



COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES

Brussels, 29.8.2001  
COM(2001) 492 final

2001/0198 (ACC)

Proposal for a

### **COUNCIL DECISION**

**on the conclusion of an Additional Protocol to the Interim Agreement between the European Community and their Member States, of the one part, and the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, of the other part, to take account of the outcome of the negotiations between the parties on reciprocal preferential concessions for certain wines and spirits, the reciprocal recognition, protection and control of wine names and the reciprocal recognition, protection and control of designations for spirits and aromatised drinks**

(presented by the Commission)

## **EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM**

1. The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, the other former Yugoslav Republics and Albania (since 2000) benefit from a duty-free access to the EU market for certain wines in the form of a global quota of 545 000 hl. This quota is granted by the European Community by means of an autonomous measure most recently renewed by Council Regulation (EC) No 2007/2000 of 18 September 2000 and as amended by Council Regulation (EC) No 2563/2000 of 20 November 2000. Exports of wine from the European Union to the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia do not benefit from preferential concessions.
2. On 11 March 1998, the Council authorised the Commission to enter into negotiations with the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia on a wine agreement with the following negotiation guidelines for:
  - a bilateral trade agreement on wine providing for reciprocal concessions to distribute the unilateral global quota of 545 000 hl allocated to States which had previously formed part of the former Socialist Federative Republic of Yugoslavia and Albania,
  - an agreement on reciprocal recognition, protection and control of wine names,
  - an agreement on reciprocal recognition, protection and control of designations of spirits and aromatised drinks.
3. On 24 January 2000 the Council authorised the Commission to enter into negotiations for a Stabilisation and Association Agreement with the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia. Article 27(4) of the Stabilisation and Association Agreement, which was initialled on 24 November 2000 and signed by Exchange of Letters in Luxembourg on 9 April 2001, provides that the trade arrangements to apply to wine and spirits products should be defined.
4. Pending the completion of the procedures necessary for the entry into force of the Stabilisation and Association Agreement, the provisions relating to trade and trade related matters have been put into effect by means of an Interim Agreement between the Community and the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, which entered into force on 1 June 2001. Article 14(4) of the Interim Agreement repeats the commitment to a wine and spirits agreement.
5. On 20 June 2001 and in accordance with the directives adopted by the Council, the Commission and the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia reached an agreement on a Protocol on wine and spirits regarding the new preferential trade regime and reciprocal protection and control of wine names and spirits designations. It is foreseen that the Protocol, composed of three agreements should enter into force on 1 January 2002. In order to ensure consistency within the overall stabilisation process, the results of these negotiations on wines and spirits should be integrated into the framework of the Stabilisation and Association Agreement and of the Interim Agreement in the form of an Additional Protocol. Regulation (EC) No 2007/2000 of 18 September 2000, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 2563/2000 of 20 November 2000, will have to be amended accordingly to take account of the yearly quota allocated to the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.

6. The purpose of this proposal is to ask the Council to approve these agreements with the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia in the form of an Additional Protocol to the Stabilisation and Association Agreement and to the Interim Agreement which entered into force on 1 June 2001.
7. The Council is requested to adopt the proposed Decision.

Proposal for a

## COUNCIL DECISION

**on the conclusion of an Additional Protocol to the Interim Agreement between the European Community and their Member States, of the one part, and the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, of the other part, to take account of the outcome of the negotiations between the parties on reciprocal preferential concessions for certain wines and spirits, the reciprocal recognition, protection and control of wine names and the reciprocal recognition, protection and control of designations for spirits and aromatised drinks**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community, and in particular Article 133, in conjunction with the first sentence of the first subparagraph of Article 300(2), and Article 300(4) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission<sup>1</sup>,

Whereas:

- (1) The Stabilisation and Association Agreement, establishing an association between the European Communities and their Member States, of the one part, and the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, of the other part, (hereinafter referred to as the Stabilisation and Association Agreement), was initialled on 24 November 2000 and signed by Exchange of Letters in Luxembourg on 9 April 2001. Article 27(4) of the Stabilisation and Association Agreement provides that the trade arrangements to apply to wine and spirits products still ought to be defined.
- (2) An Interim Agreement which ensures the development of trade links through the establishment of a contractual relation and which implements the provision of the Stabilisation and Association Agreement on trade and trade-related matters, entered into force 1 June 2001. Article 14(4) of the Interim Agreement repeats the commitment to a separate wine and spirits agreement.
- (3) In accordance with the Directives adopted by the Council on 11 March 1998, the Commission and the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia reached agreement on 20 June 2001 on new reciprocal trade concessions for certain wines and on the reciprocal recognition, protection and control of wine names and spirits designations. In order to ensure consistency within the overall stabilisation process, the results of these negotiations should be integrated into the framework of the Stabilisation and Association Agreement in the form of an Additional Protocol.

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<sup>1</sup> OJ C , p .

- (4) Provisions to adopt the implementing Regulations on preferential trade concessions provided for certain wines, should be made by the Commission, assisted by the Customs Code Committee set up by Article 248a of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2913/92 establishing the Community Customs Code<sup>2</sup>, notwithstanding Article 62 of Council Regulation (EC) No 1493/1999 of 17 May 1999 on the common organisation of the market in wine<sup>3</sup>. The Commission shall make the necessary amendments and technical adaptations to the implementing Regulations which might result from new preferential agreements, protocols, Exchanges of Letters or other acts concluded between the European Community and the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, or which are necessary following the changes to the Combined Nomenclature and Taric codes.
- (5) In order to facilitate the implementation of certain provisions of the Protocol, the Commission should be authorised to approve, on behalf of the Community, decisions establishing or amending the Annexes and Protocols to the Agreement on reciprocal recognition, protection and control of wine names (Annex 2 to the Protocol) and the Agreement on reciprocal recognition, protection and control of designations of spirits and aromatised drinks (Annex 3 to the Protocol). In adopting these acts, the Commission should be assisted by the Management Committee for Wine instituted by Article 74 of Regulation (EC) No 1493/1999 respectively by the Implementation Committee for Spirit Drinks instituted by Article 13 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1576/89 of 29 May 1989 laying down general rules on the definition, description and presentation of spirit drinks<sup>4</sup>.
- (6) Since the measures necessary for the implementation of this Decision are management measures within the meaning of Article 2 of Council Decision 1999/468/EC of 28 June 1999 laying down the procedures for the exercise of implementing powers conferred on the Commission<sup>5</sup>, they should be adopted by use of the management procedure provided for in Article 4 of that Decision.

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

#### *Article 1*

The “Additional Protocol to the Interim Agreement between the European Communities and their Member States, of the one part, and the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, of the other part, to take account of the outcome of the negotiations between the parties on reciprocal preferential concessions for certain wines and spirits, the reciprocal recognition, protection and control of wine names and the reciprocal recognition, protection and control of designations for spirits and aromatised drinks” (hereinafter referred to as "the Protocol"), is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Protocol is attached to this Decision.

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<sup>2</sup> OJ L 302, 19.10.1992, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 2700/2000 (OJ L 311, 12.12.2000, p. 17).

<sup>3</sup> OJ L 179, 14.7.1999, p. 1.

<sup>4</sup> OJ L 160, 12.6.1989, p. 1.

<sup>5</sup> OJ L 184, 17.7.1999, p. 23.

## *Article 2*

1. The President of the Council is hereby authorised to designate the person empowered to sign the Protocol on behalf of the Community.
2. The President of the Council shall, on behalf of the Community, make the notification of approval provided for in Article 3 of the Protocol.

## *Article 3*

Provisions for the application of the tariff quotas for certain wines provided in Annex 1 to the Protocol, as well as amendments and technical adaptations to the implementing Regulations necessary following changes to the Combined Nomenclature codes and to the Taric-subdivisions or arising from the conclusion of new agreements, protocols, Exchanges of Letters or other acts between the Community and the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, shall be adopted by the Commission according to the procedure set out in Article 4, notwithstanding Article 62 of Council Regulation (EC) No 1493/1999.

## *Article 4*

1. The Commission shall be assisted by the Customs Code Committee instituted by Article 248a of Regulation (EEC) No 2913/92.
2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Articles 4 and 7 of Decision 1999/468/EC shall apply.
3. The period provided for in Article 4(3) of Decision 1999/468/EC shall be three months.

## *Article 5*

For the purposes of Articles 13 and 14 of the Agreements on the reciprocal recognition, protection and control of wine names, the Commission shall conclude the necessary acts amending the Agreement according to the procedure set out in Article 6.

## *Article 6*

1. The Commission shall be assisted by the Management Committee for Wine instituted by Article 74 of Regulation (EC) No 1493/1999.
2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, the management procedure laid down in Article 4 of Decision 1999/468/EC shall apply, in compliance with Article 7(3) thereof.
3. The period provided for in Article 4(3) of Decision 1999/468/EC shall be one month.

*Article 7*

For the purposes of Articles 13 and 14 of the Agreement on the reciprocal recognition, protection and control of designations for spirits and aromatised drinks, the Commission shall conclude the necessary acts amending the Agreement according to the procedure set out in Article 8.

*Article 8*

1. The Commission shall be assisted by the Implementation Committee for Spirit Drinks instituted by Article 13 of Regulation (EC) No 1576/1989.
2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, the management procedure laid down in Article 4 of Decision 1999/468/EC shall apply, in compliance with Article 7(3) thereof.
3. The period provided for in Article 4(3) of Decision 1999/468/EC shall be one month.

*Article 9*

This Decision shall be published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

Done at Brussels,

*For the Council*  
*The President*

**ATTACHMENT**

**ADDITIONAL PROTOCOL**

**BETWEEN THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES AND THEIR MEMBER STATES, OF THE ONE PART, AND THE FORMER YUGOSLAV REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA, OF THE OTHER PART, TO TAKE ACCOUNT OF THE OUTCOME OF THE NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN THE PARTIES ON RECIPROCAL PREFERENTIAL CONCESSIONS FOR CERTAIN WINES AND SPIRITS, THE RECIPROCAL RECOGNITION, PROTECTION AND CONTROL OF WINE NAMES AND THE RECIPROCAL RECOGNITION, PROTECTION AND CONTROL OF DESIGNATIONS FOR SPIRITS AND AROMATISED DRINKS**

THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY, hereinafter referred to as “the Community”,

of the one part, and

THE FORMER YUGOSLAV REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA, hereinafter referred to as “the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia”,

of the other part,

hereinafter referred to as “the Contracting Parties”,

WHEREAS the Stabilisation and Association Agreement between the European Communities and their Member States, of the one part, and the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, of the other part, was signed by Exchange of Letters in Luxembourg on 9 April 2001,

WHEREAS Article 27(4) of the Stabilisation and Association Agreement provides that a wine and spirits agreement still ought to be negotiated,

WHEREAS an Interim Agreement which ensures the development of trade links through the establishment of a contractual relation and which implements the provision of the Stabilisation and Association Agreement on trade and trade-related matters, entered into force 1 June 2001. Article 14(4) of the Interim Agreement repeats the commitment to a separate wine and spirits agreement,

WHEREAS on this basis negotiations have been undertaken and were concluded between the Parties,

WHEREAS in order to ensure consistency within the overall stabilisation process, the wine and spirits agreement should be integrated into the framework of Interim Agreement in the form of a Protocol,

WHEREAS this Protocol on wines and spirits shall enter into force on 1 January 2002,

WHEREAS to this end it is necessary to implement as speedily as possible the provisions of this Protocol,



DESIROUS of improving the conditions for the marketing of wines, spirits and aromatised drinks on their respective markets, in accordance with the principles of quality, mutual benefit and reciprocity,

HAVING REGARD to the interest of both Contracting Parties in the reciprocal protection and control of wine names, designations for spirits and aromatised drinks,

HAVE AGREED AS FOLLOWS:

#### *Article 1*

A Protocol applicable for import of certain wines originating in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia and for import of certain wines originating in the Community has been established, including the following elements:

- (1) an Agreement on reciprocal trade concessions for certain wines (as described in Annex 1 to this Protocol);
- (2) an Agreement on reciprocal recognition, protection and control of wine names (as described in Annex 2 to this Protocol);
- (3) an Agreement on reciprocal recognition, protection and control of designations of spirits and aromatised drinks (as described in Annex 3 to this Protocol).

The lists referred to in Article 5 of the Agreement mentioned under (2) and in Article 5 of the Agreement mentioned under (3) shall be established at a later stage and approved according to the procedure foreseen in the respective Articles 13 and 14 of these Agreements.

#### *Article 2*

This Protocol shall form an integral part of the Interim Agreement. The Annexes to this Protocol shall form an integral part thereof.

#### *Article 3*

This Protocol shall be approved by the Community and the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia in accordance with their own procedures. The Contracting Parties shall take the necessary measures to implement this Protocol.

The Contracting Parties shall notify each other of the accomplishment of the corresponding procedures according to the first paragraph of Article 3.

#### *Article 4*

This Protocol shall enter into force on 1 January 2002.

*Article 5*

This Protocol shall be drawn up in duplicate in each of the official languages of the Parties, each of these texts being equally authentic.

Done at Brussels,

*For the European Community*

*For the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia*

## **ANNEX 1**

### **AGREEMENT**

#### **BETWEEN THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY AND THE FORMER YUGOSLAV REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA ON RECIPROCAL PREFERENTIAL TRADE CONCESSIONS FOR CERTAIN WINES**

1. Imports into the Community of the following products originating in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia shall be subject to the concessions set out below:

CN code	Description	Applicable duty	Year 2002 quantities (hl)	Yearly adjustments (hl)	Specific provisions
ex 2204 10	Quality sparkling wine	exemption	15 000	6 000	(1)
ex 2204 21	Wine of fresh grapes				
ex 2204 29	Wine of fresh grapes	exemption	285 000	-6 000	(1)

- (1) Consultations at the request of one of the Contracting Parties may be held to adapt the quotas by transferring quantities above 6 000 hl from the quota applying to position ex 2204 29 to the quota applying to positions ex 2204 10 and ex 2204 21.
2. The Community shall grant a preferential zero-duty within tariff quotas as mentioned under point 1, subject to the condition that no export subsidies shall be paid for exports of these quantities by the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.
3. Imports into the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia of the following products originating in the Community shall be subject to the concessions set out below :

FYROM customs tariff code	Description	Applicable duty	Year 2002 quantities (hl)	Yearly increase (hl)	Specific provisions
ex 2204 10	Quality sparkling wine	exemption	3 000	300	
ex 2204 21	Wine of fresh grapes				

4. The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia shall grant a preferential zero-duty within tariff quotas as mentioned under point 3, subject to the condition that no export subsidies shall be paid for exports of these quantities by the Community.
5. This Agreement shall cover wine
- (a) which has been produced from fresh grapes wholly produced and harvested in the territory of the Contracting Party in question, and

- (b) (i) originating in the EU, which has been produced in accordance with the rules governing the oenological practices and processes referred to in Title V of Council Regulation (EC) No 1493/1999;
  - (ii) originating in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, which has been produced in accordance with the rules governing the oenological practices and processes in conformity with the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonian law. These oenological rules referred to shall be in conformity with the Community legislation.
- 6. Imports of wine under the concessions provided in this Agreement will be subject to the presentation of a certificate issued by a mutually recognised official body appearing on the lists drawn up jointly, to the effect that the wine in question complies with point 5(b).
- 7. The Contracting Parties shall examine no later than in the first quarter of 2005 the opportunities for granting each other further concessions taking into account the development of wine trade between the Contracting Parties.
- 8. The Contracting Parties shall ensure that the benefits granted reciprocally are not called into question by other measures.
- 9. Consultations are to take place at the request of either Contracting Party on any problem relating to the way this Agreement operates.
- 10. This Agreement shall apply, on the one hand, in the territories in which the Treaty establishing the European Community is applied and under the conditions laid down in that Treaty and, on the other hand, in the territory of the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.

## **ANNEX 2**

### **AGREEMENT**

#### **BETWEEN THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY AND THE FORMER YUGOSLAV REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA ON THE RECIPROCAL RECOGNITION, PROTECTION AND CONTROL OF WINE NAMES**

### **ARTICLE 1**

#### **OBJECTIVES**

1. The Contracting Parties hereby agree, in accordance with the principles of non-discrimination and reciprocity, to recognise, protect and control names of wines originating in their territory on the conditions laid down herein.
2. The Contracting Parties shall take all general and specific measures necessary to ensure that the obligations laid down by this Agreement are fulfilled and that the objectives set out in this Agreement are attained.

### **ARTICLE 2**

#### **SCOPE AND COVERAGE**

This Agreement shall apply to wines falling under heading No 2204 of the International Convention on the Harmonised Commodity Description and Coding System ("Harmonised System"), done at Brussels on 14 June 1983.

### **ARTICLE 3**

#### **DEFINITIONS**

For the purposes of this Agreement and except where otherwise expressly provided herein:

- (a) "*wine originating in*" followed by the name of one of the Contracting Parties means a wine produced in the territory of the said Party from grapes which have been wholly harvested in its territory;
- (b) "*geographical indication*" means any indication, including an "Appellation of origin", as defined in Article 22 (1) of the Agreement on Trade Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights (hereinafter referred to as "the TRIPS agreement"), that is recognised by the laws or regulations of a Contracting Party for the purpose of describing and presenting a wine originating in the territory of that Contracting Party;
- (c) "*traditional expression*" means a traditionally used name, as specified in the Annex, referring in particular to the method of production or to the quality, colour or type of wine which is sufficiently distinctive and/or of established reputation and recognised by the laws and regulations of a Contracting Party for the purpose of describing and presenting of such a wine originating in the territory of that Contracting Party;

- (d) "*protected name*" means a geographical indication or a traditional expression as defined in paragraphs (b) and (c) respectively that is protected under this Agreement;
- (e) "*homonymous*" shall mean the same protected name, or a protected name so similar as to be likely to cause confusion, to denote different places of origin, or different wines originating in the respective territories of the Contracting Parties;
- (f) "*description*" means the words used to describe a wine on a label, or on the documents accompanying the transport of that wine, on commercial documents, particularly invoices and delivery notes, and in advertising;
- (g) "*labelling*" means all descriptions and other references , signs, designs or trade marks identifying a wine and appearing on the container, including its sealing device or the tag attached thereto and the sheathing covering the neck of bottles;
- (h) "*presentation*" means the words or signs used on containers, including their closure, on the labelling and on the packaging;
- (i) "*packaging*" means the protective wrappings such as paper, straw envelopes of all kinds, cartons and cases, used in the transport of one or more containers and/or for their presentation for sale to the final consumer;
- (j) "*trade mark*" shall mean:
  - a trade mark registered in terms of the legislation of a Contracting Party,
  - a common law trade mark which is recognised under the law of a Contracting Party; and
  - a well-known trademark referred to in Article 6bis of the Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property (1967).

## TITLE I

### RECIPROCAL PROTECTION OF WINE NAMES

#### ARTICLE 4

##### *PRINCIPLES*

1. Without prejudice to Articles 22 and 23 of the TRIPS Agreement, set out in Annex 1C of the Agreement establishing the World Trade Organisation, the Contracting Parties shall take all necessary measures, in accordance with this Annex, to ensure reciprocal protection of the names referred to in Article 5 which are used for the description and presentation of wines originating in the territory of the Contracting Parties. To that end, each Contracting Party shall provide the interested parties with the appropriate legal means to ensure effective protection and prevent geographical indications and traditional expressions from being used to identify wines not covered by the indications or the descriptions concerned.
2. In the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, the protected Community names:
  - (a) are reserved exclusively to the wines originating in the Community to which they apply, and
  - (b) may not be used otherwise than under the conditions laid down in the laws and regulations of the Community.
3. In the Community, the protected names of the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia:
  - (a) are reserved exclusively to the wines originating in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia to which they apply, and
  - (b) may not be used otherwise than under the conditions laid down in the laws and regulations of the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.
4. The protection provided for in this Agreement shall prohibit in particular any use of protected names for wines which do not originate in the geographical area indicated or in the place where the expression is traditionally used, and shall apply even when:
  - the true origin of the wine is indicated,
  - the geographical indication in question is used in translation,
  - the name is accompanied by terms such as 'kind', 'type', 'style', 'imitation', 'method' or other expressions of the sort.

5. In the case of homonymous geographical indications:
  - (a) where such indications protected under this Agreement are homonymous, protection shall be granted to each indication, provided it has been used traditionally and consistently and consumers are not misled as to the true origin of the wine;
  - (b) where such indications protected under this Agreement are homonymous with the name of a geographical area outside the territory of the Parties, the latter name may be used to describe and present a wine produced in the geographical area to which the name refers, provided it is traditionally and consistently used, its use for that purpose is regulated by the country of origin and consumers are not misled into believing that the wine originates in the territory of the Party concerned.
6. In the case of homonymous traditional expressions:
  - (a) where such expressions protected under this Agreement are homonymous, protection shall be granted to each expression, provided it has been used traditionally and consistently and consumers are not misled as to the true origin of the wine;
  - (b) where such expressions protected under this Agreement are homonymous with the name used for a wine not originating in the territory of the Parties, the latter name may be used to describe and present a wine, provided it is traditionally and consistently used, its use for that purpose is regulated by the country of origin and consumers are not misled into believing that the wine originates in the territory of the Party concerned.
7. Each of the Contracting Parties shall, where necessary, lay down the practical conditions of use to enable a distinction to be drawn between the homonymous indications or expressions referred to in paragraphs 5 and 6, bearing in mind the need to treat the producers concerned fairly and to ensure that consumers are not misled.
8. The provisions of this Agreement shall in no way prejudice the right of any person to use, in the course of trade, their name or the name of their predecessor in business, except where such name is used in such a manner as to mislead consumers.
9. Nothing in this Agreement shall oblige a Contracting Party to protect a geographical indication or traditional expression of the other Contracting Party which is not or ceases to be protected in its country of origin or which has fallen into disuse in that country.
10. The Contracting Parties hereby waive their right to invoke Article 24(4) to (7) of the TRIPs Agreement in order to refuse to grant protection to a name, from the other Party, for products covered by this agreement.



## **ARTICLE 5**

### ***PROTECTED NAMES***

The following names shall be protected with regard to wines:

- (a) originating in the Community:
  - references to the name of the Member State in which the wine originates,
  - the geographical indications and traditional expressions appearing in the Annex;
- (b) originating in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia:
  - the name “the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia” or any other name designating that country,
  - the geographical indications and traditional expressions appearing in the Annex.

## **ARTICLE 6**

### ***TRADEMARKS***

1. The registration of a trade mark for a wine which contains or consists of a protected name under this Agreement shall be refused or, at the request of the party concerned, invalidated if:
  - the wine in question does not originate in the place to which the geographical indication refers
  - or, as the case may be,
  - the wine in question is not one to which the traditional expression is reserved.
2. However, a trade mark registered in good faith no later than 31 December 1995 may be used until 31 December 2005, provided it has actually been in continuous use since being registered.

## **ARTICLE 7**

### ***EXPORTS***

The Contracting Parties shall take all measures necessary to ensure that in cases where wines originating in the Contracting Parties are exported and marketed outside of their territories, the protected names of one Contracting Party referred to in article 5 are not used to describe and present a wine originating in the other Contracting Party.

## **ARTICLE 8**

### ***EXTENSION OF PROTECTION***

In so far as the relevant legislation of the Contracting Parties permits, the benefit of the protection afforded by this Agreement shall extend to natural and legal persons, federations, associations and organisations of producers, traders or consumers whose head offices are located in the territory of the other Contracting Party.

## **ARTICLE 9**

### ***ENFORCEMENT***

1. If the appropriate competent authority, designated in accordance with Article 11, becomes aware that the description or presentation of a wine, in particular on the labelling, in official or commercial documents or in advertising, is in breach of this Agreement, the Contracting Parties shall apply the necessary administrative measures and/or shall initiate legal proceedings with a view to combating unfair competition or preventing the wrongful use of the protected name in any other way.
2. The measures and proceedings referred to in paragraph 1 shall be taken in particular in the following cases:
  - (a) where the translation of descriptions provided for by Community or the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonian legislation into the language or languages of the other Contracting Party results in the appearance of a word which is liable to be misleading as to the origin, nature or quality of the wine thus described or presented;
  - (b) where descriptions, trade marks, names, inscriptions or illustrations which directly or indirectly give false or misleading information as to the provenance, origin, nature, vine variety or material qualities of the wine appear on containers or packaging, in advertising or in official or commercial documents relating to wines whose names are protected under this Agreement;
  - (c) where, for packaging, containers are used which are misleading as to the origin of the wine.
3. The application of paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not prejudice the possibilities of the persons and entities referred to in Article 8 to take appropriate actions in the Contracting Parties, including recourse to the courts.

## **ARTICLE 10**

### ***OTHER INTERNAL LEGISLATION AND INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS***

Unless otherwise agreed by the Contracting Parties, this Agreement shall not preclude any more extensive protection afforded, now or in the future, to names protected by this Agreement, by the Contracting Parties under their internal legislation or other international agreements.

## **TITLE II**

### **CONTROLS AND MUTUAL ASSISTANCE BETWEEN COMPETENT AUTHORITIES**

#### **ARTICLE 11**

##### ***ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITIES***

1. Each Contracting Party shall designate the authorities to be responsible for the application of this Agreement. Where a Contracting Party designates more than one competent authority, it shall ensure the co-ordination of the work of these authorities. For this purpose, a single authority shall be designated.
2. The Contracting Parties shall inform one another of the names and addresses of these authorities not later than two months after this Agreement comes into force. There shall be close and direct co-operation between these authorities.

#### **ARTICLE 12**

##### ***INFRINGEMENT***

1. If one of the authorities referred to in Article 11 has reason to suspect that:
  - (a) a wine being or having been traded between the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia and the Community does not comply with this Agreement or with provisions laid down in the laws and regulations of the Contracting Parties, and
  - (b) this non-compliance is of particular interest to the other Contracting Party and could result in administrative measures and/or legal proceedings being taken,it shall immediately inform the Commission and the relevant authority or authorities of the other Party.
2. The information to be provided in accordance with paragraph 1 shall be accompanied by official, commercial or other appropriate documents, with details of any administrative measures or legal proceedings that may, if necessary, be taken. The information shall include, in particular, the following details concerning the wine in question:
  - (a) the producer and the person who has power of disposal over this wine;
  - (b) the composition and organoleptic characteristics of this wine;
  - (c) its description and presentation;
  - (d) details of the non-compliance with the rules concerning production and marketing.

### **TITLE III**

## **MANAGEMENT OF THE AGREEMENT**

### **ARTICLE 13**

#### ***WORKING GROUP***

1. Pending the entry into force of the Stabilisation and Association Agreement, a Working Group, functioning under the auspices of the existing Working Party created by Decision No 1/98 of the Cooperation Council<sup>6</sup> established by the Cooperation Agreement between the European Community and the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia signed by exchange of letters on 29 April 1997<sup>7</sup>, shall be established.
2. The Working Group shall see to the proper functioning of this Agreement and shall examine all questions which may arise in implementing it. In particular, the Working Group may make recommendations which would contribute to the attainment of the objectives of this Agreement.

### **ARTICLE 14**

#### ***TASKS OF THE CONTRACTING PARTIES***

1. The Contracting Parties shall, either directly or through the Working Group, referred to in Article 13, maintain contact on all matters relating to the implementation and the functioning of this Agreement.
2. In particular, the Contracting Parties shall:
  - (a) establish and amend the Annexes and the Protocol of this Agreement by mutual decision to take account of any amendments to the laws and regulations of the Contracting Parties;
  - (b) inform each other of the intention to decide new regulations or amendments of existing regulations of public policy concern, such as health or consumer protection, with implications for the wine market;
  - (c) notify each other of judicial decisions concerning the application of this Agreement and inform each other of measures adopted on the basis of such decisions;
  - (d) consult with each other, if necessary, on the decisions taken with regard to the application of Article 4(7).

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<sup>6</sup> OJ L190, 4.7.1998, p. 48.

<sup>7</sup> OJ L 348, 18.12.1997, p. 1.

3. Within the framework of this Agreement, either of the Contracting Parties may put forward suggestions for widening the scope of their co-operation in the wine market, taking into account the experience gained in its application.

## **TITLE IV**

### **GENERAL PROVISIONS**

#### **ARTICLE 15**

##### ***TRANSIT SMALL QUANTITIES***

This Agreement shall not apply to wines which:

- (a) pass in transit through the territory of one of the Contracting Parties, or
- (b) originate in the territory of one of the Contracting Parties and which are consigned in small quantities between those Contracting Parties under the conditions and according to the procedures provided for in the Protocol.

#### **ARTICLE 16**

##### ***TERRITORIAL APPLICATION***

This Agreement shall apply, on the one hand, to the territories to which the Treaty establishing the European Community applies and under the conditions laid down in that Treaty and, on the other hand, to the territory of the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.

#### **ARTICLE 17**

##### ***FAILURE TO COMPLY***

1. The Contracting Parties shall enter into consultations if one of them considers that the other has failed to fulfil an obligation under this Agreement.
2. The Contracting Party which requests the consultations shall provide the other Party with all the information necessary for a detailed examination of the case in question.
3. In cases where any delay could endanger human health or impair the effectiveness of measures to control fraud, appropriate interim protective measures may be taken, without prior consultation, provided that consultations are held immediately after the taking of these measures.
4. If, following the consultations provided for in paragraphs 1 and 3, the Contracting Parties have not reached agreement, the Party which requested the consultations or which took the measures referred to in paragraph 3 may take appropriate protective measures so as to permit the proper application of this Agreement.

**ARTICLE 18**

***MARKETING OF PRE-EXISTING STOCKS***

1. Wines which, at the time of the entry into force of this Agreement, have been produced, prepared, described and presented in compliance with the internal laws and regulations of the Parties but are prohibited by this Agreement may be sold until stocks run out.
  
2. Except where provisions to the contrary are adopted by the Contracting Parties, wines which have been produced, prepared, described and presented in compliance with this Agreement but whose production, preparation, description and presentation cease to comply therewith as a result of an amendment thereto may continue to be marketed until stocks run out.

## **PROTOCOL TO THE AGREEMENT**

### **BETWEEN THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY AND THE FORMER YUGOSLAV REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA ON THE RECIPROCAL RECOGNITION, PROTECTION AND CONTROL OF WINE NAMES**

#### **THE CONTRACTING PARTIES HEREBY AGREE AS FOLLOWS:**

Pursuant to Article 15 (b) of the Agreement, the following products referred to wines shall be considered to be small quantities:

1. quantities in labelled containers of not more than 5 litres fitted with a non-reusable closing device where the total quantity transported, whether or not made up of separate consignments, does not exceed 50 litres;
2.
  - (a) quantities which are contained in the personal luggage of travellers in quantities not exceeding 30 litres;
  - (b) quantities which are sent in consignments from one private individual to another in quantities not exceeding 30 litres;
  - (c) quantities which are forming part of the belongings of private individuals who are moving house;
  - (d) quantities which are imported for the purpose of scientific or technical experiments, subject to a maximum of 1 hectolitre;
  - (e) quantities which are imported for diplomatic, consular or similar establishments as part of their duty-free allowance;
  - (f) quantities which are held on board international means of transport as victualling supplies.

The case of exemption referred to in paragraph 1 may not be combined with one or more of the cases of exemption referred to in paragraph 2.



### **ANNEX 3**

#### **AGREEMENT**

#### **BETWEEN THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY AND THE FORMER YUGOSLAV REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA ON THE RECIPROCAL RECOGNITION, PROTECTION AND CONTROL OF DESIGNATIONS FOR SPIRITS AND AROMATISED DRINKS**

#### **ARTICLE 1**

##### ***OBJECTIVES***

1. The Contracting Parties hereby agree, in accordance with the principles of non-discrimination and reciprocity, to recognise, protect and control designations for spirits and aromatised drinks originating in their territory on the basis of the conditions laid down herein.
2. The Contracting Parties shall take all general and specific measures necessary to ensure that the obligations laid down by this Agreement are fulfilled and that the objectives set out in this Agreement are attained.

#### **ARTICLE 2**

##### ***SCOPE AND COVERAGE***

This Agreement applies to the following products:

- (a) Spirits drinks as defined:
  - for the Community, in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1576/89<sup>8</sup>, as last amended by the Act concerning the Conditions of Accession of the Republic of Austria, the Republic of Finland and the Kingdom of Sweden,
  - for the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, in the Regulation on the quality of spirits (Official Journal of the Socialist Federative Republic of Yugoslavia No 16/88) as last amended by the Regulation on the quality of spirits (Official Journal of the Socialist Federative Republic of Yugoslavia No 63/88),
  - and falling within heading No 2208 of the International Convention on the Harmonised Commodity Description and Coding System, done at Brussels on 14 June 1983;
- (b) Aromatised wines, aromatised wine-based drinks and aromatised wine-product cocktails, hereinafter called "aromatised drinks", as defined:

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<sup>8</sup> OJ L 160, 12.6.1989, p. 1.

- for the Community, in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1601/91<sup>9</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 2061/96,
- for the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, in the Regulation on the quality of wines (Official Journal of the Socialist Federative Republic of Yugoslavia, No 17/81) as last amended by the Regulation for the quality of wines (Official Journal of the Socialist Federative Republic of Yugoslavia No 14/89).

and covered by headings Nos 2205 and ex 2206 of the International Convention on the Harmonised Commodity Description and Coding System, done at Brussels on 14 June 1983.

### ARTICLE 3

#### **DEFINITIONS**

For the purposes of this Agreement:

- (a) "*spirit drink originating in*", followed by the name of one of the Contracting Parties, means a *spirit* drink produced in the territory of that Party;
- (b) "*aromatised drinks originating in*", followed by the name of one of the Contracting Parties, means an aromatised drink produced in the territory of that Party;
- (c) "*description*" means the words used on labelling, on documents accompanying *spirits* or aromatised drinks during transport, on commercial documents, particularly invoices and delivery notes, and in advertising;
- (d) "*labelling*" means all descriptions and other references, signs, symbols, illustrations or trade marks identifying *spirits* and aromatised drinks and appearing on the container, including the sealing device or the tag attached thereto, and the sheathing covering the neck of bottles;
- (e) "*presentation*" means the words or signs used on containers, including their closure, on the labelling and on the packaging;
- (f) "*packaging*" means the protective wrappings such as paper, straw wrapping of all kinds, cartons and cases, used in the transport of one or more containers and/or in their presentation for sale to the final consumer;
- (g) "*trade mark*" shall mean:
  - a trade mark registered in terms of the legislation of a Contracting Party,
  - a common law trade mark which is recognised under the law of a Contracting Party, and
  - a well-known trademark referred to in Article 6*bis* of the Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property (1967).

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<sup>9</sup> OJ L 149, 14.6.1991, p. 1.

## TITLE I

### RECIPROCAL PROTECTION OF DESIGNATIONS OF SPIRITS AND AROMATISED DRINKS

#### ARTICLE 4

##### *PRINCIPLES*

1. Without prejudice to Articles 22 and 23 of the Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights set out in Annex 1C of the Agreement establishing the World Trade Organisation (hereinafter called "the TRIPS Agreement"), the Parties shall take all the necessary measures, in accordance with this Annex, to ensure reciprocal protection of the designations referred to in Article 5 and used to describe spirits and aromatised drinks originating in the territory of the Parties. To that end, each Party shall provide the interested parties with the appropriate legal means for preventing the use of a designation to identify spirits or aromatised drinks not originating in the place indicated by the designation in question or in the place where the designation in question is traditionally used.
2. In the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, the protected Community designations:
  - may not be used otherwise than under the conditions laid down in the laws and regulations of the Community, and
  - shall be reserved exclusively for the spirits and aromatised drinks originating in the Community to which they apply.
3. In the Community, the protected Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonian designations:
  - may not be used otherwise than under the conditions laid down in the laws and regulations of the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, and
  - shall be reserved exclusively for the spirits and aromatised drinks originating in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia to which they apply.
4. The protection provided for in this Agreement shall prohibit in particular any use of protected designations for spirits and aromatised drinks which do not originate in the geographical area indicated or in the place where the designation is traditionally used, and shall apply even when:
  - the true origin of the spirits and aromatised drinks is indicated,
  - the geographical indication in question is used in translation,
  - the name is accompanied by terms such as 'kind', 'type', 'style', 'imitation', 'method' or other expressions of the sort.

5. In cases of homonymous designations for spirits and aromatised drinks, protection shall be accorded to each designation. The Parties shall lay down the practical conditions under which the homonymous designations in question are to be differentiated from each other, taking into account the need to treat the producers concerned fairly and to avoid misleading the consumer.
6. The provisions of this Agreement shall in no way prejudice the right of any person to use, for trade purposes, their own name or the name of the person whose business they have taken over, provided that such names are not used in a way that misleads consumers.
7. Nothing in this Agreement shall oblige a Party to protect any designation of the other Party which is not protected or ceases to be protected in its country of origin or which has fallen into disuse in that country.
8. The Contracting Parties hereby waive their right to invoke Article 24 (4) to (7) of the TRIPS Agreement in order to refuse to grant protection to designations from the other Party.

#### **ARTICLE 5**

#### ***PROTECTED DESIGNATIONS***

The following designations shall be protected:

- (a) as regards spirits drinks originating in the Community, the designations listed in Annex 1;
- (b) as regards spirits drinks originating in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, the designations listed in Annex 2;
- (c) as regards aromatised drinks originating in the Community, the designations listed in Annex 3;
- (d) as regards aromatised drinks originating in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, the designations listed in Annex 4.

#### **ARTICLE 6**

#### ***TRADEMARKS***

1. The registration of a trade mark for a spirits or aromatised drink which contains or consists of a designation as referred to in Article 5 shall be refused or, at the request of an interested party, be invalidated, with respect to such spirits not originating in the place indicated by the designation.
2. Notwithstanding paragraph 1, a trade mark registered in good faith by 31 December 1995 at latest, may be used until 31 December 2005, provided it has been used effectively without interruption since its registration.

## **ARTICLE 7**

### ***EXPORTS***

The Parties shall take all measures necessary to ensure that, in cases where spirits or aromatised drinks originating in the territory of the Parties are exported and marketed outside their territory, the designations of one Party protected under this Agreement are not used to designate and present spirits or aromatised drinks originating in the other Party.

## **ARTICLE 8**

### ***EXTENSION OF PROTECTION***

To the extent that the relevant legislation of the Parties allows, the benefit of the protection afforded by this Agreement shall cover natural and legal persons and federations, associations and organisations of producers, traders and consumers whose head offices are located in the territory of the other Party.

## **ARTICLE 9**

### ***ENFORCEMENT***

1. If the appropriate competent authority, designated in accordance with Article 11, becomes aware that the description or presentation of a spirits or aromatised drink, in particular on the labelling, in official or commercial documents or in advertising, is in breach of this Agreement, the Parties shall apply the necessary administrative measures and/or shall initiate suitable legal proceedings with a view to combating unfair competition or preventing the wrongful use of the protected designation in any other way.
2. The measures and proceedings referred to in paragraph 1 shall be taken in particular in the following cases:
  - (a) where the translation of designations provided for by Community or the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonian legislation into the language or languages of the other Contracting Party results in the appearance of a word which is liable to be misleading as to the origin, nature or quality of the spirits or aromatised drinks thus identified;
  - (b) where descriptions, trade marks, words, inscriptions or illustrations which directly or indirectly give false or misleading information as to the origin, nature, material qualities of the spirits or aromatised drink appear on containers or packaging, in advertising or in official or commercial documents relating to designations protected under this Agreement;
  - (c) where, for packaging, containers are used which are misleading as to the origin of the spirits or aromatised drink.
3. The application of paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not prejudice the possibilities of the persons and entities referred to in Article 8 to take appropriate actions in the Contracting Parties, including recourse to the Courts.

**ARTICLE 10**

***OTHER INTERNAL LEGISLATION AND INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS***

Unless otherwise agreed by the Contracting Parties, this Agreement shall not preclude any more extensive protection afforded, now or in the future, to designations protected by this Agreement by the Contracting Parties under their internal legislation or other international agreements.

## **TITLE II**

### **CONTROLS AND MUTUAL ASSISTANCE BETWEEN COMPETENT AUTHORITIES**

#### **ARTICLE 11**

##### ***ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITIES***

1. The Contracting Parties shall each designate the authorities responsible for the enforcement of this Agreement. Where a Contracting Party designates more than one competent authority, it shall ensure the co-ordination of the work of these authorities. For this purpose, a single authority shall be designated.
2. The Parties shall inform one another of the names and addresses of the above authorities not later than two months after this Agreement comes into force. These authorities shall co-operate closely and directly with each other.

#### **ARTICLE 12**

##### ***INFRINGEMENT***

1. If one of the authorities referred to in Article 11 has reason to suspect that:
  - (a) a spirits or aromatised drink as defined in Article 2, being or having been traded between the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia and the Community, does not comply with this Agreement or with provisions, laid down in the laws and regulations of the Contracting parties, applicable to spirits and aromatised drinks, and
  - (b) this non-compliance is of particular interest to the other Contracting Party and could result in administrative measures and/or legal proceedings being taken,it shall immediately inform the Commission and the relevant authority or authorities of the other Party.
2. The information to be provided in accordance with paragraph 1 shall be accompanied by official, commercial or other appropriate documents, with details of any administrative measures or legal proceedings that may, if necessary, be taken. The information shall include, in particular, the following details concerning the spirits or aromatised drink in question:
  - (a) the producer and the person who has power of disposal over the spirits or aromatised drink;
  - (b) the composition and organoleptic characteristics of that drink;
  - (c) its description and presentation;
  - (d) details of the non-compliance with the rules concerning production and marketing.

## **TITLE III**

### **MANAGEMENT OF THE AGREEMENT**

#### **ARTICLE 13**

##### ***WORKING GROUP***

1. Pending the entry into force of the Stabilisation and Association Agreement, a Working Group, functioning under the auspices of the existing Working Party created by Decision No 1/98 of the Cooperation Council<sup>10</sup> established by the Cooperation Agreement between the European Community and the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia signed by exchange of letters on 29 April 1997<sup>11</sup>, shall be established.
2. The Working Group shall see to the proper functioning of this Agreement and shall examine all questions which may arise in implementing it. In particular, the Working Group may make recommendations which would contribute to the attainment of the objectives of this Agreement.

#### **ARTICLE 14**

##### ***TASKS OF THE CONTRACTING PARTIES***

1. The Contracting Parties shall, either directly or through the Working Group, referred to in Article 13, maintain contact on all matters relating to the implementation and the functioning of this Agreement.
2. In particular, the Contracting Parties shall:
  - (a) establish and amend the Annexes and the Protocol of this Agreement by mutual decision to take account of any amendments to the laws and regulations of the Contracting Parties;
  - (b) inform each other of the intention to decide new regulations or amendments of existing regulations of public policy concern, such as health or consumer protection, with implications for the spirits and aromatised drinks market;
  - (c) notify each other of judicial decisions concerning the application of this Agreement and inform each other of measures adopted on the basis of such decisions.

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<sup>10</sup> OJ L 190, 4.7.1998, p. 48.

<sup>11</sup> OJ L 348, 18.12.1997, p. 1.



3. Within the framework of this Agreement, either of the Contracting Parties may put forward suggestions for widening the scope of their co-operation in the spirits and aromatised drinks market, taking into account the experience gained in its application.

## **TITLE IV**

### **GENERAL PROVISIONS**

#### **ARTICLE 15**

##### ***TRANSIT-SMALL QUANTITIES***

This Agreement shall not apply to spirits and aromatised drinks which:

- (a) pass in transit through the territory of one of the Contracting Parties, or
- (b) originate in the territory of one of the Contracting Parties and which are consigned in small quantities between those Contracting Parties under the conditions and according to the procedures provided for in the Protocol.

#### **ARTICLE 16**

##### ***TERRITORIAL APPLICATION***

This Agreement shall apply, on the one hand, to the territories to which the Treaty establishing the European Community applies and under the conditions laid down in that treaty and, on the other hand, to the territory of the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.

#### **ARTICLE 17**

##### ***FAILURE TO COMPLY***

1. The Contracting Parties shall enter into consultations if either considers that the other has failed to fulfil an obligation under this Agreement.
2. The Contracting Party which requests the consultations shall provide the other with all information necessary for a detailed examination of the case in question.
3. In cases where any delay could endanger human health or impair the effectiveness of measures to control fraud, appropriate interim protective measures may be taken, without prior consultation, provided that consultations are held immediately after such measures are taken.
4. If, following the consultations provided for in paragraph 1 and 3, the Contracting Parties have not reached agreement, the Party which has requested the consultations or taken the measures referred to in paragraph 3 may take appropriate safeguard measures so as to permit the proper application of this Agreement.

#### **ARTICLE 18**

##### ***MARKETING OF PRE-EXISTING STOCKS***

1. Spirits and aromatised drinks which, at the time of entry into force of this agreement, have been legally produced, described and presented, in accordance with the internal laws and regulations of the Contracting Parties, but which may be prohibited by this

Agreement may be marketed by wholesalers for a period of one year from the entry into force of the Agreement and by retailers until stocks are exhausted. From the entry into force of this Agreement, spirits and aromatised drinks included herein may no longer be produced outside the limits of their regions of origin.

2. Spirits and aromatised drinks produced, described and presented in accordance with this agreement whose description and presentation cease to comply with this Agreement following an amendment thereto may continue to be marketed until stocks are exhausted, unless otherwise agreed by the Contracting Parties.

## **PROTOCOL TO THE AGREEMENT**

### **BETWEEN THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY AND THE FORMER YUGOSLAV REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA ON THE RECIPROCAL RECOGNITION, PROTECTION AND CONTROL OF DESIGNATIONS FOR SPIRITS AND AROMATISED DRINKS**

#### **THE CONTRACTING PARTIES HEREBY AGREE AS FOLLOWS:**

Pursuant to Article 15 (b) of the Agreement, the following products referred to spirits and aromatised drinks shall be considered to be small quantities:

1. quantities in labelled containers of not more than 5 litres fitted with a non-reusable closing device where the total quantity transported, whether or not made up of separate consignments, does not exceed 10 litres;
2.
  - (a) quantities which are contained in the personal luggage of travellers in quantities not exceeding 10 litres;
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# FINANCIAL STATEMENT

1. BUDGET HEADING: Chapter 10 – Agricultural duties	APPROPRIATIONS: EUR 1 180 million																																												
2. TITLE: Council Decision on the conclusion of an Additional Protocol to the Interim Agreement between the European Community and their Member States, of the one part, and the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, of the other part, to take account of the outcome of the negotiations between the parties on reciprocal preferential concessions for certain wines and spirits, the reciprocal recognition, protection and control of wine names and the reciprocal recognition, protection and control of designations for spirits and aromatised drinks.																																													
3. LEGAL BASIS: Article 133 of the Treaty																																													
4. AIMS OF MEASURE: To establish reciprocal agricultural concessions for certain wines and spirits between the EU and the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.																																													
5. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 45%;"></th> <th style="width: 12.5%;">PERIOD OF 12 MONTHS (EUR million)</th> <th style="width: 12.5%;">CURRENT FINANCIAL YEAR 2001 (EUR million)</th> <th style="width: 12.5%;">FOLLOWING FINANCIAL YEAR 2002 (EUR million)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">5.0 EXPENDITURE</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">- CHARGED TO THE EC BUDGET (REFUNDS/INTERVENTION)</td> <td style="text-align: center;">-</td> <td style="text-align: center;">-</td> <td style="text-align: center;">-</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">- NATIONAL ADMINISTRATION</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">- OTHER</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">5.1 REVENUE</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">- OWN RESOURCES OF THE EC (LEVIES/CUSTOMS DUTIES)</td> <td style="text-align: center;">-</td> <td style="text-align: center;">-</td> <td style="text-align: center;">-</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">- NATIONAL</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">5.0.1 ESTIMATED EXPENDITURE</td> <td style="text-align: center;">2003</td> <td style="text-align: center;">2004</td> <td style="text-align: center;">2005</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">5.1.1 ESTIMATED REVENUE</td> <td style="text-align: center;">-</td> <td style="text-align: center;">-</td> <td style="text-align: center;">-</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">5.1.1 ESTIMATED REVENUE</td> <td style="text-align: center;">-</td> <td style="text-align: center;">-</td> <td style="text-align: center;">-</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		PERIOD OF 12 MONTHS (EUR million)	CURRENT FINANCIAL YEAR 2001 (EUR million)	FOLLOWING FINANCIAL YEAR 2002 (EUR million)	5.0 EXPENDITURE				- CHARGED TO THE EC BUDGET (REFUNDS/INTERVENTION)	-	-	-	- NATIONAL ADMINISTRATION				- OTHER				5.1 REVENUE				- OWN RESOURCES OF THE EC (LEVIES/CUSTOMS DUTIES)	-	-	-	- NATIONAL				5.0.1 ESTIMATED EXPENDITURE	2003	2004	2005	5.1.1 ESTIMATED REVENUE	-	-	-	5.1.1 ESTIMATED REVENUE	-	-	-
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5.2 METHOD OF CALCULATION:																																													
6.0 CAN THE PROJECT BE FINANCED FROM APPROPRIATIONS ENTERED IN THE RELEVANT CHAPTER OF THE CURRENT BUDGET?	YES																																												
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6.2 IS A SUPPLEMENTARY BUDGET NECESSARY?	NO																																												
6.3 WILL FUTURE BUDGET APPROPRIATIONS BE NECESSARY?	NO																																												
OBSERVATIONS: The proposed measure explicitly allocates part of the existing quota of 545 000 hl to the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia. There is, therefore, no additional financial impact.																																													