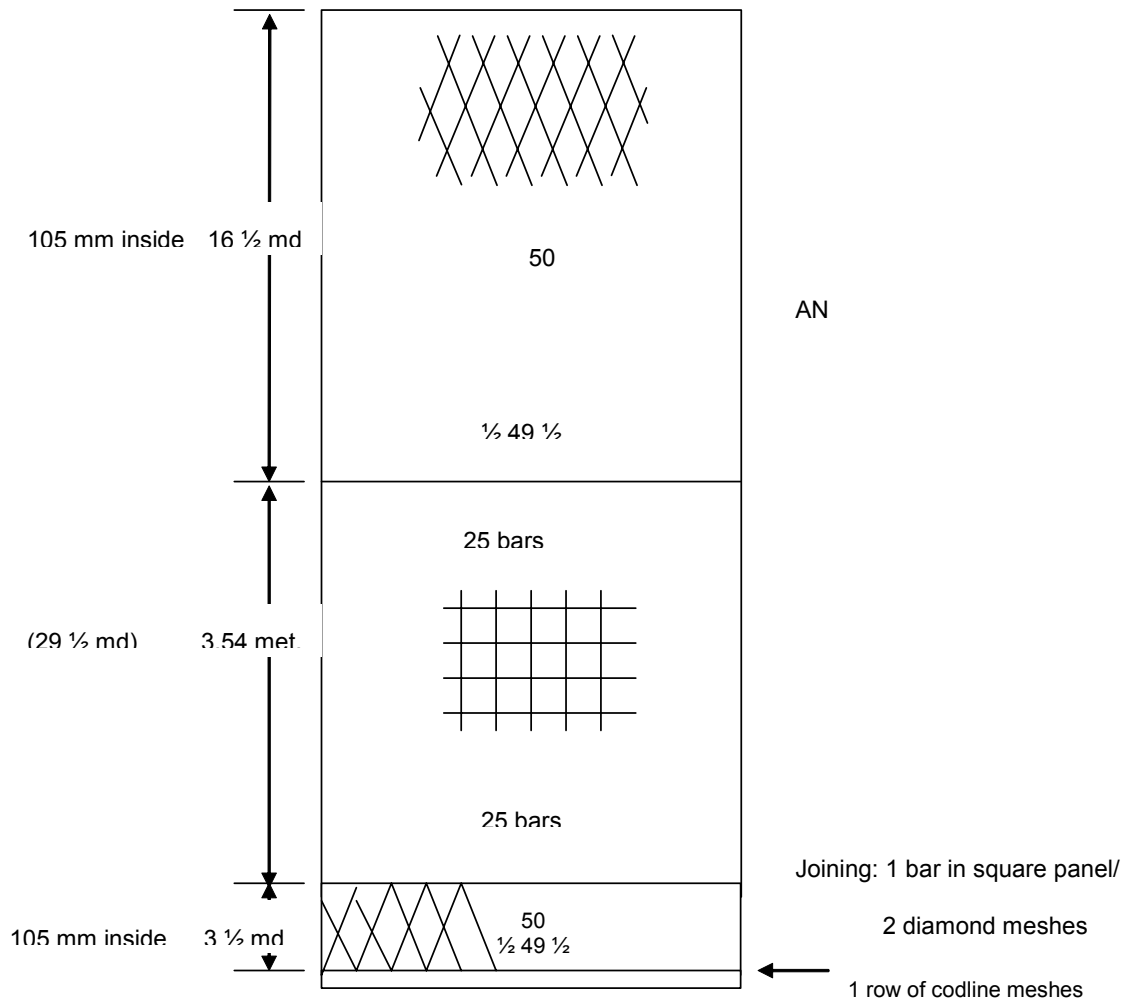


Figure 4b The construction of upper panel, size and position of the window panel in case when the escape panel runs from selvedge to selvedge

Upper panel

(with diamond meshes between selvedge and square mesh panel)

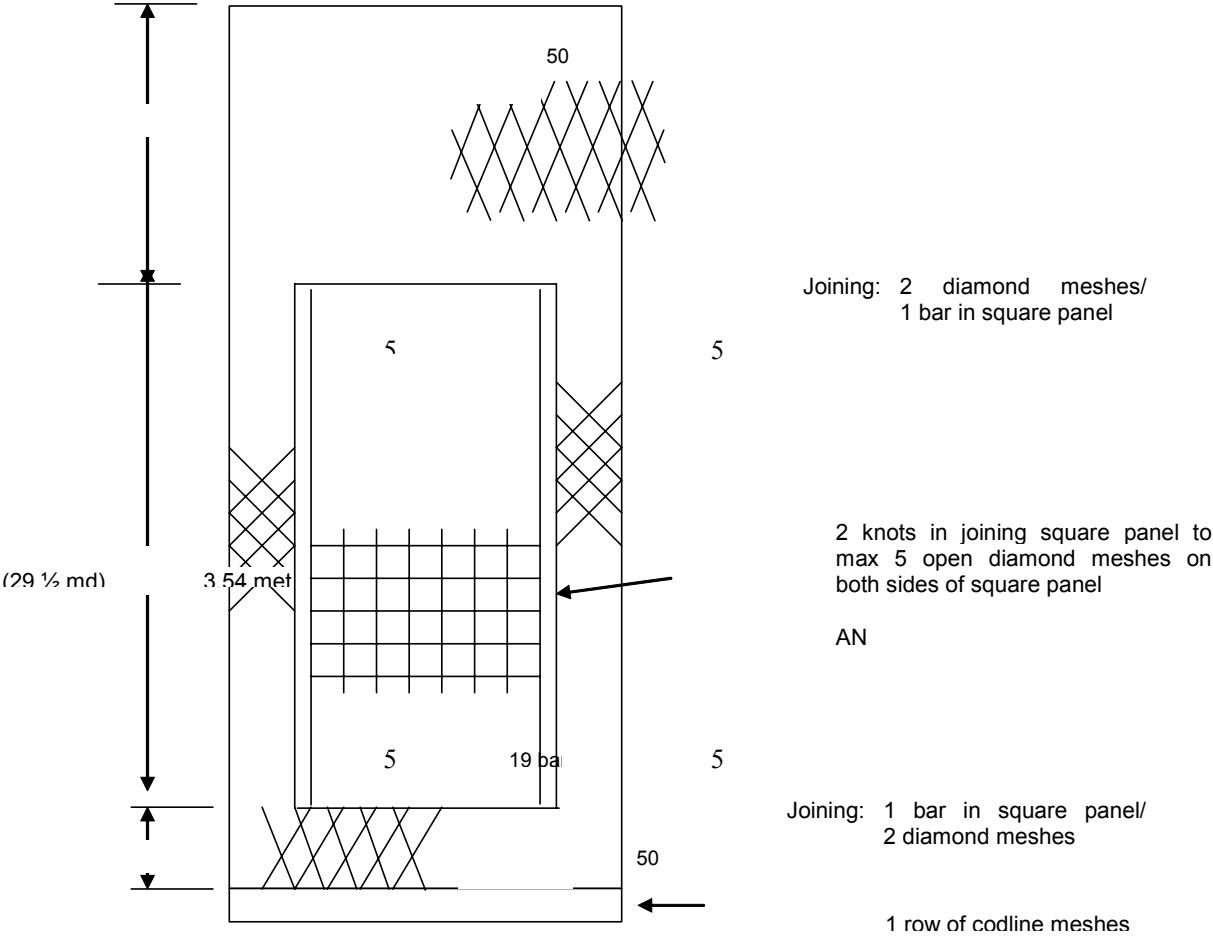


Figure 4c The construction of upper panel in case 20% of diamond meshes in the upper panel are maintained and equally divided on both sides of the window

Appendix 2 to Annex III

Special Conditions for fishing for Cod in the Baltic Sea

The master of a fishing vessel, or his representative, to which a Member State has issued a special permit for fishing for cod in the Baltic Sea shall comply with the following conditions:

- i. that a copy of the special permit for fishing for cod in the Baltic Sea shall be kept on board the fishing vessel.
 - ii. fish exclusively in the Baltic Sea area;
 - iii. not trans-ship any fish at sea;
 - iv. not transit within the cod protection area(s) unless the fishing gear on board is securely lashed and stowed;
 - v. fish exclusively with the type of gear authorised for cod fishery in the Baltic as specified in point 1 of Annex III and not to carry on board or deploy any other gear;
 - vi. to retain on board in any container any quantity of cod mixed with any other species of marine organism. Containers with cod shall be stowed in the hold in such a way that they are kept separate from other containers;
 - vii. shall notify the competent authorities of that Member State, prior to any entry to a port of a Member State, with more than 200 kg of cod live weight retained on board:
 - a) the place and time at which any landing of fish will be made and,
 - b) at least [two] hours before such a landing occurs unless landings are made within the periods specified by the Member State.
 - viii. make such landings exclusively at ports that shall be designated by the flag Member State;
 - ix. not discharge any fish retained on board until permission to do so has been given by the relevant national authorities;
 - x. notwithstanding Article 6 of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93, shall, keep a logbook of their operations, indicating particularly the quantities of each species caught and kept on board, the date and location (ICES statistical rectangle) of such catches and the type of gear used;
 - xi. notwithstanding Article 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 2807/83, the permitted margin of tolerance in estimates of the quantities, in kilograms, of fish subject to a TAC that are retained on board shall be 8%;
 - xii. notwithstanding Article 8 of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93, submit the relevant logbook sheet(s) to the national authorities prior to the commencement of the discharge of the catches retained on board;
 - xiii. notwithstanding Article 7 of Regulation (EC) No 779/97 introducing arrangements for the management of fishing effort in the Baltic Sea, shall apply the provisions of Articles 19e, 19f, 19g, 19h and 19i of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93.
2. Special fishing permits shall not be issued for a period longer than three months.*****

3. No special fishing permit shall be issued that is valid in the period of one month subsequent to the date of expiry of a previous special fishing permit held by the same vessel if any of the following events have occurred in the period of validity of the permit:
- i. the vessel is observed by a national fisheries inspection service to have fished without a valid special permit for fishing for cod in the Baltic Sea;
 - ii. the vessel is observed by a national fisheries inspection service to have fished outside the Baltic Sea area;
 - iii. the vessel is observed by a national fisheries inspection service to be trans-shipping to another vessel at sea;
 - iv. the vessel is observed by a national fisheries inspection service to be transiting a cod protection area with its gear not lashed and stowed;
 - v. upon inspection by a national fisheries inspection service, the vessel is found to be in contravention of the provisions of Council Regulation (EC) No 88/98;
 - vi. upon inspection by a national fisheries inspection service, the vessel is found to be in contravention of the provisions pertaining to the type of gear authorised for cod fishery in the Baltic Sea;
 - vii. the vessel is observed by a national fisheries inspection service to be landing fish without having received the permission from the control national authorities to do so;
 - viii. upon inspection by the national fisheries inspection service, the vessel is found to have more than 10 % by-catches of cod on board when fishing for other species than herring and sprat with trawls and Danish seines, measured in live weight as a percentage of all fish on board the vessel;
 - ix. upon inspection of a landing by the national fisheries inspection service, the vessel is found to have landed or to have retained on board more than 8 % more fish of any species (in live weight) than the quantity of that species declared in the logbook sheet(s);
 - x. the vessel is observed by a national fisheries inspection service to be discharging fish without having previously submitted the logbook sheet(s);
 - xi. upon inspection by a national fisheries inspection service, the vessel is found to be in contravention of the provisions pertaining to Article 19e of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93;

the vessel fails to provide a VMS report or, in the event of a failure of the VMS system, a manual position report or provides a false position report.

Appendix 3 to Annex III

TOWED GEARS: *Skagerrak and Kattegat*

Mesh size ranges, target species and required catch percentages

applicable to the use of a single mesh size range

Species	Mesh size range (millimetres)							
	<16	16-31	32-69	35-69	70-89 ⁽⁵⁾	≥90		
	Minimum percentage of target species							
	50% ⁽⁶⁾	50% ⁽⁶⁾	20% ⁽⁶⁾	50% ⁽⁶⁾	20% ⁽⁶⁾	20% ⁽⁷⁾	30% ⁽⁸⁾	none
Sandeel (<i>Ammodytidae</i>) ⁽³⁾	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Sandeel (<i>Ammodytidae</i>) ⁽⁴⁾		x		x	x	x	x	x
Norway pout (<i>Trisopterus esmarkii</i>)		x		x	x	x	x	x
Blue whiting (<i>Micromesistius poutassou</i>)		x		x	x	x	x	x
Greater weever (<i>Trachinus draco</i>) ⁽¹⁾		x		x	x	x	x	x
Molluscs (except <i>Sepia</i>) ⁽¹⁾		x		x	x	x	x	x
Garfish (<i>Belone belone</i>) ⁽¹⁾		x		x	x	x	x	x
Gray gurnard (<i>Eutrigla gurnardus</i>) ⁽¹⁾		x		x	x	x	x	x
Argentine (<i>Argentina spp.</i>)				x	x	x	x	x
Sprat (<i>Sprattus sprattus</i>)		x		x	x	x	x	x
Eel (<i>Anguilla, anguilla</i>)			x	x	x	x	x	x
Common shrimp/Baltic shrimp (<i>Crangon spp., Palaemon adspersus</i>) ⁽²⁾			x	x	x	x	x	x
Mackerel (<i>Scomber spp.</i>)				x			x	x
Horse mackerel (<i>Trachurus spp.</i>)				x			x	x
Herring (<i>Clupea harengus</i>)				x			x	x
Northern shrimp (<i>Pandalus borealis</i>)						x	x	x
Common shrimp/Baltic shrimp (<i>Crangon spp., Palaemon adspersus</i>) ⁽¹⁾					x		x	x
Whiting (<i>Merlangius merlangus</i>)							x	x
Norway lobster (<i>Nephrops norvegicus</i>)							x	x
All other marine organisms								x

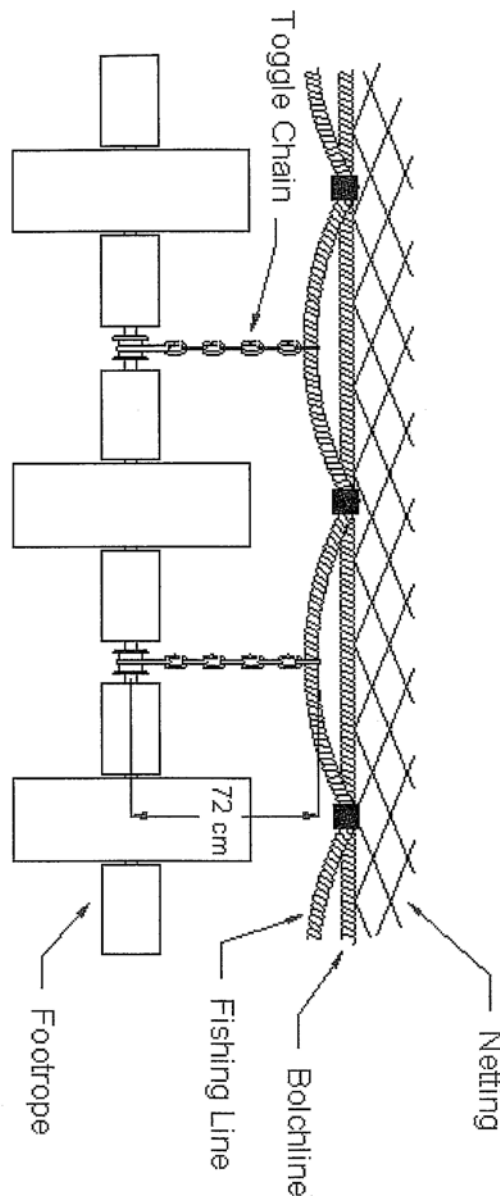
- (1) Only within four miles from the baselines.
- (2) Outside four miles from the baselines.
- (3) From 1 March to 31 October in Skagerrak and from 1 March to 31 July in Kattegat.
- (4) From 1 November to the last day of February in Skagerrak and from 1 August to the last day of February in Kattegat.
- (5) When applying this mesh size range the codend and the extension piece shall be constructed of square meshed netting.
- (6) The catch retained on board shall consist of no more than 10% of any mixture of cod, haddock, hake, plaice, witch, lemon sole, turbot, brill, flounder, mackerel, megrim, whiting, dab, saithe, Norway lobster and lobster.
- (7) The catch retained on board shall consist of no more than 50% of any mixture of cod, haddock, hake, plaice, witch, lemon sole, turbot, brill, flounder, herring, mackerel, megrim, whiting, dab, saithe, Norway lobster and lobster.
- (8) The catch retained on board shall consist of no more than 60% of any mixture of cod, haddock, hake, plaice, witch, lemon sole, turbot, brill, flounder, megrim, whiting, dab, saithe and lobster.

Appendix 4 to Annex III

SHRIMP TRAWL TOGGLE CHAINS: NAFO area

Toggle chains are chains, ropes, or a combination of both, which attach the footrope to the fishing line or bolchline at varying intervals. The terms “fishing line” and “bolchline” are interchangeable. Some vessels use one line only; others use both a fishing line and a bolchline as shown in the sketch. The toggle chain length shall be measured from the center of the chain or wire running through the footrope (center of footrope) to the underside of the fishing line.

The attached sketch shows how to measure the toggle chain length.



ANNEX IVa
FISHING EFFORT FOR VESSELS
IN THE CONTEXT OF THE RECOVERY OF CERTAIN COD AND SOLE STOCKS

GENERAL PROVISIONS

1. The conditions laid down in this Annex shall apply to Community fishing vessels of length overall equal to or greater than 10 metres.

All vessels using gear types identified in point 4 of this Annex and fishing in areas defined in point 2 of this Annex shall hold a special fishing permit. Each Member State shall establish a list those vessels holding a special fishing permit for fishing in the area defined by this Annex. The master of a fishing vessel, or his representative, to which a Member State has issued a special fishing permit, shall comply with the conditions of this Annex.

2. For the purposes of this Annex, the following geographical area shall apply:

- a) Kattegat (ICES Division IIIa south),
- b) Skagerrak and North Sea (ICES Divisions IVa,b,c, IIIa north and IIa EC),
- c) West of Scotland (ICES Division VIa),
- d) Eastern Channel (ICES Divisions VIIId),
- e) Irish Sea (ICES Division VIIa),
- f) Western Channel (ICES Division VIIe).

For vessels notified to the Commission as being equipped with vessel monitoring systems in accordance with Articles 5 and 6 of Regulation (EC) No 2244/2003, the following definition for the area West of Scotland shall apply:

ICES Division VIa excluding that part which lies to the west of a line drawn by sequentially joining with straight lines the following geographical coordinates:

60°00'N, 04°00'W

59°45'N, 05°00'W

59°30'N, 06°00'W

59°00'N, 07°00'W

58°30'N, 08°00'W

58°00'N, 08°00'W

58°00'N, 08°30'W

56°00'N, 08°30'W

56°00'N, 09°00'W

55°00'N, 09°00'W

55°00'N, 10°00'W

54°30'N, 10°00'W.

3. For the purposes of this Annex, a day present within an area and absent from port shall be:

- (a) the 24-hour period between 00:00 hours of a calendar day and 24:00 hours of the same calendar day or any part of such a period during which a vessel is present within either of the areas defined in point 2 and absent from port, or
- (b) any continuous period of 24 hours as recorded in the EC logbook during which a vessel is present within either of the areas defined in point 2 and absent from port or any part of any such time period.

A Member State which wishes to employ the definition of a day present within the area and absent from port laid down under point (b) shall notify the Commission before 1 February 2005 of the means of monitoring the activities of a vessel to ensure compliance with the conditions laid down in point (b).

4. For the purpose of this Annex, the following groupings of fishing gears shall apply:

- (a) demersal trawls, seines or similar towed gears of mesh size equal to or greater than 100 mm except beam trawls for all areas except Kattegat and Skagerrak where this mesh size shall be greater than 90mm;
- (b) beam trawls of mesh size equal to or greater than 80 mm;
- (c) static demersal nets including gill nets, trammel nets and tangle nets;
- (d) demersal longlines;
- (e) demersal trawls, seines or similar towed gears of mesh size between 70 mm and 99 mm except beam trawls with mesh size between 80 mm and 99 mm;
- (f) demersal trawls, seines or similar towed gears of mesh size between 16 mm and 31 mm except beam trawls;

FISHING EFFORT

5. Each Member State shall ensure that, when carrying on board any of the fishing gears referred to in point 4, fishing vessels flying its flag and registered in the Community shall be present within the area and absent from port for no more than the number of days set out in point 6.

6. (a) The maximum number of days in any calendar month for which a vessel may be present within an area and absent from port having carried on board any one of the fishing gears referred to in point 4 is shown in Table I.

A day spent absent from port and present within any given area shall also count

against the total number of days allowable in all other areas simultaneously during that management period.

Where a vessel crosses between two areas on a fishing trip the day shall be counted against the area in which the largest proportion of time was spent during that day.

Table I

Maximum days present within each area and absent from port by fishing gear

Area defined in point:	Grouping of fishing gears referred to in point:					
	4a	4b	4c	4d	4e	4f
2a. Kattegat	10	12	14	17	22	20
2b. North Sea and Skagerrak	10	12	14	17	22	20
2c. West of Scotland	7	12	14	17	22	20
2d. English Channel	10	12	14	17	22	20
2e. Irish Sea	10	12	14	17	22	20
2f. Western Channel (ICES Division VIIe).	no days restriction*	18	18	no days restriction*	no days restriction*	no days restriction*

* The vessel may be present within the area for the number of days in the month concerned.

- (b) A Member State may aggregate the days present within the area and absent from port in Table I within management periods of up to twelve calendar months.
- (c) An additional number of days on which a vessel may be present within the area and absent from port when carrying on board any of the gears referred to in point 4 may be allocated to Member States by the Commission on the basis of the achieved results of decommissioning programmes that have taken place since 1 January 2002. That additional number of days will be directly proportional to the reduction in fishing capacity, either in kilowatts or GTs, that has resulted from the decommissioning programmes as compared with all the vessels previously fishing the recovery stocks concerned rounded to the nearest whole day.

Member States wishing to benefit from such allocations shall submit a request to the Commission with reports containing the details of their completed decommissioning programmes.

On the basis of such a request the Commission may amend the number of days defined in point (a) for that Member State in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 30 of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002.

- (d) Derogations from the number of days present within the area and absent from port shown in Table I may be allocated to vessels by Member States under the conditions shown in Table II.

Member States wishing to apply that higher allocation of days shall notify the Commission with details of the vessels that will benefit and with details of their track records at least two weeks before the higher allocation of days are to be granted.

Table II

**Derogations from days present within the area and absent
from port in Table I and associated conditions**

Area Defined in point 2	Gear defined in point 4	2002 vessel track record*	Days
2(a)	4(a), 4(e)	Less than 5% of each of cod, sole and plaice	no days restriction**
2(a)	4(a), 4(b)	Less than 5% cod	100 to < 120 mm up to xxx ≥ 120 mm up to xxx
2(a) Kattegat (ICES Division IIIa south), North Sea	4(c) gear of mesh size equal to or greater than 220 mm	Less than 5% cod and more than 5% of turbot and lumpfish	Up to xxx days

* As verified by the EC logbook - average annual landing in live weight.

** The vessel may be present within the area for the number of days in the month concerned.

If that higher allocation of days is given to a vessel, as a result of its low percentage track record of catch of certain species, that vessel shall not at any time retain more than the percentage of those species on board as shown in Table II nor shall they tranship any fish at sea to another vessels. When either of these conditions are not met by a vessel, that vessel shall with immediate effect no longer be entitled to the additional days.

7. Before the first day of each management period the master of a vessel or his representative shall notify to the authorities of the flag Member State which gear or gears he intends to use during the forthcoming management period. Until such notification is provided the vessel shall not be entitled to fish within the areas defined in point 2 with any of the gears referred to in point 4.

Where the master of a vessel or his representative notifies the use of two of the groupings of fishing gears defined under point 4, the total number of days available during the forthcoming management period shall be no more than half the sum of the days to which the vessel is eligible for each gear, rounded down to the nearest whole day. It shall not be permitted to deploy either of the gears concerned for more days than the number of days laid down for that gear in Table I.

The option to use two gears shall only be available if the following additional monitoring arrangements are met:

- during a given trip the fishing vessel may carry on board only one of the fishing gears referred to in point 4;
- before any trip the master of a vessel or his representative shall give prior notice to the competent authorities of the type of fishing gear that is to be carried on board unless the type of fishing gear has not changed from the one notified for the previous trip.

Inspection and surveillance at sea and in port by the competent authorities shall be undertaken for verification of compliance with the above two requirements. Any vessel found to be not complying with these requirements shall with immediate effect no longer be permitted to use two groupings of fishing gears.

A vessel wishing to combine the use of one or more of the fishing gears referred to in point 4 (regulated gears) with any other fishing gears not referred to in point 4 (unregulated gears) shall not be restricted in their use of the unregulated gear. Such vessels must pre-notify when the regulated gear is to be used. When no such notification has been given no gear referred to in point 4 may be carried on board. Such vessels must be authorised and equipped to undertake the alternative fishing activity.

8. A vessel which is present within any of the areas defined in point 2 and carrying on board any one of the fishing gears referred to in point 4 may not simultaneously carry on board any of the other gears referred to in point 4.
9.
 - (a) In any given management period a vessel that has used the number of days present within the area and absent from port to which it is eligible shall remain in port or out of any area referred to in point 2 for the remainder of the management period unless using only unregulated gear as described in point 7.
 - (b) In any given management period a vessel may undertake non-fishing related activities, without that time being counted against its days allocated under point 6, provided that the vessel first notifies its flag's Member State of its intention to do so, the nature of its activity and that it surrenders its fishing licence for that time. Such vessels shall not carry any fishing gear or fish on board during that time.
10.
 - (a) A Member State may permit any of its fishing vessels to transfer days present within the area and absent from port to which it is eligible to another of its vessels for the same management period and within the same area provided that the product of the days received by a vessel multiplied by its engine power in kilowatts (kilowatt days) is equal to or less than the product of the days transferred by the donor vessel multiplied by the engine power in kilowatts of that vessel. The engine power in kilowatts of the vessels shall be that recorded for each vessel in the Community fishing fleet register.
 - (b) The total number of days present within the area and absent from port transferred under point (a) multiplied by the engine power in kilowatts of the donor vessel shall not be higher than the donor vessel's average annual days as verified by the EC logbook in the years 2001, 2002 and 2003, multiplied by the engine power in kilowatts of that vessel.

- (c) The transfer of days as described in sub-point (a) shall only be permitted between vessels operating within the same gear grouping and area categories referred to in point 6 (a) and during the same management period.
 - (d) No transfer of days from vessels benefiting from the allocation referred to in points 6(d), 6(e) and 7 is permitted.
 - (e) On request from the Commission, Member States shall provide reports on the transfers that have taken place.
11. A vessel with no track record of fishing in one of the areas defined in point 2 shall be allowed to transit across these areas provided that it has first notified its authorities of its intention to do so. While that vessel is within any of the areas defined in point 2 any fishing gears carried on board must be lashed and stowed in accordance with conditions laid down in Article 20(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93.
12. A Member State shall not permit fishing with a gear defined in point 4 in any area defined in point 2 by any of its vessels which have no record of such fishing activity in the years 2001, 2002 or 2003 in that area unless it ensures that equivalent capacity, measured in kilowatts, is prevented from fishing in the regulated area.
- However, a vessel with a track record of using a gear defined in point 4 may be authorised to use a different gear defined in point 4, provided that the number of days allocated to this latter gear is greater than or equal to the number of days allocated to the first gear.
13. A Member State shall not count against the days allocated to any of its vessels under this Annex either any days when the vessel has been absent from port but unable to fish because it was assisting another vessel in need of emergency aid or any days when a vessel has been absent from port but unable to fish because it is transporting an injured crew member for emergency medical aid. The Member State shall provide justification to the Commission within one month of any decisions taken on this basis with associated evidence of the emergency from the competent authorities.

MONITORING, INSPECTION AND SURVEILLANCE

14. Notwithstanding Article 19a of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93, Articles 19b, 19c, 19d, 19e and 19k of that Regulation shall apply to vessels carrying on board the fishing gears defined in point 4 and operating in the areas defined in point 2. Vessels equipped with vessel monitoring systems in accordance with Articles 5 and 6 of Regulation 2244/2003 and those operating under the definition of a day as defined in point 3 (a) shall be excluded from these hailing requirements.
15. Member States may implement alternative control measures to ensure compliance with the obligations referred in point 14 of this Annex which are as effective and transparent as these reporting obligations. Such alternative measures shall be notified to the Commission before being implemented.
16. The master of a Community fishing vessel, or his representative, prior to any entry to port or any landing location of a Member State after having been present in an area referred to in Table III with more than the quantities of any species indicated on that table, shall inform, at least four hours in advance of such entry, the competent authorities of that Member State of:
 - a) the name of the port or landing location,
 - b) the estimated time of arrival at that port or landing location,
 - c) the quantities in kilograms live weight for all species of which more than 50 kg is retained on board.
17. The competent authorities of a Member State in which a landing requiring pre-notification is to be made may require that the discharge of catch retained on board does not commence until authorised by those authorities.

Table III**Landing quantities in tonnes by area and species above which special condition apply**

Area defined in point:	Volume of Species in tonnes:	
	Cod	
	PN	DP
Kattegat, North Sea and Skagerrak, West of Scotland, Eastern Channel, Irish Sea.	xx	xx

PN – Prior Notification as referred to in Point 16

DP – Designated Port as referred to in Point 19

18. The master of a Community fishing vessel or his representative wishing to tranship or discharge at sea any quantity retained on board or to land in a port or landing location of a third country shall inform the competent authorities of the flag Member State at least 24 hours prior to transshipping or discharging at sea or to landing in a third country the information referred to in point 16.

19. It shall not be permitted to land in excess of the quantities of any species referred to in Table III (under the DP heading) for a fishing vessel having been in the area defined in the table outside a designated port.

Each Member State shall transmit to the Commission within 15 days of the date of entry into force of this Regulation the list of designated ports and, within 30 days thereafter, inspection and surveillance procedures including, for those ports, the terms and conditions for recording and reporting the quantities of any of the species and stocks in fisheries referred to in Article 12 of this Regulation within each landing. The Commission shall transmit this information to all Member States.

20. By way of derogation from Article 5(2) of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2807/83, the permitted margin of tolerance, when estimating quantities, in kilograms retained on board of vessels referred to in point 14 shall be 8% of the logbook figure.

21. When quantities of cod greater than 50kg are stowed on board a vessel, it shall be prohibited to retain on board a fishing vessel in any container any quantity of cod mixed with any other species of marine organism. Containers with cod shall be stowed in the hold in such a way that they are kept separate from other containers.

22. The competent authorities of a Member State may require that any quantity of cod caught in any of the areas specified in point 2 and first landed in that Member State is weighed in the presence of controllers before being transported from the port of first landing. For cod first landed in a port designated under point 19, representative samples, amounting to at least 20% of the landings, shall be weighed in the presence of controllers authorised by the Member States before they are offered for first sale and sold. To this end, the Member States shall submit to the Commission, within one month of the date of entry into force of this Regulation, details of the sampling regime to be employed.

23. By way of derogation from Article 13 of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93, quantities greater than 50 kg of any species in fisheries referred to in Article 12 of this Regulation which are transported to a place other than that of landing or import shall be accompanied by a copy of one of the declarations provided for in Article 8(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93 pertaining to the quantities of these species transported. The exemption provided for in Article 13(4)(b) of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93 shall not apply.
24. By way of derogation from Article 34c(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93, the specific monitoring programme for any of the stocks in fisheries referred to in Article 12 may last more than two years from their date of entry into force.
25. Any vessel that has been observed by a national fisheries inspection service to be engaging in any of the activities listed below shall have their special fishing permit, as described in point 1, withdrawn for the next whole calendar month and shall have their number of days absent from port and present within the area to which they are eligible for 2005 reduced by a number of days equal to the number for which they are eligible during one calendar month. The relevant activities are:
- A. Entry of a vessel into port with more than one tonne of cod on board when the vessel in question has not submitted a pre-notification of entry as required by Point 16 of this Annex and Article 11 of Regulation (EC) No 423/2004 ;
 - B. Discharging fish ashore in a port other than a port which has been designated as defined under point 19 of this Annex and Article 11 of Regulation (EC) No 423/2004 when the vessel has entered the port with more than two tonnes of cod on board;
 - C. Stowage of a cod and other species in the same container in contravention of point 21 of this Annex and Article 14 of Regulation (EC) No 423/2004;
 - D. The master of the fishing vessel does not cooperate in facilitating inspections as required by Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93;
 - E. Absence from port for more than the number of days defined in point 6 of this Annex while carrying on board any of the gears defined in point 4 of this Annex;
 - F. The vessel fails to provide a VMS report or, in the event of a failure of the VMS, a manual position report or provides a false position report;
 - G. Failure to accurately record data in logsheets and landing declarations as required by Articles 13 and 15.2 of Council Regulation (EC) N° 423/2004;
 - H. Fishing within the areas defined in point 2 of this Annex with any of the gears referred to in point 4 of this Annex without having made a prior notification to the authorities of the flag Member State according to point 7 of this Annex as to which fishing gear was to be used;
 - I. The fishing vessel is found to carry on board more than one type of fishing gear, in contravention to the requirements of point 7 of this Annex;
 - J. The vessel is at sea and fishing or having fish on board without having given prior notification of the type of fishing gear that was to be carried on board before the fishing trip as defined in point 7 of this Annex;

- K. The fishing vessel is undertaking non-fishing activities but has not surrendered its fishing licence as required by point 9 of this Annex;
- L. The vessel discharges fish without prior permission having been provided by the national authorities as defined in point 16 of this Annex;
- M. The vessel lands or retains on board more than 8% more fish of any species (in live weight) than the quantity of that species declared in the log-book sheet(s);
- N. The vessel is found to be in contravention of the provisions of Regulation (EC) No 850/98.

REPORTING OBLIGATIONS

- 26. Member States, on the basis of information used for the management of fishing days absent from port and present within the areas as set out in this Annex, shall communicate, for each calendar year within one month of the expiry of that calendar year, to the Commission the information about effort deployed by vessels using different types of gear in the areas concerned by this Annex as laid out in Table IV.
- 27. Member States shall communicate the data referred in point 26 to the Commission in Spread Sheet format by sending it to the appropriate mailbox address which shall be communicated to the Member States by the Commission.

Table IV

Reporting format

Country	CFR	External Marking	Area fished	Length of management period	Gear type /types notified	Days eligible using this gear	Days spent with this gear type	Transfers of days
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)

Table V**Data format**

Name of zone	Max. number of characters / digits	Definition and comments
(1) Country	3	Member State (Alpha-3 ISO code) in which vessel is registered for fishing under Council Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002. Always the reporting country.
(2) CFR	12	(Community Fleet Register Number). Unique identification number of a fishing vessel. Member State (Alpha-3 ISO code) followed by an identifying series (9 characters). Where a series has fewer than 9 characters additional zeros must be inserted on the left hand side.
(3) External marking	14	Under Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1381/87
(4) Area	1	Indicate if the vessel has been fishing in Area 2(a) or 2(b) of this Annex
(5) Length of management period	2	Indication from 1-12 of the length of each management period allocated to the vessel concerned. Separate management periods in which the same gear grouping or combination of gear groupings have been notified, in accordance with point 7 of this Annex, may be aggregated.
(6) Gear type / types notified	2	Indication from 4(a) through to 4 (g) of the gear types notified in accordance with point 4 of this Annex.
(7) Days eligible using this gear	3	Number of days for which this vessel is eligible under this Annex for the choice of gears and length of management period notified.
(8) Days spent with this gear type	3	Number of days for which the vessel actually spent absent from port and present within the area according to this Annex.
(9) Transfers of days	3	For days transferred indicate ‘- number of days transferred’ and for days received indicate ‘+ number of days transferred’

ANNEX IVb
FISHING EFFORT FOR VESSELS
IN THE CONTEXT OF THE RECOVERY OF CERTAIN SOUTHERN HAKE AND
NEPHROPS STOCK

GENERAL PROVISIONS

1. The conditions laid down in this Annex shall apply to Community fishing vessels of length overall equal to or greater than 10 metres.

All vessels using gear types identified in point 4 of this Annex and fishing in areas defined in point 2 of this Annex shall hold a special fishing permit. Each Member State shall establish a list those vessels holding a special fishing permit for fishing in the area defined by this Annex. The master of a fishing vessel, or his representative, to which a Member State has issued a special fishing permit, shall comply with the conditions of this Annex.

2. For the purposes of this Annex, the following geographical area shall apply:

Iberian Peninsula, Atlantic coast (ICES Divisions VIIIc and IXa)

3. For the purposes of this Annex, a day present within the area and absent from port shall be:

- (a) the 24-hour period between 00:00 hours of a calendar day and 24:00 hours of the same calendar day or any part of such a period during which a vessel is present within either of the areas defined in point 2 and absent from port, or
- (b) any continuous period of 24 hours as recorded in the EC logbook during which a vessel is present within either of the areas defined in point 2 and absent from port or any part of any such time period.

A Member State which wishes to employ the definition of a day present within the area and absent from port laid down under point (b) shall notify the Commission before 1 February 2005 of the means of monitoring the activities of a vessel to ensure compliance with the conditions laid down in point (b).

4. For the purpose of this Annex, the following groupings of fishing gears shall apply:

- (a) Bottom trawl of mesh size > 55 mm
- (b) Bottom long-lines
- (c) Gill-nets of mesh size > 60 mm
- (d) Gill-nets of mesh size equal to or greater than 80 mm
- (e) Trawl of mesh size between 40 mm and 54 mm
- (f) Enmeshing nets

FISHING EFFORT

5. Each Member State shall ensure that, when carrying on board any of the fishing gears referred to in point 4, fishing vessels flying its flag and registered in the Community shall be present within the area and absent from port for no more than the number of days specified in point 6.
6. (a) The maximum number of days in any calendar month for which a vessel may be present within the area and absent from port having carried on board any one of the fishing gears referred to in point 4 is shown in Table I.

Table I

Maximum days present within the area and absent from port by fishing gear

Area defined in point:	Grouping of fishing gears referred to in point:					
	4a	4b	4c	4d	4e	4f
2a. Iberian Peninsula, Atlantic coast (ICES Divisions VIIIc and IXa)	20	20	20	20	20	20

- (b) A Member State may aggregate the days present within the area and absent from port in Table I within management periods of up to eleven calendar months.
- (c) An additional number of days on which a vessel may be present within the area and absent from port when carrying on board any of the gears referred to in point 4 may be allocated to Member States by the Commission on the basis of the achieved results of decommissioning programmes that have taken place since 1 January 2004. This additional number of days will be directly proportional to the reduction in fishing capacity, either in kilowatts or GTs, that has resulted from the decommissioning programmes as compared with all the vessels previously fishing the recovery stocks concerned rounded to the nearest whole day.

Member States wishing to benefit from such allocations shall submit a request to the Commission with reports containing the details of their completed decommissioning programmes.

On the basis of such a request the Commission may amend the number of days defined in point (a) for that Member State in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 30 of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002.

- (d) Derogations from the number of days present within the area and absent from port shown in Table I may be allocated to vessels by Member States under the conditions shown in Table II.

Member States wishing to apply this higher allocation of days shall notify the Commission with details of the vessels that will benefit and with details of their track records at least two weeks before the higher allocation of days are to be granted.

Table II

**Derogations from days present within the area and absent
from port in Table I and associated conditions**

Area Defined in	Gear defined in	2002 vessel track record*	Days
point 2	point 4		
2(a)	4(a) to 4(f)	Less than 5% of hake	no days restriction**

* As verified by the EC logbook - average annual landing in live weight.

** The vessel may be present within the area for the number of days in the month concerned.

If this higher allocation of days is given to a vessel, as a result of its low percentage track record of catch of certain species, that vessel shall not at any time retain more than the percentage of those species on board as shown in Table II nor shall they tranship any fish at sea to another vessels. When either of these conditions are not met by a vessel, that vessel shall with immediate effect no longer be entitled to the additional days.

7. Before the first day of each management period the master of a vessel or his representative shall notify to the authorities of the flag Member State which gear or gears he intends to use during the forthcoming management period. Until such notification is provided the vessel will not be entitled to fish within the areas defined in point 2 with any of the gears referred to in point 4.

Where the master of a vessel or his representative notifies the use of two of the groupings of fishing gears defined under point 4, the total number of days available during the forthcoming management period shall be no more than half the sum of the days to which the vessel is eligible for each gear, rounded down to the nearest whole day. It shall not be permitted to deploy either of the gears concerned for more days than the number of days laid down for that gear in Table I.

The option to use two gears shall only be available if the following additional monitoring arrangements are met:

- during a given trip the fishing vessel may carry on board only one of the fishing gears referred to in point 4;
- before any trip the master of a vessel or his representative shall give prior notice to the competent authorities of the type of fishing gear that is to be carried on board unless the type of fishing gear has not changed from the one notified for the previous trip.

Inspection and surveillance at sea and in port by the competent authorities shall be undertaken for verification of compliance with the above two requirements. Any vessel found to be not complying with these requirements shall with immediate effect no longer be permitted to use two groupings of fishing gears.

A vessel wishing to combine the use of one or more of the fishing gears referred to in point 4 (regulated gears) with any other fishing gears not referred to in point 4 (unregulated gears) will not be restricted in their use of the unregulated gear. Such vessels must pre-notify when the regulated gear is to be used. When no such notification has been given no gear referred to in point 4 may be carried on board. Such vessels must be authorised and equipped to undertake the alternative fishing activity.

8. A vessel which is present within any of the areas defined in point 2 and carrying on board any one of the fishing gears referred to in point 4 may not simultaneously carry on board any of the other gears referred to in point 4.
9.
 - (a) In any given management period a vessel that has used the number of days present within the area and absent from port to which it is eligible shall remain in port or out of any area referred to in point 2 for the remainder of the management period unless using unregulated gear as described in point 7.
 - (b) In any given management period a vessel may undertake non-fishing related activities, without that time being counted against its days allocated under point 6, provided that the vessel first notifies its flag's Member State of its intention to do so, the nature of its activity and that it surrenders its fishing licence for this time. Such vessels shall not carry any fishing gear or fish on board during that time.
10.
 - (a) A Member State may permit any of its fishing vessels to transfer days present within the area and absent from port to which it is eligible to another of its vessels for the same management period and within the same area provided that the product of the days received by a vessel multiplied by its engine power in kilowatts (kilowatt days) is equal to or less than the product of the days transferred by the donor vessel multiplied by the engine power in kilowatts of that vessel. The engine power in kilowatts of the vessels shall be that recorded for each vessel in the Community fishing fleet register.
 - (b) The total number of days present within the area and absent from port transferred under sub-point (a) multiplied by the engine power in kilowatts of the donor vessel shall not be higher than the donor vessel's average annual days as verified by the EC logbook in the years 2001, 2002 and 2003, multiplied by the engine power in kilowatts of that vessel.
 - (c) The transfer of days as described in sub-point (a) shall only be permitted between vessels operating within the same gear grouping and area categories referred to in point 6 (a) and during the same management period.
 - (d) No transfer of days from vessels benefiting from the allocation referred to in points 6(d), 6(e) and 7 is permitted.
 - (e) On request from the Commission, Member States shall provide reports on the transfers that have taken place.
11. A vessel with no track record of fishing in one of the areas defined in point 2 is allowed to transit across these areas provided that it has first notified its authorities of its intention to do so. While that vessel is within any of the areas defined in point 2 any fishing gears carried on board must be lashed and stowed in accordance with conditions laid down in Article 20(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93.

12. A Member State shall not permit fishing with a gear defined in point 4 in any area defined in point 2 by any of its vessels which have no record of such fishing activity in the years 2001, 2002 or 2003 in that area unless it ensures that equivalent capacity, measured in kilowatts, is prevented from fishing in the regulated area.

However, a vessel with a track record of using a gear defined in point 4 may be authorised to use a different gear defined in point 4, provided that the number of days allocated to this latter gear is greater than or equal to the number of days allocated to the first gear.

13. A Member State shall not count against the days allocated to any of its vessels under this Annex either any days when the vessel has been absent from port but unable to fish because it was assisting another vessel in need of emergency aid or any days when a vessel has been absent from port but unable to fish because it is transporting an injured crew member for emergency medical aid. The Member State shall provide justification to the Commission within one month of any decisions taken on this basis with associated evidence of the emergency from the competent authorities.

MONITORING, INSPECTION AND SURVEILLANCE

14. Notwithstanding Article 19a of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93, Articles 19b, 19c, 19d, 19e and 19k of that Regulation shall apply to vessels carrying on board the fishing gears defined in point 4 and operating in the areas defined in point 2. Vessels equipped with vessel monitoring systems in accordance with Articles 5 and 6 of Regulation (EC) No 2244/2003 and those operating under the definition of a day as defined in point 3 (a) shall be excluded from these hailing requirements.
15. Member States may implement alternative control measures to ensure compliance with the obligations referred in point 14 of this Annex which are as effective and transparent as these reporting obligations. Such alternative measures shall be notified to the Commission before being implemented.
16. The master of a Community fishing vessel, or his representative, prior to any entry to port or any landing location of a Member State after having been present in an area referred to in Table III with more than the quantities of any species indicated on that table, shall inform, at least four hours in advance of such entry, the competent authorities of that Member State of:
 - a) the name of the port or landing location,
 - b) the estimated time of arrival at that port or landing location,
 - c) the quantities in kilograms live weight for all species of which more than 50 kg is retained on board.
17. The competent authorities of a Member State in which a landing requiring pre-notification is to be made may require that the discharge of catch retained on board does not commence until authorised by those authorities.

Table III**Landing quantities in tonnes by area and species above which special condition apply**

Area defined in point:	Volume of Species in tonnes:			
	Hake		Nephrops	
	PN	DP	PN	DP
2a. Iberian Peninsula, Atlantic coast (ICES Divisions VIIIc and IXa)	150 kg	300 kg	75 kg	150 kg

PN – Prior Notification as referred to in Point 16

DP – Designated Port as referred to in Point 19

18. The master of a Community fishing vessel or his representative wishing to tranship or discharge at sea any quantity retained on board or to land in a port or landing location of a third country shall inform the competent authorities of the flag Member State at least 24 hours prior to transshipping or discharging at sea or to landing in a third country the information referred to in point 16.
19. It shall not be permitted to land in excess of the quantities of any species referred to in Table III (under the DP heading) for a fishing vessel having been in the area defined in the table outside a designated port.

Each Member State shall transmit to the Commission within 15 days of the date of entry into force of this Regulation the list of designated ports and, within 30 days thereafter, inspection and surveillance procedures including, for those ports, the terms and conditions for recording and reporting the quantities of any of the species and stocks in fisheries referred to in Article 12 of this Regulation within each landing. The Commission shall transmit this information to all Member States.

20. By way of derogation from Article 5(2) of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2807/83, the permitted margin of tolerance, when estimating quantities, in kilograms retained on board of vessels referred to in point 14 shall be 8% of the logbook figure. In the event that no conversion factors are laid down in Community legislation, the conversion factors adopted by the Member states whose flag the vessel is flying shall apply.
21. When quantities of hake greater than 50kg are stowed on board a vessel, it shall be prohibited to retain on board a fishing vessel in any container any quantity of Southern hake or Norway lobster mixed with any other species of marine organism. Containers with Southern hake and Norway lobster shall be properly marked for identification purposes or stowed in the hold in such a way that they are kept separate from other containers.
22. The competent authorities of a Member State may require that any quantity of Southern hake nor Norway lobster caught in any of the areas specified in point 2 and first landed in that Member State is weighed in the presence of controllers before being transported from the port of first landing. For Southern hake and Norway lobster first landed in a port designated under point 19, representative samples, amounting to at least 20% of the landings, shall be weighed in the presence of controllers authorised by the Member States

before they are offered for first sale and sold. To this end, the Member States shall submit to the Commission, within one month of the date of entry into force of this Regulation, details of the sampling regime to be employed.

23. By way of derogation from Article 13 of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93, quantities greater than 50 kg of any species in fisheries referred to in Article 12 of this Regulation which are transported to a place other than that of landing or import shall be accompanied by a copy of one of the declarations provided for in Article 8(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93 pertaining to the quantities of these species transported. The exemption provided for in Article 13(4)(b) of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93 shall not apply.
24. By way of derogation from Article 34c(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93, the specific monitoring programme for any of the stocks in fisheries referred to in Article 12 may last more than two years from their date of entry into force.
25. Any vessel that has been observed by a national fisheries inspection service to be engaging in any of the activities listed below shall have their special fishing permit, as described in point 1, withdrawn for the next whole calendar month and shall have their number of days absent from port and present within the area to which they are eligible for 2005 reduced by a number of days equal to the number for which they are eligible during one calendar month. The relevant activities are:
 - A. Entry of a vessel into port with more than one 150 Kg of hake or 75 Kg of Norway Lobster on board when the vessel in question has not submitted a pre-notification of entry as required by Point 16 of this Annex;
 - B. Discharging fish ashore in a port other than a port which has been designated as defined under point 19 of this Annex when the vessel has entered the port with more than 300 Kg of hake or 150 Kg of Norway Lobster;
 - C. Stowage of hake/Norway Lobster and other species in the same container in contravention of point 21 of this Annex;
 - D. The master of the fishing vessel does not cooperate in facilitating inspections as required by Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93;
 - E. Absence from port for more than the number of days defined in point 6 of this Annex while carrying on board any of the gears defined in point 4 of this Annex;
 - F. The vessel fails to provide a VMS report or, in the event of a failure of the VMS, a manual position report or provides a false position report;
 - G. Falsifying or failing to record data in logbooks including effort reports and landing declarations;
 - H. Fishing within the areas defined in point 2 of this Annex with any of the gears referred to in point 4 of this Annex without having made a prior notification to the authorities of the flag Member State according to point 7 of this Annex as to which fishing gear was to be used.;
 - I. The fishing vessel is found to carry on board more than one type of fishing gear, in contravention to the requirements of point 7 of this Annex;

- J. The vessel is at sea and fishing or having fish on board without having given prior notification of the type of fishing gear that was to be carried on board before the fishing trip as defined in point 7 of this Annex;
- K. The fishing vessel is undertaking non-fishing activities but has not surrendered its fishing licence as required by point 9 of this Annex;
- L. The vessel discharges fish without prior permission having been provided by the national authorities as defined in point 16 of this Annex;
- M. The vessel lands or retains on board more than 8% more fish of any species (in live weight) than the quantity of that species declared in the log-book sheet(s);
- N. The vessel is found to be in contravention of the provisions of Regulation (EC) No 850/98.

REPORTING OBLIGATIONS

- 26. Member States, on the basis of information used for the management of fishing days absent from port and present within the areas as set out in this Annex, shall communicate, for each calendar year within one month of the expiry of that calendar year, to the Commission the information about effort deployed by vessels using different types of gear in the areas concerned by this Annex as laid out in Table IV.
- 27. Member States shall communicate the data referred in point 26 to the Commission in spreadsheet format by sending it to the appropriate mailbox address which shall be communicated to the Member States by the Commission.

Table IV

Reporting format

Country	CFR	External Marking	Area fished	Length of management period	Gear type /types notified	Days eligible using this gear	Days spent with this gear type	Transfers of days
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)

Table V
Data format

Data format	Max. number of characters / digits	Definition and comments
Name of zone		
(1) Country	3	Member State (Alpha-3 ISO code) in which vessel is registered for fishing under Council Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002. Always the reporting country.
(2) CFR	12	(Community Fleet Register Number). Unique identification number of a fishing vessel. Member State (Alpha-3 ISO code) followed by an identifying series (9 characters). Where a series has fewer than 9 characters additional zeros must be inserted on the left hand side.
(3) External marking	14	Under Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1381/87
(4) Area	1	Indicate if the vessel has been fishing in Area 2(a) or 2(b) of this Annex
(5) Length of management period	2	Indication from 1-12 of the length of each management period allocated to the vessel concerned. Separate management periods in which the same gear grouping or combination of gear groupings have been notified, in accordance with point 7 of this Annex, may be aggregated.
(6) Gear type / types notified	2	Indication from 4(a) through to 4 (g) of the gear types notified in accordance with point 4 of this Annex.
(7) Days eligible using this gear	3	Number of days for which this vessel is eligible under this Annex for the choice of gears and length of management period notified.
(8) Days spent with this gear type	3	Number of days for which the vessel actually spent absent from port and present within the area according to this Annex.
(9) Transfers of days	3	For days transferred indicate ‘- number of days transferred’ and for days received indicate ‘+ number of days transferred’

ANNEX V

FISHING EFFORT FOR VESSELS FISHING FOR SANDEEL

IN THE NORTH SEA AND THE SKAGERRAK

1. From 1 January to 31 December 2005, the conditions laid down in this Annex shall apply to Community fishing vessels fishing in the North Sea and the Skagerrak with demersal trawl, seine or similar towed gears with a mesh size of less than 16 mm.
2. For the purposes of this Annex a day absent from port shall be:
 - (a) the 24-hour period between 00:00 hours of a calendar day and 24:00 hours of the same calendar day or any part of such a period or;
 - (b) any continuous period of 24 hours as recorded in the EC logbook between the date and time of departure and the date and time of arrival or any part of any such time period.
3. Each Member State concerned shall, not later than 1 March 2005, establish a data base containing for the North Sea and Skagerrak, for each of the years 2002, 2003 and 2004 and for each vessel flying its flag or registered within the Community which have been fishing with demersal trawl, seine or similar towed gears with a mesh size of less than 16mm, the following information:
 - (a) the name and internal registration number of the vessel;
 - (b) the installed engine power of the vessel in kilowatts measured in accordance with Article 5 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2930/86;
 - (c) the number of days absent from port when fishing with demersal trawl, seine or similar towed gear with a mesh size of less than 16 mm;
 - (d) the kilowatt-days as the product of the number of days absent from port and the installed engine power in kilowatts.
4. The following quantities shall be calculated by each Member State:
 - (a) the total kilowatt-days for each year as the sum of the kilowatt-days calculated in paragraph 3(d);
 - (b) the average kilowatt-days for the period 2002 to 2004.
5. Each Member State shall ensure that the number of kilowatt-days in 2005 for vessels flying its flag or registered in the Community does not exceed 40% of the number in 2004 as calculated in point 4(a).
6. The maximum number of kilowatt-days referred to in point 5 shall be revised by the Commission as early as possible and not later than 15 June 2005, based on advice from the STECF on the size of the 2004 year class of North Sea sandeel, in accordance with the following rules:

- (a) where STECF estimates the size of the 2004 year class of North Sea sandeel to be at or above 500 000 million individuals at age 0, no restrictions in kilowatt-days shall apply for the remaining of 2005;
- (b) where STECF estimates the size of the 2004 year class of North Sea sandeel to be between 300 000 million and 500 000 million individuals at age 0, the number of kilowatt-days shall not exceed the level in 2003 as calculated in point 4(a);
- (c) where STECF estimates the size of the 2004 year class of North Sea sandeel to be below 300 000 million individuals at age 0, fishing with demersal trawl, seine or similar towed gears with a mesh size of less than 16 mm shall be prohibited for the remaining of 2005. However, a limited fishery will be allowed in order to monitor the sandeel stocks in the North Sea and the Skagerrak and the effects of the closure. To this end the Member States concerned shall in cooperation with the Commission develop a plan for the monitoring fishery.

ANNEX VI

PART I

**Quantitative limitations of licences and
fishing permits for Community vessels fishing in
third country waters**

Area of fishing	Fishery	Number of licences	Repartition of licences amongst Member States	Maximum number of vessels present at any time
Norwegian waters and fishery zone around Jan Mayen	Herring, North of 62°00'N	75	DK: 26, DE: 5, FR: 1, IRL: 7, NL: 9, SW: 10, UK: 17	55
	Demersal species, North of 62°00'N	80	FR: 18, PT: 9, DE: 16, ES: 20, UK: 14, IRL: 1	50
	Mackerel, South of 62°00'N, purse seine fishery	11	DE: 1 ¹ , DK: 26 ¹ , FR: 2 ¹ , NL: 1 ¹	not relevant
	Mackerel, South of 62°00'N, trawl fishery	19		not relevant
	Mackerel, North of 62°00'N, purse seine fishery	11 ²	DK: 11	not relevant
	Industrial species, South of 62°00'N	480	DK: 450, UK: 30	150
Waters of the Faroe Islands	All trawl fisheries with vessels of not more than 180 feet in the zone between 12 and 21 miles from the Faroese baselines	26	BE: 0, DE: 4, FR: 4, UK: 18	13
	Directed fishing for cod and haddock with a minimum mesh of 135 mm, restricted to the area south of 62°28'N and east of 6°30'W	8 ³		4

¹ This repartition is valid for purse & trawl fisheries.

² To be selected from the 11 licences for purse seine fishery for mackerel South of 62°00'N

³ Following the Agreed Record of 1999, the figures for the Directed fishing for cod and haddock are included in the figures for "All trawl fisheries with vessels of not more than 180 feet in the zone between 12 and 21 miles from the Faroese baselines".

	Trawling outside 21 miles from the Faroese baseline. In the periods 1 March to 31 May and 1 October to 31 December, these vessels may operate in the area between 61°20'N and 62°00'N and between 12 and 21 miles from the baselines.	70	BE :0, DE: 10, FR: 40, UK: 20	26
	Trawl fisheries for blue ling with a minimum mesh of 100 mm in the area south of 61°30'N and west of 9°00'W and in the area between 7°00'W and 9°00'W south of 60°30'N and in the area south-west of a line between 60°30'N, 7°00'W and 60°00'N, 6°00'W.	70	DE: 8 ¹ , FR: 12 ¹ , UK: 0 ¹	20 ²
	Directed trawl fishery for saithe with a minimum mesh size of 120 mm and with the possibility to use round-straps around the codend.	70		22 ²
	Fisheries for blue whiting. The total number of licences may be increased by four vessels to form pairs, should the Faroese authorities introduce special rules of access to an area called "main fishing area of blue whiting"	34	DE: 3, DK: 19, FR: 2, UK: 5, NL: 5	20
	Line fishing	10	UK : 10	6
	Fishing for mackerel	12	DK: 12	12
	Herring fisheries north of 62°N	21	DE: 1, DK: 7, FR:0, UK: 5, IRL: 2, NL: 3, SW: 3	21
Iceland	All fisheries	18		5
Waters of the Russian Federation	All fisheries	pm		pm
	Fisheries for cod	7 ³		pm
	Fisheries for sprat	pm		pm

¹ These figures refer to the maximum number of vessels present at any time.

² These figures are included in the figures for "Trawling outside 21 miles from the Faroese baselines".

³ Applies only to vessels flying the flag of Latvia.

PART II

Quantitative limitations of licences and fishing permits for third country vessels in Community waters

Flag State	Fishery	Number of licences	Maximum number of vessels present at any time
Norway ¹	Herring, North of 62° 00'N	18	18
Faroe Islands	Mackerel, VIa (north of 56° 30'N), VIIe,f,h, horse mackerel, IV, VIa (north of 56° 30'N), VIIe,f,h; herring, VIa (north of 56° 30'N)	14	14
	Herring north of 62° 00'N	21	21
	Herring, IIIa	4	4
	Industrial fishing for Norway pout and sprat, IV, VIa (north of 56° 30'N): sandeel, IV (including unavoidable by-catches of blue whiting)	15	15
	Ling and tusk	20	10
	Blue whiting, VIa (north of 56° 30'N), VIb, VII (west of 12° 00'W)	20	20
	Blue ling	16	16
	Porbeagle (all zones except NAFO 3PS)	3	3

¹ Pending the conclusion of fisheries consultations with Norway for 2005.

Russian Federation	Herring, IIIId (Swedish waters)	pm	pm
	Herring, IIIId (Swedish waters, non-fishing mother ships)	pm	pm
	Sprat	4 ¹	pm
Barbados	<i>Penaeus</i> shrimps ² (French Guyana waters)	5	pm ³
	Snappers ⁴ (French Guyana waters)	5	pm
Guyana	<i>Penaeus</i> shrimps ⁴ (French Guyana waters)	pm	pm ⁵
Surinam	<i>Penaeus</i> shrimps ⁴ (French Guyana waters)	5	pm ⁵
Trinidad and Tobago	<i>Penaeus</i> shrimps ⁴ (French Guyana waters)	8	pm ⁶
Japan	Tuna ⁷ (French Guyana waters)	pm	
Korea	Tuna ⁸ (French Guyana waters)	pm	pm ⁷
Venezuela	Snappers ⁶ (French Guyana waters)	41	pm
	Sharks ⁶ (French Guyana waters)	4	pm

¹ Applies only to the Latvian zone of EC waters.

² The licences concerning fishing for shrimp in the waters of the French Department of Guyana shall be issued on the basis of a fishing plan submitted by the authorities of the third country concerned, approved by the Commission. The period of validity of each of these licences shall be limited to the fishing period provided for in the fishing plan on the basis of which the licence was issued.

³ The annual number of days at sea is limited to 200.

⁴ To be fished exclusively with long lines or traps (snappers) or long lines or mesh nets having a minimum mesh of 100 mm, at depths greater than 30 m (sharks). To issue these licences, proof must be produced that a valid contract exists between the ship owner applying for the licence and a processing undertaking situated in the French Department of Guyana, and that it includes an obligation to land at least 75% of all snapper catches, or 50% of all shark catches from the vessel concerned in that department so that they may be processed in that undertaking's plant.

The contract referred to above must be endorsed by the French authorities, which shall ensure that it is consistent both with the actual capacity of the contracting processing undertaking and with the objectives for the development of the Guyanese economy. A copy of the duly endorsed contract shall be appended to the licence application.

Where the endorsement referred to above is refused, the French authorities shall give notification of this refusal and state their reasons for it to the party concerned and to the Commission.

⁵ The annual number of days at sea is limited to pm.

⁶ The annual number of days at sea is limited to 350.

⁷ To be fished exclusively with longlines.

⁸ Pending the conclusion of fisheries consultations with Norway for 2005

PART III

Declaration pursuant to Article 15 (2)

LANDING DECLARATION ¹

Name of vessel:			Registration No:	
Name of master:			Name of agent:	
Master's signature:				
Voyage made from the		to the		
Port of landing:				

Quantity of shrimps landed (in live-weight)	
"Head-off" shrimps:	kg
	or (x 1,6) = kg (head-on shrimps)
"Head-on" shrimps:	kg
<i>Thunnidae</i> :	kg
	Snapper (<i>Lutjanidae</i>): kg
Shark: kg	Other: kg

¹ One copy is kept by the master, one copy is kept by the control officer, and one copy is to be sent to the European Commission.

ANNEX VII

PART I

Information to be recorded in the logbook

When fishing within the 200-nautical-mile zone off the coasts of the Member States of the Community which is covered by Community rules on fisheries, the following details are to be entered in the log-book immediately after the following events:

After each haul:

- 1.1. the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species caught;
- 1.2. the date and the time of the haul;
- 1.3. the geographical position in which the catches were made;
- 1.4. the fishing method used.

After each trans-shipment to or from another vessel:

- 2.1. the indication "received from" or "transferred to";
- 2.2. the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species trans-shipped;
- 2.3. the name, external identifications letters and numbers of the vessel to or from which the trans-shipment occurred.
- 2.4. trans-shipment of cod is not allowed.

After each landing in a port of the Community:

- 3.1. name of the port;
- 3.2. the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species landed.

After each transmission of information to the Commission of the European Communities:

- 4.1. date and time of the transmission;
- 4.2. type of message: IN, OUT, ICES, WKL or 2 WKL;
- 4.3. in the case of radio transmission: name of the radio station.

PART II

Log-book model

FICHE DE PÊCHE		LOG SHEET										
Nom du navire _____ Vessel name _____		Nation _____										
N° d'immatriculation _____ Official No _____		N° de licence ZEE _____ Fishing licence No _____										
Nom du capitaine _____ Captain's name _____		Nbre équipage _____ No in crew _____										
Départ de _____ Depart from _____		Date _____										
Débarquement à _____ Landed at _____		Date _____										
Mois/ Month Jour/ Day	Zone no	Sonde Depth	Jour ou nuit Day or night (D or N)	Nombre de fous ou les engins ont été mis à l'eau/Number of times gear is shot	Total heures de pêche Hours fished	Queues de crevette +Head-off- shrimp (kg)	Crevettes entières +Head-on- shrimp (kg)	Crevettes conservées à bord Shrimps retained on board		Vivaneaux Snapper	Requins Shark	Thonides Tuna
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ANNEX VIII
CONTENT AND MODALITIES OF THE TRANSMISSION
OF INFORMATION TO THE COMMISSION

The information to be transmitted to the Commission of the European Communities and the timetable for its transmission are as follows:

1.1. On each occasion the vessel enters the 200-nautical-mile zone off the coasts of the Member States of the Community which is covered by Community rules on fisheries:

- (a) the information specified under 1.5;
- (b) the quantity (in kilograms) of each species of fish in the hold;
- (c) the date and ICES division within which the master intends to commence fishing.

Where the fishing operations necessitate more than one entry into the zones referred to under 1.1 on a given day, one communication shall suffice on first entry.

1.2. On each occasion the vessel leaves the zone referred to under 1.1:

- (a) the information specified under 1.5;
- (b) the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species of fish in the hold;
- (c) the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species caught since the previous transmission;
- (d) the ICES division in which the catches were taken;
- (e) the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species transferred to and/or from other vessels since the vessel entered the zone and the identification of the vessel to which the transfer was made;
- (f) the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species landed in a port of the Community since the vessel entered the zone.

Where the fishing operations necessitate more than one entry into the zones referred to under 1.1 on a given day, one single communication on the last exit will be sufficient.

1.3. At three-day intervals, commencing on the third day after the vessel first enters the zones referred to under 1.1 when fishing for herring and mackerel, and at weekly intervals, commencing on the seventh day after the vessel first enters the zones referred to under 1.1 when fishing for all species other than herring and mackerel:

- (a) the information specified under 1.5;
- (b) the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species caught since the previous transmission;
- (c) the ICES division in which the catches were made.

1.4. On each occasion the vessel moves from one ICES division to another:

- (a) the information specified under 1.5;
 - (b) the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species caught since the previous transmission;
 - (c) the ICES division in which the catches have been taken.
- 1.5. (a) the name, call sign, external identification letters and numbers of the vessel and the name of its master;
- (b) the licence number if the vessel is under licence;
 - (c) the serial number of the message for the voyage concerned;
 - (d) identification of the type of message;
 - (e) the date, the time and the geographical position of the vessel.
- 2.1. The information specified under point 1 shall be transmitted to the Commission of the European Communities in Brussels (telex 24189 FISEU-B) via one of the radio stations listed under point 3 below and in the form specified under point 4.
- 2.2. If it is impossible for reasons of force majeure for the message to be transmitted by the vessel, it may be transmitted on the vessel's behalf by another vessel.

3.	Name of radio station	Call sign of radio station
	Lyngby	OXZ
	Land's End	GLD
	Valentia	EJK
	Malin Head	EJM
	Torshavn	OXJ
	Bergen	LGN
	Farsund	LGZ
	Florø	LGL
	Rogaland	LGQ
	Tjøme	LGT
	Ålesund	LGA
	Ørlandet	LFO
	Bodø	LPG
	Svalbard	LGS
	Blåvand	AXB
	Gryt	GRYT RADIO
	Göteborg	SOG
	Turku	OFK

4. Form of the communications

The information specified under point 1 shall contain the following particulars, which shall be given in the following order:

- name of vessel;
- call sign;
- external identification letters and numbers;
- serial number of the message for the voyage in question;
- indication of the type of message according to the following code:
 - message when entering one of the zones referred to under 1.1: "IN",
 - message when leaving one of the zones referred to under 1.1: "OUT",
 - message when moving from one ICES division to another: "ICES",
 - weekly message: "WKL",
 - three-day message: "2 WKL";
- the date, the time and the geographical position;
- the ICES divisions/sub-areas in which fishing is expected to commence;
- the date on which fishing is expected to commence;
- the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species of fish in the hold using the code mentioned in point 5;
- the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species of fish caught since the previous transmission using the code mentioned in point 5;
- the ICES divisions/sub-areas in which the catches were made;
- the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species transferred to and/or from other vessels since the previous transmission;
- the name and call sign of the vessel to and/or from which the transfer was made;
- the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species landed in a port of the Community since the previous transmission;
- the name of the master.

5.	Code to be used to indicate the species on board as mentioned in 1.4 above:	
	Alfonsinos (<i>Beryx</i> spp.),	ALF
	American plaice (<i>Hippoglossoides platessoides</i>),	PLA
	Anchovy (<i>Engraulis encrasicolus</i>),	ANE
	Angler/Monk (<i>Lophius</i> spp.),	MNZ
	Argentine (<i>Argentina silus</i>),	ARG
	Atlantic pomfret (<i>Brama brama</i>),	POA
	Basking shark (<i>Cetorhinus maximus</i>),	BSK
	Black scabbardfish (<i>Aphanopus carbo</i>),	BSF
	Blue ling (<i>Molva dypterygia</i>),	BLI
	Blue whiting (<i>Micromesistius poutassou</i>),	WHB
	Bob shrimp (<i>Xyphopenaeus kroyerii</i>),	BOB
	Cod (<i>Gadus morhua</i>),	COD
	Common shrimp (<i>Crangon crangon</i>),	CSH
	Common squid (<i>Loligo</i> spp.),	SQC
	Dogfish (<i>Squalus acanthias</i>),	DGS
	Forkbeards (<i>Phycis</i> spp.),	FOR
	Greenland halibut (<i>Reinhardtius hippoglossoides</i>),	GHL
	Haddock (<i>Melanogrammus aeglefinus</i>),	HAD
	Hake (<i>Merluccius merluccius</i>),	HKE
	Halibut (<i>Hippoglossus hippoglossus</i>),	HAL
	Herring (<i>Clupea harengus</i>),	HER
	Horse-mackerel (<i>Trachurus trachurus</i>),	HOM
	Ling (<i>Molva molva</i>),	LIN
	Mackerel (<i>Scomber scombrus</i>),	MAC
	Megrim (<i>Lepidorhombus</i> spp.),	LEZ
	Northern deep-water prawn (<i>Pandalus borealis</i>),	PRA

Norway lobster (<i>Nephrops norvegicus</i>),	NEP
Norway pout (<i>Trisopterus esmarkii</i>),	NOP
Orange roughy (<i>Hoplostethus atlanticus</i>),	ORY
Other,	OTH
Plaice (<i>Pleuronectes platessa</i>),	PLE
Pollack (<i>Pollachius pollachius</i>),	POL
Porbeagle (<i>Lamna nasus</i>),	POR
Redfish (<i>Sebastes</i> spp.),	RED
Red seabream (<i>Pagellus bogaraveo</i>),	SBR
Roundnose grenadier (<i>Coryphaenoides rupestris</i>),	RNG
Saithe (<i>Pollachius virens</i>),	POK
Salmon (<i>Salmo salar</i>),	SAL
Sandeel (<i>Ammodytes</i> spp.),	SAN
Sardine (<i>Sardina pilchardus</i>),	PIL
Shark (Selachii, Pleurotremata),	SKH
Shrimp (<i>Penaeidae</i>),	PEZ
Sprat (<i>Sprattus sprattus</i>),	SPR
Squid (<i>Illex</i> spp.),	SQX
Tuna (<i>Thunnidae</i>),	TUN
Tusk (<i>Brosme brosme</i>),	USK
Whiting (<i>Merlangus merlangus</i>),	WHG
Yellowtail flounder (<i>Limanda ferruginea</i>),	YEL

ANNEX IX
List of species

<i>Common English Name</i>	<i>Scientific Name</i>	<i>3-Alpha Code</i>	<i>Common English Name</i>	<i>Scientific Name</i>	<i>3-Alpha Code</i>
<i>Groundfish</i>			<i>Groundfish (continued)</i>		
Atlantic Cod	<i>Gadus morhua</i>	COD	Polar cod	<i>Boreogadus saida</i>	POC
Haddock	<i>Melanogrammus aeglefinus</i>	HAD	Roundnose grenadier	<i>Coryphaenoides rupestris</i>	RNG
Atlantic redfishes	<i>Sebastes sp.</i>	RED	Roughhead grenadier	<i>Macrourus berglax</i>	RHG
Golden redfish	<i>Sebastes marinus</i>	REG	Sandeels (=Sand Lances)	<i>Ammodytes sp.</i>	SAN
Beaked redfish (deepwater)	<i>Sebastes mentella</i>	REB	Sculpins	<i>Myoxocephalus sp.</i>	SCU
Acadian redfish	<i>Sebastes fasciatus</i>	REN	Scup	<i>Stenotomus chrysops</i>	SCP
Silver hake	<i>Merluccius bilinearis</i>	HKS	Tautog	<i>Tautoga onitis</i>	TAU
Red hake*	<i>Urophycis chuss</i>	HKR	Tilefish	<i>Lopholatilus chamaeleonticeps</i>	TIL
Pollock (=Saithe)	<i>Pollachius virens</i>	POK	White hake*	<i>Urophycis tenuis</i>	HKW
American plaice	<i>Hippoglossoides platessoides</i>	PLA	Wolffishes (NS)	<i>Anarhicas sp.</i>	CAT
Witch flounder	<i>Glyptocephalus cynoglossus</i>	WIT	Atlantic wolffish	<i>Anarhichas lupus</i>	CAA
Yellowtail flounder	<i>Limanda ferruginea</i>	YEL	Spotted wolffish	<i>Anarhichas minor</i>	CAS
Greenland halibut	<i>Reinhardtius hippoglossoides</i>	GHL	Groundfish (NS)		GRO
Atlantic halibut	<i>Hippoglossus hippoglossus</i>	HAL	<i>Pelagics</i>		
Winter flounder	<i>Pseudopleuronectes americanus</i>	FLW	Atlantic herring	<i>Clupea harengus</i>	HER
Summer flounder	<i>Paralichthys dentatus</i>	FLS	Atlantic mackerel	<i>Scomber scombrus</i>	MAC
Windowpane flounder	<i>Scophthalmus aquosus</i>	FLD	Atlantic butterfish	<i>Peprilus triacanthus</i>	BUT

Flatfishes (NS)	<i>Pleuronectiformes</i>	FLX	Atlantic menhaden	<i>Brevoortia tyrannus</i>	MHA
American angler (=Goosefish)	<i>Lophius americanus</i>	ANG	Atlantic saury	<i>Scomberesox saurus</i>	SAU
Atlantic searobins	<i>Prionotus sp.</i>	SRA	Bay anchovy	<i>Anchoa mitchilli</i>	ANB
Atlantic tomcod	<i>Microgadus tomcod</i>	TOM	Bluefish	<i>Pomatomus saltatrix</i>	BLU
Blue antimora	<i>Antimora rostrata</i>	ANT	Crevalle jack	<i>Caranx hippos</i>	CVJ
Blue whiting	<i>Micromesistius poutassou</i>	WHB	Frigate tuna	<i>Auxis thazard</i>	FRI
Cunner	<i>Tautoglabrus adspersus</i>	CUN	King mackerel	<i>Scomberomourus cavalla</i>	KGM
Cusk (=Tusk)	<i>Brosme brosme</i>	USK	Atlantic Spanish mackerel	<i>Scomberomourus maculatus</i>	SSM
Greenland cod	<i>Gadus ogac</i>	GRC	Sailfish	<i>Istiophorus platypterus</i>	SAI
Blue ling	<i>Molva dypterygia</i>	BLI	White marlin	<i>Tetrapturus albidus</i>	WHM
Ling	<i>Molva molva</i>	LIN	Blue marlin	<i>Makaira nigricans</i>	BUM
Lumpfish (=Lumpsucker)	<i>Cyclopterus lumpus</i>	LUM	Swordfish	<i>Xiphias gladius</i>	SWO
Northern kingfish	<i>Menticirrhus saxatilis</i>	KGF	Albacore tuna	<i>Thunnus alalunga</i>	ALB
Northern puffer	<i>Sphoeroides maculatus</i>	PUF	Atlantic bonito	<i>Sarda sarda</i>	BON
Eelpouts (NS)	<i>Lycodes sp.</i>	ELZ	Little tunny	<i>Euthynnus alletteratus</i>	LTA
Ocean pout	<i>Macrozoarces americanus</i>	OPT	Bigeye tunny	<i>Thunnus obesus</i>	BET

Common English Name	Scientific Name	3-Alpha Code	Common English Name	Scientific Name	3-Alpha Code
<i>Pelagics (continued)</i>			<i>Invertebrates (continued)</i>		
Northern bluefin tuna	<i>Thunnus thynnus</i>	BFT	Marine worms (NS)	<i>Polycheata</i>	WOR
Skipjack tuna	<i>Katsuwonus pelamis</i>	SKJ	Horseshoe crab	<i>Limulus polyphemus</i>	HSC
Yellowfin tuna	<i>Thunnus albacares</i>	YFT	Marine invertebrates (NS)	Invertebrata	INV
Tunas (NS)	Scombridae	TUN	<i>Other Fish</i>		
Pelagic fish (NS)		PEL	Alewife	<i>Alosa pseudoharengus</i>	ALE
<i>Invertebrates</i>			Amberjacks	<i>Seriola sp.</i>	AMX
Long-finned squid (<i>Loligo</i>)	<i>Loligo pealei</i>	SQL	American conger	<i>Conger oceanicus</i>	COA
Short-finned squid (<i>Illex</i>)	<i>Illex illecebrosus</i>	SQI	American eel	<i>Anguilla rostrata</i>	ELA
Squids (NS)	Loliginidae, Ommastrephidae	SQU	Atlantic hagfish	<i>Myxine glutinosa</i>	MYG
Atlantic razor clam	<i>Ensis directus</i>	CLR	American shad	<i>Alosa sapidissima</i>	SHA
Hard clam	<i>Mercenaria mercenaria</i>	CLH	Argentines (NS)	<i>Argentina sp.</i>	ARG
Ocean quahog	<i>Arctica islandica</i>	CLQ	Atlantic croaker	<i>Micropogonias undulatus</i>	CKA
Soft clam	<i>Mya arenaria</i>	CLS	Atlantic needlefish	<i>Strongylura marina</i>	NFA
Surf clam	<i>Spisula solidissima</i>	CLB	Atlantic salmon	<i>Salmo salar</i>	SAL
Stimpson's surf clam	<i>Spisula polynyma</i>	CLT	Atlantic silverside	<i>Menidia menidia</i>	SSA
Clams (NS)	Prionodesmacea, Teleodesmacea	CLX	Atlantic thread herring	<i>Opisthonema oglinum</i>	THA
Bay scallop	<i>Argopecten irradians</i>	SCB	Barid's slickhead	<i>Alepocephalus bairdii</i>	ALC

Calico scallop	<i>Argopecten gibbus</i>	SCC	Black drum	<i>Pogonias cromis</i>	BDM
Iceland scallop	<i>Chylamys islandica</i>	ISC	Black seabass	<i>Centropristis striata</i>	BSB
Sea scallop	<i>Placopecten magellanicus</i>	SCA	Blueback herring	<i>Alosa aestivalis</i>	BBH
Scallops (NS)	Pectinidae	SCX	Capelin	<i>Mallotus villosus</i>	CAP
American cupped oyster	<i>Crassostrea virginica</i>	OYA	Chars (NS)	<i>Salvelinus sp.</i>	CHR
Blue mussel	<i>Mytilus edulis</i>	MUS	Cobia	<i>Rachycentron canadum</i>	CBA
Whelks (NS)	<i>Busycon sp.</i>	WHX	Common (Florida) pompano	<i>Trachinotus carolinus</i>	POM
Periwinkles (NS)	<i>Littorina sp.</i>	PER	Gizzard shad	<i>Dorosoma cepedianum</i>	SHG
Marine molluscs (NS)	Mollusca	MOL	Grunts (NS)	<i>Pomadasyidae</i>	GRX
Atlantic rock crab	<i>Cancer irroratus</i>	CRK	Hickory shad	<i>Alosa mediocris</i>	SHH
Blue crab	<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>	CRB	Lanternfish	<i>Notoscopelus sp.</i>	LAX
Green crab	<i>Carcinus maenas</i>	CRG	Mullets (NS)	<i>Mugilidae</i>	MUL
Jonah crab	<i>Cancer borealis</i>	CRJ	North atlantic harvestfish	<i>Peprilus alepidotus (=paru)</i>	HVF
Queen crab	<i>Chionoecetes opilio</i>	CRQ	Pigfish	<i>Orthopristis chrysoptera</i>	PIG
Red crab	<i>Geryon quinquadens</i>	CRR	Rainbow smelt	<i>Osmerus mordax</i>	SMR
Stone king crab	<i>Lithodes maia</i>	KCT	Red drum	<i>Sciaenops ocellatus</i>	RDM
Marine crabs (NS)	Reptantia	CRA	Red porgy	<i>Pagrus pagrus</i>	RPG
American lobster	<i>Homarus americanus</i>	LBA	Rough scad	<i>Trachurus lathami</i>	RSC
Northern prawn	<i>Pandalus borealis</i>	PRA	Sand perch	<i>Diplectrum formosum</i>	PES
Aesop shrimp	<i>Pandalus montagui</i>	AES	Sheepshead	<i>Archosargus probatocephalus</i>	SPH
Penaeus shrimps (NS)	<i>Penaeus sp.</i>	PEN	Spot croaker	<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	SPT
Pink (=Pandalid) shrimps	<i>Pandalus sp.</i>	PAN	Spotted weakfish	<i>Cynoscion nebulosus</i>	SWF

Marine crustaceans (NS)	Crustacea	CRU	Squeteague (Gray Weakfish)	<i>Cynoscion regalis</i>	STG
Sea-urchin	<i>Strongylocentrotus sp.</i>	URC	Striped bass	<i>Morone saxatilis</i>	STB

<i>Common English Name</i>	<i>Scientific Name</i>	<i>3-Alpha Code</i>
<i>Other fish (continued)</i>		
Sturgeons (NS)	<i>Acipenseridae</i>	STU
Tarpon	<i>Tarpon (=megalops) atlanticus</i>	TAR
Trouts (NS)	<i>Salmo sp.</i>	TRO
White perch	<i>Morone americana</i>	PEW
Alfonsinos (NS)	<i>Beryx sp.</i>	ALF
Spiny (=picked) dogfish	<i>Squalus acantias</i>	DGS
Dogfishes (NS)	<i>Squalidae</i>	DGX
Sand Tiger shark	<i>Odontaspis taurus</i>	CCT
Porbeagle	<i>Lamna nasus</i>	POR
Shortfin mako shark	<i>Isurus oxyrinchus</i>	SMA
Dusky shark	<i>Carcharhinus obscurus</i>	DUS
Great Blue shark	<i>Prionace glauca</i>	BSH
Large sharks (NS)	<i>Squaliformes</i>	SHX
Atlantic Sharpnose shark	<i>Rhizoprionodon terraenova</i>	RHT
Black Dogfish	<i>Centroscyllium fabricii</i>	CFB
Boreal (Greenland) shark	<i>Somnnousus microcephalus</i>	GSK
Basking shark	<i>Cetorhinus maximus</i>	BSK
Skates (NS)	<i>Raja sp.</i>	SKA
Little skate	<i>Leucoraja erinacea</i>	RJD
Arctic skate	<i>Amblyraja hyperborea</i>	RJG
Barndoor skate	<i>Dipturus laevis</i>	RJL
Winter skate	<i>Leucoraja ocellata</i>	RJT
Thorny skate (Starry Ray)	<i>Amblyraja radiata</i>	RJR

Smooth skate	<i>Malcoraja senta</i>	RJS
Spinytail skate (Spinetail Ray)	<i>Bathyraja spinicauda</i>	RJO
Finfishes (NS)		FIN

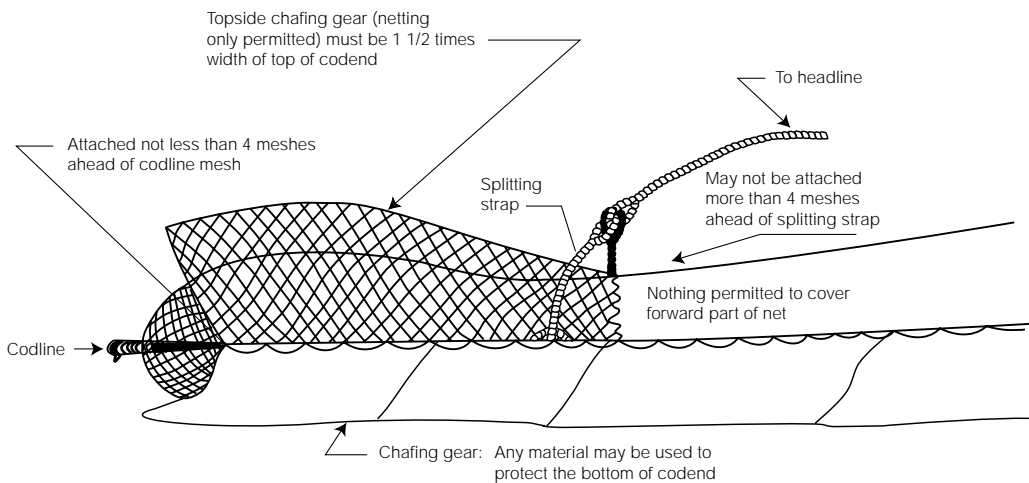
- * In accordance with a recommendation adopted by STACRES at the 1970 Annual Meeting (ICNAF Redbook 1970, Part I, Page 67), hakes of the Genus *Urophycis* are designated as follows for statistical reporting: (a) hake reported from Subareas 1, 2, and 3, and Divisions 4R, S, T and V be designated as white hake, *Urophycis tenuis*; (b) hake taken by line gears or any hake greater than 55 cm standard length, regardless of how caught, from Divisions 4W and X, Subarea 5 and Statistical Area 6 be designated as white hake, *Urophycis tenuis*; (c) Except as noted in (b), other hake of the Genus *Urophycis* taken in Divisions 4W and X, Subarea 5 and Statistical Area 6 be designated as red hake, *Urophycis chuss*.
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ANNEX X
Authorised Topside Chafers

1. ICNAF-type topside chafer

The ICNAF-type topside chafer is a rectangular piece of netting to be attached to the upper side of the codend of the trawl net to reduce and prevent damage so long as such netting conforms to the following conditions:

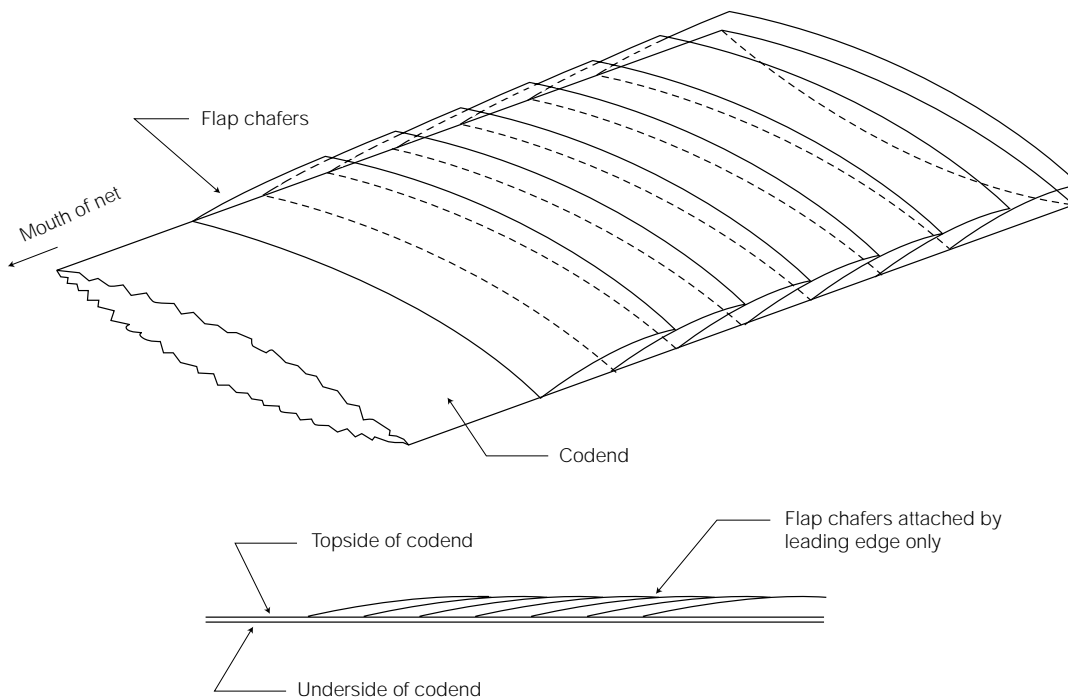
- (a) this netting shall have a mesh size not less than that specified for the codend in Article 10;
- (b) this netting may be fastened to the codend only along the forward and lateral edges of the netting and at no other place in it, and shall be fastened in such a manner that it extends forward of the splitting strap no more than four meshes and ends not less than four meshes in front of the cod line mesh; where a splitting strap is not used, the netting shall not extend to more than one-third of the codend measured from not less than four meshes in front of the cod line mesh;
- (c) the width of this netting shall be at least one and a half times the width of the area of the codend which is covered, such widths to be measured at right angles to the long axis of the codend.



2. Multiple flap-type topside chafer

The multiple flap-type topside chafer is defined as pieces of netting having in all their parts meshes the size of which, whether the pieces of netting are wet or dry, is not less than that of the codend, provided that:

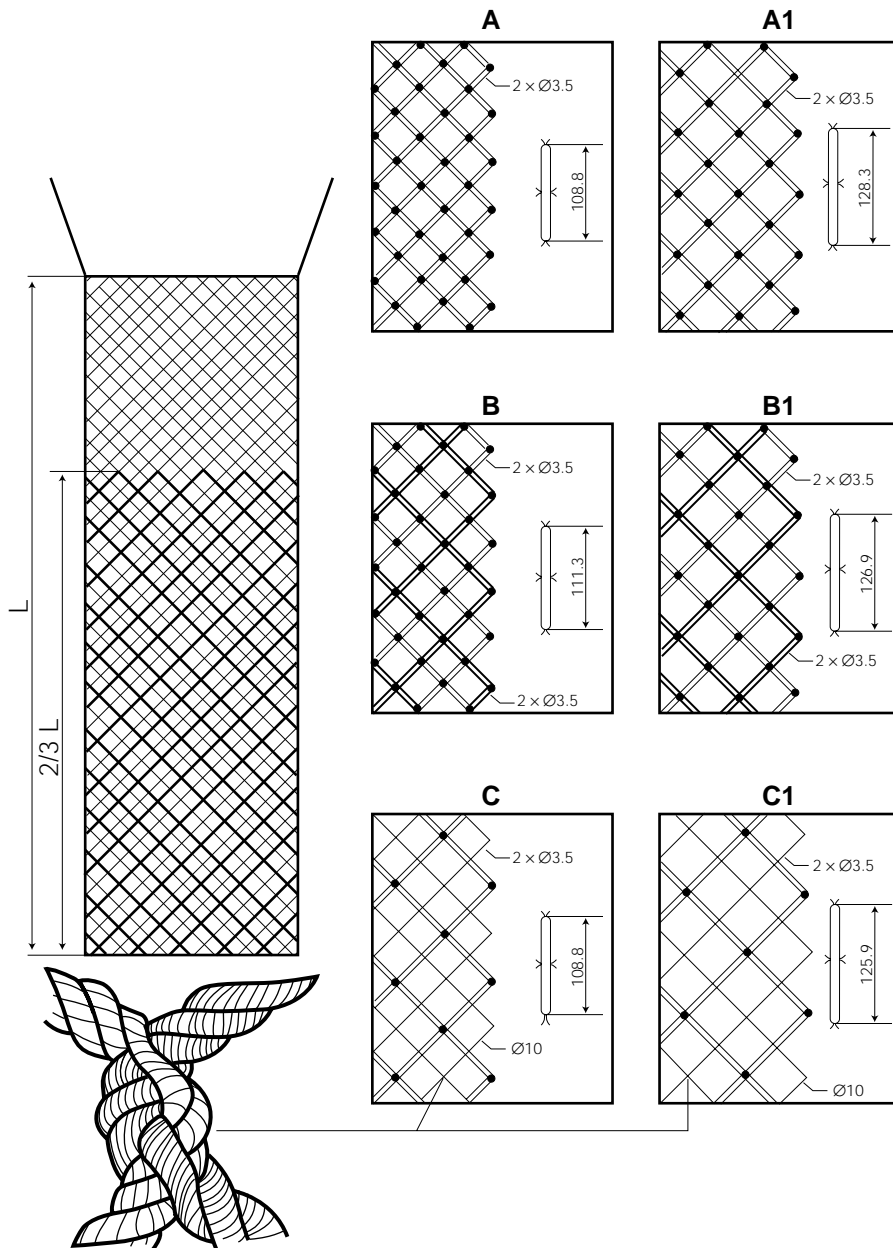
- (i) each piece of netting
 - (a) is fastened by its forward edge only across the codend at right angles to its long axis;
 - (b) is of a width of at least the width of the codend (such width being measured at right angles to the long axis of the codend at the point of attachment); and
 - (c) is not more than ten meshes long; and
- (ii) the aggregate length of all the pieces of netting so attached does not exceed two-thirds of the length of the codend.



POLISH CHAFER

3. Large-mesh (modified Polish-type) topside chafer

The large-mesh topside chafer consists of a rectangular piece of netting made of the same twine material as the codend, or of a single, thick, knotless twine material, attached to the rear portion of the upper side of the codend and extending over all or any part of the upper side of the codend and having in all its parts a mesh size twice that of the codend when measured wet and fastened to the codend along the forward, lateral and rear edges only of the netting in such a way that each mesh of the netting coincides with four meshes of the codend.



ANNEX XI
Minimum Fish Size*

Species	Gilled and gutted fish whether or not skinned; fresh or chilled, frozen, or salted.			
	Whole	Head Off	Head and Tail Off	Head Off and Split
Atlantic Cod	41 cm	27 cm	22 cm	27/25 cm**
Greenland halibut	30 cm	N/A	N/A	N/A
American plaice	25 cm	19 cm	15 cm	N/A
Yellowtail flounder	25 cm	19 cm	15 cm	N/A

* Fish size refers to fork length for Atlantic cod; whole length for other species.

** Lower size for green salted fish.

ANNEX XII
Recording of Catch (Logbook Entries)

FISHING LOGBOOK ENTRIES

<u>Item of Information</u>	<u>Standard Code</u>
Vessel name	01
Vessel nationality	02
Vessel registration number	03
Registration port	04
Types of gear used (separate record for different gear types)	10
Type of gear	
Date - day	20
- month	21
- year	22
Position - latitude	31
- longitude	32
- statistical area	33
* ¹ No. of hauls during the 24-hour period	40
* ¹ No. of hours gear fished during the 24-hour period	41
Species names (Annex II)	
Daily catch of each species (metric tons round fresh weight)	50
Daily catch of each species for human consumption in the form of fish	61
Daily catch of each species for reduction	62
Daily discard of each species	63
Place(s) of transshipment	70
Date(s) of transshipment	71
Master's signature	80

Instructions: *¹ When two or more types of gear are used in the same 24-hour period, records should be separate for the different types.

Gear Codes

<i>Gear Categories</i>	<i>Standard Abbreviation Code</i>	<i>Gear Categories</i>	<i>Standard Abbreviation Code</i>
<i>SURROUNDING NETS</i>		<i>GILLNETS AND ENTANGLING NETS</i>	
With purse lines (purse seines)	PS	Set gillnets (anchored)	GNS
One boat operated purse seines	PS1	Drift nets	GND
Two boat operated purse seines	PS2		
Without purse lines (lampara)	LA	Encircling gillnets	GNC
		Fixed gillnets (on stakes)	GNF
<i>SEINE NETS</i>			
	SB	Trammel nets	GTR
Boat or vessel seines	SV	Combined gillnets-Trammel nets	GTN
Danish seines	SDN	Gillnets and entangling nets (not specified)	GEN
Scottish seines	SSC	Gillnets (not specified)	GN
Pair seines	SPR		
Seine nets (not specified)	SX	<i>TRAPS</i>	
		Stationary uncovered pound-nets	FPN
<i>TRAWLS</i>		Stationary uncovered pound-nets	FPN
Pots	FPO	Fyke nets	FYK
Bottom trawls		Stow nets	FSN
Beam trawls	TBB	Barriers, fences, weirs, etc.	FWR
Otter trawls <u>1/</u>	OTB	Aerial traps	FAR
Pair trawls	PTB	Traps (not specified)	FIX
Nephrops trawls	TBN		
Shrimp trawls	TBS	<i>HOOKS AND LINES</i>	
Bottom trawls (not specified)	TB	Hand-lines and pole-lines (hand operated) <u>2/</u>	LHP
Midwater trawls		Hand-lines and pole-lines (mechanized) <u>2/</u>	LHM
Otter trawls	OTM	Set lines (longlines set)	LLS
Pair trawls	PTM	Drifting longlines	LLD
Shrimp trawls	TMS	Longlines (not specified)	LL

Midwater trawls (not specified)	TM	Trolling lines	LTL
Otter twin trawls	OTT	Hooks and lines (not specified) <u>3/</u>	LX
Otter trawls (not specified)	OT		
Pair trawls (not specified)	PT	<i>GRAPPLING AND WOUNDING</i>	
Other trawls (not specified)	TX	Harpoons	HAR

DREDGES

Boat dredges	DRB	Pumps	HMP
Hand dredges	DRH	Mechanized dredges	HMD
		Harvesting machines (not specified)	HMX

HARVESTING MACHINES

LIFT NETS

Portable lift nets	LNP	<u>MISCELLANEOUS GEAR</u> <u>4/</u>	MIS
Boat operated lift nets	LNB		
Shore operated stationary lift nets	LNS	<i>RECREATIONAL FISHING GEAR</i>	RG
Lift nets (not specified)	LN		

GEAR NOT KNOWN OR NOT SPECIFIED NK

FALLING GEAR

Cast nets	FCN		
Falling Gear (not specified)	FG		

1/ Fisheries agencies may indicate side and stern bottom and side and stern midwater trawls, as OTB-1 and OTB-2, and OTM-1 and OTM-2, respectively.

2/ Including jigging lines.

3/ Code LDV for dory operated line gears will be maintained for historical data purposes.

4/ This item includes: hand and landing nets, drive-in-nets, gathering by hand with simple hand implements with or without diving equipment, poisons and explosives, trained animals, electrical fishing.

Fishing Vessel Codes

A. Main Vessel Types

FAO Code	Type of vessel	FAO Code	Type of vessel
BO	Protection vessel	NOX	Lift netter NEI
CO	Fish training vessel	PO	Vessel using pumps
DB	Dredger non continuous	SN	Seine netter
DM	Dredger continuous	SO	Seiner
DO	Beamer	SOX	Seiner NEI
DOX	Dredger NEI	SP	Purse seiner
FO	Fish carrier	SPE	Purse seiner european
FX	Fishing vessel NEI	SPT	Tuna purse seiner
GO	Gill netter	TO	Trawler
HOX	Mother ship NEI	TOX	Trawlers NEI
HSF	Factory mother ship	TS	Side trawler
KO	Hospital ship	TSF	Side trawler freezer
LH	Hand liner	TSW	Side trawler wetfish
LL	Long liner	TT	Stern trawler
LO	Liner	TTF	Stern trawler freezer
LP	Pole and line vessel	TTP	Stern trawler factory
LT	Troller	TU	Outrigger trawlers
MO	Multipurpose vessels	WO	Trap setter
MSN	Seiner hand liner	WOP	Pot vessels
MTG	Trawler drifter	WOX	Trap setters NEI
MTS	Trawler purse seiner	ZO	Fish research vessel
NB	Lift netter tender	DRN	Drifnetter
NO	Lift netter		

NEI = Not Elsewhere Identified

B. Main vessel activities

Alfa Code	Category
ANC	Anchoring
DRI	Drifting
FIS	Fishing
HAU	Hauling
PRO	Processing
STE	Steaming
TRX	Trans-shipping on or off loading
OTH	Others - to be specified

ANNEX XIII
NAFO area

The list that follows is a partial list of stocks that needs to be reported in accordance with Article 30 (2).		
ANG/N3NO.	<i>Lophius americanus</i>	American angler
CAA/N3LMN.	<i>Anarhichas lupus</i>	Atlantic wolffish
CAT/N3LMN.	<i>Anarhichas spp.</i>	Catfishes (Wolffishes) nei
HAD/N3NO.	<i>Melanogrammus aeglefinus</i>	Haddock
HAL/N23KL.	<i>Hippoglossus hippoglossus</i>	Atlantic halibut
HAL/N3M.	<i>Hippoglossus hippoglossus</i>	Atlantic halibut
HAL/N3NO.	<i>Hippoglossus hippoglossus</i>	Atlantic halibut
HKR/N2J3KL	<i>Urophycis chuss</i>	Red hake
HKR/N3MNO.	<i>Urophycis chuss</i>	Red hake
HKS/N3NLMO	<i>Merluccius bilinearis</i>	Silver hake
HKW/N2J3KL	<i>Urophycis tenuis</i>	White hake
RED/N3O.	<i>Sebastes spp.</i>	Atlantic redfish
RHG/N23.	<i>Macrourus berglax</i>	Roughhead grenadier
SKA/N2J3KL	<i>Raja spp.</i>	Skates
SKA/N3M.	<i>Raja spp.</i>	Skates
SKA/N3NO.	<i>Raja spp.</i>	Skates
VFF/N3LMN.	-	Fishes unsorted, unidentified
WIT/N3M.	<i>Glyptocephalus cynoglossus</i>	Witch flounder
YEL/N3M.	<i>Limanda ferruginea</i>	Yellow tail flounder

ANNEX XIV
Prohibition of directed fishing in CCAMLR area

Target species	Zone	Period of prohibition
<i>Notothenia rossii</i>	FAO 48.1 Antarctic, in the Peninsula Area FAO 48.2 Antarctic, around the South Orkneys FAO 48.3 Antarctic, around South Georgia	All year
Finfish	FAO 48.1 Antarctic ⁽¹⁾ FAO 48.2 Antarctic ⁽¹⁾	All year
<i>Gobionotothen gibberifrons</i> <i>Chaenocephalus aceratus</i> <i>Pseudochaenichthys georgianus</i> <i>Lepidonotothen squamifrons</i> <i>Patagonotothen guntheri</i>	FAO 48.3	All year
<i>Dissostichus spp</i>	FAO 48.5 Antarctic	1.12.2004 to 30.11.2005
<i>Dissostichus spp</i>	FAO 88.3 Antarctic ⁽¹⁾ FAO 58.5.1 Antarctic ^{(1) (2)} FAO 58.5.2 Antarctic east of 79°20'E and outside the EEZ to the west of 79°20'E ⁽¹⁾ FAO 88.2 Antarctic north of 65° S ⁽¹⁾ FAO 58.4.4 Antarctic ⁽¹⁾ FAO 58.6 Antarctic ⁽¹⁾ FAO 58.7 Antarctic ⁽¹⁾	All year
<i>Lepidonotothen squamifrons</i>	FAO 58.4.4 ⁽¹⁾	All year
All species except <i>Champscephalus gunnari</i> and <i>Dissostichus</i>	FAO 58.5.2 Antarctic	1.12.2004 to 30.11.2005

<i>eleginoides</i>		
<i>Dissostichus mawsoni</i>	FAO 48.4 Antarctic ⁽¹⁾	All year
(1) Except for scientific research purposes. (2) Excluding waters subject to national jurisdiction (EEZs).		

ANNEX XV

Catch and by-catch limits for new and exploratory fisheries in the Area of CCAMLR in

2004/05

Sub-area/ division	Region	Season	SSRU	<i>Dissostichus</i> spp. Catch Limit (tonnes)	By-catch Catch Limit (tonnes)		
					Skates and rays	<i>Macrou-</i> <i>us</i> spp.	Other species
58.4.1	All Division	1.12.2004 to 30.11.2005	A	0	All Division: 50	All Division: 96	All Division: 20
			B	0			
			C	200			
			D	0			
			E	200			
			F	0			
			G	200			
			H	0			
			Total Subarea	600			
58.4.2	All Division	1.12.2004 to 30.11.2005	A	260	All Division: 50	All Division: 124	All Division: 20
			B	0			
			C	260			
			D	0			
			E	260			
			Total Subarea	780			
58.4.3a)	All Division outside Areas of National Jurisdiction	1.05 to 31.08.2005	N/A	250	All Division: 50	All Division: 26	All Division: 20
58.4.3b)	All Division outside Areas of National Jurisdiction	1.05 to 31.08.2005	N/A	300	All Division: 50	All Division: 159	All Division: 20

88.1	All Subarea	1.12.2004 to 31.08.2005	A	0	(1)	(1)	0
			B	80	(1)	(1)	20
			C	223	(1)	(1)	20
			D	0	(1)	(1)	0
			E	57	(1)	(1)	20
			F	0	(1)	(1)	0
			G	83	(1)	(1)	20
			H	786	(1)	(1)	20
			I	776	(1)	(1)	20
			J	316	(1)	(1)	20
			K	749	(1)	(1)	20
			L	180	(1)	(1)	20
			Total Sub- area	3 250	163	520	

⁽¹⁾ Rules for catch limits for by-catch species per SSRU, applicable within total by-catch limits per Sub-area:

- Skates and rays: 5% of the catch limit for *Dissostichus* spp. or 50 tonnes, whichever is greatest
- *Macrourus* spp.: 16% of the catch limit for *Dissostichus* spp.
- Other species: 20 tonnes per SSRU.