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Conformément au règlement (CEE, Euratom) n° 354/83 du Conseil du 1er février 1983 concernant l'ouverture au public des archives historiques de la Communauté économique européenne et de la Communauté européenne de l'énergie atomique (JO L 43 du 15.2.1983, p. 1), tel que modifié par le règlement (CE, Euratom) n° 1700/2003 du 22 septembre 2003 (JO L 243 du 27.9.2003, p. 1), ce dossier est ouvert au public. Le cas échéant, les documents classifiés présents dans ce dossier ont été déclassifiés conformément à l'article 5 dudit règlement.

In accordance with Council Regulation (EEC, Euratom) No 354/83 of 1 February 1983 concerning the opening to the public of the historical archives of the European Economic Community and the European Atomic Energy Community (OJ L 43, 15.2.1983, p. 1), as amended by Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 1700/2003 of 22 September 2003 (OJ L 243, 27.9.2003, p. 1), this file is open to the public. Where necessary, classified documents in this file have been declassified in conformity with Article 5 of the aforementioned regulation.

In Übereinstimmung mit der Verordnung (EWG, Euratom) Nr. 354/83 des Rates vom 1. Februar 1983 über die Freigabe der historischen Archive der Europäischen Wirtschaftsgemeinschaft und der Europäischen Atomgemeinschaft (ABI. L 43 vom 15.2.1983, S. 1), geändert durch die Verordnung (EG, Euratom) Nr. 1700/2003 vom 22. September 2003 (ABI. L 243 vom 27.9.2003, S. 1), ist diese Datei der Öffentlichkeit zugänglich. Soweit erforderlich, wurden die Verschlusssachen in dieser Datei in Übereinstimmung mit Artikel 5 der genannten Verordnung freigegeben.

COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES

COM(81) 246 final Brussels, 14 May 1981

Proposal for a COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC)

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for shery falling within heading No ex 22.05 of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Spain (1980/81)

Proposal for a COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC)

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for Malaga wines falling within heacing No ex 22.0 of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Spain (1980/81)

Proposal for a COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC)

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for wines from Jumilla, Priorato, Rioja and Valdepenas falling within heading No ex 22.05 of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Spain (1980/81)

(submitted to the Council by the Commission)

Sorti du Secrétarial Général

COM(81) 246 final

EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM

1. When the Agreement between the EEC and Spain has been signed in 1970, the original Community bound itself to grant a preferentail tariff, regime to the importations into the Community of certain wines originating in Spain. Just now, this engagement and the Regulation (EEC) No 3559/80 establishing the arrangements applicable to trade between Greece and Spain lead to the annual opening of the following four tariff quotas at reduced duty rates:

- sherry wines

- -in containers holding two litres or less, 108 120 hl ac CCT duty reduced by 60 %;
- -in containers holding more than two litres 685 000 hl at CCT duty reduced by 50 %.

- Malaga wines

in containers holding two litres or less, 15 000 hl at CCT duty reduced by 50 %.

- Jumilla, Priorato and Valdepenas wines

in containers holding two litres or less, 22 008 hl at CCT duty reduced by 30 %.

It being understood that these wines would remain subject to the provisions governing the common organization of the market in wine and especially to the reference price which is applicable to these wines.

To fulfil the Community's engagement to Spain, from 1 July 1981, regulations on the opening, allocation and administration of these Community tariff quotas should be adopted.

- 2. These regulations provide
 - in the normal way the splitting up of the quota volumes into two parts, the first of which will be allocated among the Member States as quota shares, with the second forming a reserve.

In the absence of Community statistics, the initial quota shares have been calculated on the basis of the most recent statistics on Spanish exports for the years 1978 to 1980, and Member States' forecasts. The Spanish statistics can be considered to give a rough picture of Community imports of the relevant products.

3. Owing to the special characteristics of the trade in these wines, which also differ between Member States, the regulation, exceptionally, does not establish a uniform method of administration.

Annexes: 3 proposals for Council regulations.

IMPORTS OF WINES, ORIGINATING IN SPAIN (based on Spanish statistics)

- Sherry wines in containers ∠ 2 litres		in containers > 2 litres				
	1978	1979	1980	1978	1979	1980
Benelux Denmark Germany	216 500 14 800 86 730 80	14 670	118 850	164 800 32 020 21 760	225 443 27 700 33 770	239 593 25 970 .14 640
France Ireland Italy United Kingdom	1 310 4 040 2 310 104 200	1 224 6 078 3 766 96 18	4,100	220 4 120 542 010	207 440 	110 60 - 519 2 50
E.E.C.	429 970	443 830	481,679	765 000	915,475	799 623

- <u>Malaga wines</u>	1978	1979	-1980
Benelux Denmark	420	630 ′ –	4 88 -
Germany	710	983 -	720 -
France Ireland	40	116 -	160 -
Italy United Kingdom	220 40	196 70	230 120
E.E.C.	1 430	1 195	1 718

- Rioja, Jumilla, Valdepeñas, Priorato wines

_			
	1978	1979	1980
Benelux	14 890	20 233	20 743
Denmark	4,680	. 9 870	11 144
Germany	8 680	11 060	14 799
you ce	-	8	-
France	6 600	13 585	10 660
Ireland	380	848	912
Italy	1 630	1 003	420
United Kingdom	17 940	33 872	18 352
E.E.C.	54 800	90.480	,77 030

Proposal for a COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC)

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for sherry falling within heading No ex 22.05 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Spain (1981/82)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas on the signing of the Agreement between the European Economic Community and Spain (1) on 29 June 1970, the Community undertook to grant preferential tariff arrangements for imports into the Community of sherry originating in Spain; whereas

this undertaking, in conjunction with Council

Regulation (EEC) No 3559/80 of 16 December 1980 establi-

shing the arrangements applicable to

trade between Greece and Spain (2), now

relates to the opening each year of the following two tariff quotas:

- 108120hectolitres at a duty rate of 40 % of the Common Customs Tariff duties, for sherry in containers holding two litres or less, falling within subheadings ex 22.05 C III a) 1 and ex 22.05 C IV a) 1 and originating in Spain, and
- —685 000 hectolitres at a duty rate of 50 % of the Common Customs Tariff duties, for sherry in containers holding more than two litres, falling within subheadings ex 22.05 C III b) 1 and ex 22.05 C IV b) 1 and originating in Spain;

Whereas inclusion in the Community tariff quota should be subject to production of movement certificate A.E.1 and a certificate of designation of origin as provided for in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1120/75(3);

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 182, 16, 8, 1970, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ. No L 382, 31.12.1980, p. 71

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 111, 30.4.1975, p. 19.

Whereas Spain has given an assurance that the price for wines originating in its territory will not be lower than the reference price less the customs duties actually charged; whereas as a result thereof, the wines covered by those tariff quotas should be treated in the same matter as wines granted preferential tariff concessions, provided the free-at-frontier reference price is observed; whereas such wines benefit from the tariff concessions only if the provisions of Article 18 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3456/80(2), are respected; whereas those provisions apply to imports under those quotas;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quotas and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for these quotas to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quotas have been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quotas can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quotas among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the actual trend of the market in the products concerned, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports of the said product from Spain over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period concerned:

Whereas available Community statistics give no information on the situation of sherry on the markets; whereas, however, 5panish statistics for exports of these products to the Community during the past few years can be considered to reflect approximately the situation of Community imports; whereas on this basis the corresponding imports by each of the Member States during the past three years represent the following percentages of the imports into the Community from Spain of the products concerned:

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 54, 5. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 360, 22.12.1980, p. 18

			* * * .
	/ 1978	1979	1980
Sherry:	- · ·		
in containers holding two litres or less:			
Benelux Denmark Germany France Greece Ireland Italy United Kingdom in containers holding more than two litres:	50·36 3·44 20·17 0·11 0·94 0·54 24·24	5269 3·16 21:01 0.26 1:30 0.81 20:74	50,1 24,6 0,3 0,9 20,5
Benelux Denmark Germany France Greece Ireland Italy United Kingdom	21.54 4.20 2.84 0.03 0.54 0.00 70.85	24-63 3-03 3-69 0-02 0-04 0-00 68-59	29,9 3,8 0,1 0,0 0,0

Whereas, in view of these factors and of the estimates submitted by certain Member States, initial quota shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Member States	Sherry in containers holding:		
Member States	two litres or less	more than two littes	
Benelux	51.07	25.30	
Denmark	3.10	3.46	
Germany FranceGreece	22.02 0.02 0.28	2.82 0.10	
Ireland	1.03	0.10	
italy	0.75	0.10	
United Kingdom	21.73	67.92	

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, each of the quota volumes should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a

certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quotas should, under the present circumstances, be fixed at 90 % of each of the quota volumes;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up one of its initial shares must draw an additional share from the corresponding reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost entirely used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the Commission must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volumes have been used up and inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a considerable quantity is left over in one or other Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of the Community quotas from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members;

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 July 1981 to 30 June 1982, the Common Customs Tariff duties in respect of the sherries mentioned below originating in Spain shall be partially suspended at the levels and within the limits of the Community tariff quotas indicated for each of them:

CCT heading No	Description	Rate (ECU/hl)	Quota volume (hl)
ex- 22.05 C III a) 1	Sherry	6·5	} 108 120
ex- 22.05 C IV a) 1	Sherry	7·0	
ex 22.05 C III b) 1	Sherry	6·6	685 000
ex 22.05 C IV b) 1	Sherry	7·2	

Within the limits of this tariff quota, Greece shall apply customs duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions of the 1979 Act of Accestion and Regulation (EEC) No 3559/80.

- 2. The Protocol on the definition of the concept of originating products and on methods of administrative cooperation, annexed to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and Spain, shall be applicable.
- 3. In order that the wines in question may benefit from these tariff quotas, Article 18 (3) and (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 must be observed.
- 4. The inclusion of sherry in these Community quotas shall be conditional upon production of a movement certificate A.E.1 and a certificate of designation of origin as provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 1120/75 endorsed by the Spanish customs authorities.

Article 2

- 1. Each of the tariff quotas referred to in Article I shall be divided into two instalments.
- 2. A first instalment of each quota shall be shared among the Member States; the respective shares which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid until 30 June 1982, shall be as follows:

		(hectolitres)
	Sherry falling wi	thin subheading:
Member States	ex 22.05 C III a) 1 and ex 22.05 C IV a) 1	ex 22.05 C III b) 1 and ex 22.05 C IV b) 1
Benelux Denmark Germany Greece France Ireland Italy United Kingdom	49 700 3 010 21 430 280 1 000 730 21 150	155 960 21 330 17 390 620 620 1 240 640 418 700
Total	97 320	616 500

3. The second instalment of each quota, namely 10 800 and 68 500 hectolitres respectively, shall constitute the corresponding reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of one of a Member State's initial shares as specified in Article 2 (2), or of that same share reduced by the portion returned to the corresponding reserve if Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, that Member State shall without delay by notifying the Commission draw a second share equal to 10 % of its

initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve.

- 2. If, after one or other of its initial shares has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 5 % of its initial share, rounded up to the next unit.
- 3. If, after one or other of its second shares has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the same conditions, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

The process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 30 June 1982.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 April 1982, the unused portion of their initial shares which, on 15 March 1982, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall, not later than 1 April 1982, notify the Commission of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 March 1982 inclusive and charged against the Community quota, and of any quantities of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and shall as soon as it has been notified, inform each State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 April 1982, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned pursuant to Article 5.

The Commission shall ensure that the drawing which uses up one of the reserves is limited to the balance available and to this end shall specify the amount thereof to the Member State which makes the last drawing.

Article 7

- 1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community quota.
- 2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the said products established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The extent to which Member States have used up their shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports of the products in question entered for free circulation.

Article 8

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1981.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council
The President

Proposal_for a COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC)

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for Malaga wines falling within heading No ex 22.05 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Spain (1981/82)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas on the signing of the Agreement between the European Economic Community and Spain (1) on 29 June 1970, the Community undertook to grant preferential tariff arrangements for imports into the Community of Malaga wines originating in Spain;

whereas this undertaking in conjunction with Council Regulation (EEC) No 3559/80 of 16 December 1980 establishing the arrangements applicable to trade between Greece and Spain (2),

of a tariff quota of 15 000 hectolitres, at a duty rate of 50 % of the Common Customs Tariff duties for Malaga wines in containers holding two litres or less, falling within subheadings ex 22.05 C III a) 2 and ex 22.05 C IV a) 2 and originating in Spain;

Whereas inclusion in the Community tariff quota should be subject to production of movement certificate

A.E.1 and of a certificate of designation of origin as provided for in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1120/75 (3);

Whereas Spain has given an assurance that the price for wines originating in its territory will not be lower than the reference price less the customs duties actually charged; whereas, as a result thereof the wines covered by that tariff quota should be treated in the same manner as wines granted preferential tariff concessions, provided the free-at-frontier reference price is observed; whereas such wines benefit from the tariff concessions only if the provisions of Article 18 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 (4) as last amended by Regulation (EEC)

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 182, 16. 8. 1970, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 382, 31.12.1980, p. 71

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 111, 30.4.1975, p.19

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 54, 5.3.1979, p.1

No 3456/80(1), are observed; whereas those provisions apply to imports under that quota;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the actual trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics of each State's imports of the said products from Spain over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas available Community statistics give no information on the situation of Malaga wines on the markets; whereas, however, Spanish statistics for exports of these products to the Community during the past few years can be considered to reflect approximately the situation of Community imports; whereas on this basis the corresponding imports by each of the Member States during the past three years represent the following percentages of the imports into the Community from Spain of the products concerned:

Member States	1978	1979	1980
Benelux	29-37	31.58	28.4
Denmark		<u></u>	-
Germany	49.65	49-27	41.9
Greece France	2.80	5.82	9.3
Ireland	_		¥ .
Italy	15.38	9.82	13.4
United Kingdom	2.80	3.51	7.0

Whereas, in view of these factors and of the estimates submitted by certain Member States, initial quota shares

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 360, 22.12.1980, p. 18.

may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Benelux	29.9
Denmark	0.1
Germany	46.7
France Greece	9-7
Ireland	ŏ.1
Italy	12.5
United Kingdom	4.5

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota volume should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should, under the present circumstances, be fixed at 80 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial share must draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost entirely used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the Commission must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a considerable quantity is left over in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of the Community quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

Article 1

1. From 1 July 198 1 to 30 June 198 2 the Common Customs Tariff duties in respect of Malaga wines originating in Spain shall be partially suspended at the levels shown below within the limits of a total Community tariff quota of 15 000 hectolitres:

CCT heading No	Description	Rates (ECU/hl)
ex 22.05 C III a) 2	Wine from Malaga	10-30
ex 22.05 C IV a) 2	Wine from Malaga	11.50

Within the limits of this tariff quota, Greece shall apply customs duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions of the 1979 Act of Accession and Regulation (EEC) No 3559/80.

- 2. The Protocol on the definition of the concept of originating products and on methods of administrative cooperation, annexed to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and Spain, shall be applicable.
- 3. The inclusion of Malaga wines in this Community tariff quota shall be conditional upon production of a certificate of designation of origin corresponding to the specimen certificate of designation of origin corresponding to the specimen annexed hereto, endorsed by the Spanish customs authorities. This certificate must be in accordance with Article 2 (2) to (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 1120/75
- 4. In order that the wines in question may benefit from this tariff quota Article 18 (3) and (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 must be observed.

Article 2

- 1. The Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.
- 2. A first instalment, amounting to 12 000 hectolitres shall be shared among the Member States; the respective shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 30 June 198 2 shall be as follows:

_	(hectolitres)
Benelux	3 590
Denmark	10
Germany	5 600
France Greece	-10
Ireland	10
Italy	1 500
United Kingdom	540

3. The second instalment of 3 000 hectolitres shall constitute the reserve.

charged against the Community quota, and of any quantities of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 3

- 1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (2), or of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve, where Article 5 is applied, has been used up, that Member State shall without delay, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve.
- 2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.
- 3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the same conditions, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 30 June 198 2.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 April 1982 the unused portion of their initial share which, on 15 March 1982 is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall, not later than 1 April 1982, notify the Commission of the total quantities of the said goods imported up to 15 March 1982 inclusive and

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and shall as soon as it has been notified, inform each State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 April 1982 of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned pursuant to Article 5.

The Commission shall ensure that the drawing which uses up the reserve is limited to the balance available and to this end shall specify the amount thereof to the Member State which makes the last drawing.

Article 7

- 1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3, are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community quota.
- 2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the said products established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.
- 3. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports of the goods in question entered with the customs authorities for free circulation.

Article 8

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 198 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council
The President

BILAG - ANHANG - ANNEX - ANNEXE - ALLEGATO - BIJLAGE

Exportador — Eksporter — Ausführer — Exporter — Exportateur — Exportatore — Exporteur:	2 Número — Nummer — Number — Numéro — Nummer		00000
A Destination Mechanic Footbase Consisted	3. Conse	o Regulador de la ninación de origen MÁLAGA	
4. Destinatario — Modtager — Empfanger — Consignee — Destinatario — Geadresseerde:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
6. Medio de transporte — Transportmiddel — Beförderungsmittel — Means of transport — Moyen de transport — Mezzo di	5. CERTIFICADO DE DE CERTIFIKAT FOR OP BESCHEINIGUNG DE CERTIFICATE OF DE CERTIFICAT D'APPE CERTIFICATO DI DEI CERTIFICAAT VAN B	RINDELSESBETE R URSPRUNGSBI SIGNATION OF O LLATION D'ORIGI NOMINAZIONE D	GMELSE EZEICHNUNG RIGIN INE I ORIGINE
trasporto — Vervoermiddel:	7 VINO DE MÁLAGA VIN FRA MALAGA	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Lugar de descarga — Losningssted — Entladungsort — Place of unloading — Lieu de déchargement — Luogo di sbarco — Plaats van lossing:	MALAGA-WEIN WINE FROM MALAGA VIN DE MALAGA VINO DI MALAGA MALAGAWIJN		
9. Marcas y números, número y naturaleza de los bultos Mærker og numre, kollienes antal og art Zeichen und Nummern, Anzahl und Art der Packstucke Marks and numbers, number and kind of packages Marques et numéros, nombre et nature des colis Marca e numero, quantità e natura dei colli Merken en nummers, aantal en soort der colli		10. Peso bruto Bruttovægt Rohgewicht Gross weight Poids brut Peso lordo Brutogewicht	11. Litros Liter Liter Litres Litres Litri Liter
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12. Litros (en letra) — Liter (i bogstaver) — Liter (in Buchstaber Liter (voluit):	n) — Litres (in words) — Lite	res (en lettres) — Li	tri (in lettere) —
13. Visado del organismo emisor — P\u00e4tegning fra udstedende organisme \u00e4tegning fra udstedende organisme \u00e4tegning fra udstedende organisme \u00e4tegning fra udstedende organisme	n — Bescheinigung der erteiler no emitterite — Visum van de i	nden Stelle — Certific nstantie van afgifte:	ate of the issuing
14. Visado de la aduana — Toldstedets attest — Sichtvermerk der Zollstelle — Customs stamp — Visa de la douane — Visto della dogana — Visum van de douane	Certifico que el vino cuya descripción antecede es un producto del genuino de la zona de Mélaga y con derecho a la denominación		
	Voir traduction au nº 15 — vertaling nr. 15)	Vedi traduzione al i	n. 15 — Zie voor
			. · · · · .
		,	

15. Det bekræftes, at vinen, der er nævnt i dette certifikat, er fremstillet i Malagaområdet og ifølge spansk lovgivning er berettiget til oprindelsesbetegnelsen: » MALAGA«.

Wir bestätigen, daß der in dieser Bescheinigung bezeichnete Wein im Bezirk Malaga gewonnen wurde und ihm nach spanischem Gesetz die Ursprungsbezeichnung "MALAGA" zuerkannt wird.

We hereby certify that the wine described in this certificate is wine produced within the wine district of Malaga and is considered by Spanish legislation as entitled to the designation of origin 'MALAGA'.

Nous certifions que le vin décrit dans ce certificat a été produit dans la zone de Malaga et est reconnu, suivant la loi espagnole, comme ayant droit à la dénomination d'origine « MALAGA ».

Si certifica che il vino descritto nel presente certificato è un vino prodotto nella zona di Malaga ed è riconosciuto, secondo la legge spagnola, come avente diritto alla denominazione di origine «MALAGA».

Wij verklaren dat de in dit certificaat omschreven wijn is vervaardigd in het wijndistrict van Malage en dat volgens de Spaanse wetgeving de benaming van oorsprong "MALAGA" erkend wordt.

16. (1)

⁽¹⁾ Espacio reservado para otras indicaciones del país exportador

⁽¹⁾ Rubrik forbeholdt eksportlandets andre angivelser

⁽¹⁾ Diese Nummer ist weiteren Angaben des Ausführlandes vorbehalten.

⁽¹⁾ Space reserved for additional datails given in the exporting country.

⁽¹⁾ Case réservée pour d'autres indications du pays exportateur

⁽¹⁾ Spazio riservato per altre indicazioni del paese esportatore.

⁽¹⁾ Ruimte bestemd voor andere gegevens van het land van uitvoer

Proposal for a COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC)

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for wines from Jumilla, Priorato, Rioja and Valdepeñas falling within heading No ex 22.05 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Spain (1981/82)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof.

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas on the signing of the Agreement between the European Economic Community and Spain (1) on 29 June 1970, the Community undertook to grant preferential tariff arrangements for imports into the Community of wines from Jumilla, Priorato, Rioja and Valdepeñas originating in Spain; whereas this undertaking, in conjunction with Council Regulation (EEC) No 3559/80 of 16 December 1980 establishing the arrangements applicable to trade between Greece and Spain now relates each year to the opening of a tariff

quota of 22 (10) shectolitres, at a duty rate of 70 % of the Common Customs Tariff duties, for Jumilla, Priorato, Rioja and Valdepeñas wines in containers holding two litres or less, falling within subheadings ex 22.05 C 1 a), ex 22.05 C 11 a) and ex 22.05 C 111 a) 2 and originating in Spain;

Whereas inclusion in the Community tariff quota should be subject to production of movement certificate A.E.1 and a certificate of designation of origin as provided for in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1120/75 (3);

Whereas Spain has given an assurance that the price for wines originating in its territory will not be lower than the reference price less the customs duties actually charged; whereas, as a result thereof, the wines covered by that tariff quota should be treated in the same manner as wines granted preferential tariff concessions, provided the free-at-frontier reference price is observed; whereas such wines benefit from the tariff concessions only if the provisions of Article 18 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 (4) as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3456/50 (5) are observed; whereas those provisions

apply to imports under that quota;

⁽¹) OJ No L 182, 16. 8. 1970, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 382, 31.12.1980, p. 71

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 111, 30.4.1975, p.19

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 54, 5.3.1979, p.1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No. L 360, 22.12.1980, p.18

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the actual development of the market in the products concerned, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics of imports of the said products from Spain over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period concerned;

Whereas available Community statistics give no information on the situation of wines from Jumilla, Priorato, Rioja and Valdepeñas wines on the markets; whereas, however, Spanish statistics for exports of these products to the Community during the past few years can be considered to reflect approximately the situation of Community imports; whereas on this basis the corresponding imports by each of the Member States represent the following percentages of the imports into the Community from Spain of the products concerned:

Member States	1978	1979	1980
Benelux	27-17	22.36	26.9
Denmark	8-54	10.91	14.4
German Greece	1 <u>5</u> ·84	12 <u>:</u> 22	19 <u>.</u> 2
France	12.04	15-02	13.8
Ireland	0.70	0.94	1.3
Italy	2.97	1.11	0.6
United Kingdom	32.74	37-44	23.8

Whereas, in view of these factors and of the estimates submitted by certain Member States, initial quota shares

may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Benclux				24.9
Denmark				11.5
Germany Greece				15.4
France				13.8
Ireland	,		4	1.0
Italy				1.4
United Kingdom	i	٠.		31.5;

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota volume should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second forming a reserve intended to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should, under the circumstances, be fixed at 80 % of the quota yolume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial share, must draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost entirely used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the qutoa period; whereas this

method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the Commission must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a considerable quantity is left over in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of the Community quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to the abovementioned economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 July 1981 to 30 June 1982 the Common Customs Tariff duties in respect of the following products originating in Spain shall be partially suspended at the levels shown below within the limits of a Community tariff quota of hectolitres:

22 008

CCT heading No	Description .	Rate (ECU/hl)
ex 22.05 C l a)	Wines from Jumilla, Priorato, Rioja and Valdepeñas	10.1
ex 22.05 C Il a)	Wines from Jumilla, Priorato, Rioja and Valdepenas	11.8
ex 22.05 C III a) 2	Wines from Jumilla, Priorato, Rioja and Valdepenas	14-4

Within the limits of this tariff quota, Greece shall apply customs duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions of the 1979 Act Of Accession and Regulation (EEC) No 3559/80.

- 2. The Protocol on the definition of the concept of originating products and on methods of administrative cooperation, annexed to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and Spain, shall be applicable.
- 3. The inclusion of these wines in this tariff quota shall be conditional upon observance of the reference price applying to them and production of a certificate of designation of origin, corresponding to one of the specimens annexed hereto, endorsed by the Spanish customs authorities. This certificate must be in
- accordance with Article 2 (2) to (4) of Regulation (EEC) No. 1120/75
- 4. In order that the wines in question may benefit from these tariff quotas Article 18 (3) and (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 must be observed.

Article 2

1. The tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. The first instalment, amounting to 17 60 g hectolitres, shall be shared among the Member States; the respective shares which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid until 30 June 1981 shall be as follows:

	(hectolitres)
Benelux	4 380
Denmark	2 030
Germany	2 710
Germany France	2 430
Ireland	170
Italy	2 50
United Kingdom	5 550. >

3. The second instalment of 4 400 hectolitres, shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

- 1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (2), or of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 is applied, has been used up, that Member State shall without delay, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve.
- 2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve.
- 3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the same conditions, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 30 June 1982.

Article 5

Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 April 1982, the unused portion of their initial share which, on 15 March 1982, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

Each Member State shall, not later than 1 April 1982, notify the Commission of the total quantities of the products concerned imported up to and including 15 March 1982, and charged against the Community quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and shall, as soon as it has been notified, inform each State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall, not later than 5 April 1982 inform the Member States of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

The Commission shall ensure that the drawing which uses up the reserve is limited to the balance available and, to this end, shall specify the amount thereof to the Member State which makes the last drawing.

Article 7

- 1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community quota.
- 2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the said products established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.
- 3. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports of the goods in question entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

Article 8

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares. Article 9

Article 10

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1981.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council
The President

BILAG - ANHANG - ANNEX - ANNEXE - ALLEGATO - BIJLAGE

Exportador — Eksportør — Ausführer — Exporter — Exportateur — Esportatore — Exporteur:	2. Número — Nummer — I Number — Numéro — N Nummer		00000
4. Destinatario — Modtager — Empfänger — Consignee — Destinatario — Destinatario — Gaadresseerde	3. Consejc Denomi JUMILLA/PRIORA	n Regulador de l nación de orige ATO/RIOJA/VA	en _
	5. CERTIFICADO DE DEI CERTIFIKAT FOR OPE BESCHEINIGUNG DEI CERTIFICATE OF DES CERTIFICAT D'APPEL CERTIFICATO DI DEN	RINDELSESB R URSPRUNC SIGNATION C LATION D'O LOMINAZION	ETEGNELSE SSBEZEICHNUNG OF ORIGIN RIGINE IE DI ORIGINE
6. Medio de transporte — Transportmiddel — Beforderungsmittel — Means of transport — Moyen de transport — Mezzo di trasporto — Vervoermiddel:	7. VINO DE JUMILLA PRIO VIN FRA JUMILLA / PRIO	DRATO / RIOJA	A / VALDEPEÑAS
8. Lugar de descarga — Losningssted — Entladungsort — Place of unloading — Lieu de déchargement — Luogo di sbarco — Plaats van lossing:	JUMILLA-, PRIORATO-, R WINE FROM JUMILLA / F VIN DE JUMILLA / PRIOR VINO DI JUMILLA / PRIO JUMILLA-, PRIORATO-, F	Priorato / Rio Rato / Rioja / Rato / Rioja .	DJA / VALDEPEÑAS VALDEPEÑAS / VALDEPEÑAS
9. Marcas y números, número y naturaleza de los bultos Mærker og numre, kollienes antal og art Zeichen und Nummern, Anzahl und Art der Packstücke Marks and numbers, number and kind of packages Marques et numéros, nombre et nature des colis Marca e numero, quantità e natura dei colli Merken en nummers, aantal en soort der colli		10. Peso bruto Bruttovæg Rohgewic Gross wei Poids brut Peso lordo Brutogewi	t Liter ht Liter ght Litres Litres Litres Litri
	٠		
12. Litros (en letra) — Liter (i bogstaver) — Liter (in Buchstaber Liter (voluit):	n) — Litres (in words) — Litr	es (en lettres)	— Litri (in lettere) —
13. Visado del organismo emisor — Pâtegning fra udstedende orga authority — Visa de l'organisme émetteur — Visto dell'organism			
14. Visado de la aduana — Toldstedets attest — Sichtvermerk der Zollstelle — Customs stamp — Visa de la douane — Visto della dogana — Visum van de douane	Certifico que el vino cuya o genuino de la zona de "JUMIL y con derecho a la denomina (vease traducción del nº 15 setzung siehe Nr. 15 — s Voir traduction au nº 15 — vertaling nr. 15)	LA/PRIORATO/ ción de origen " 5 — oversættel ee the translat	RIOJA/VALDÉPEÑAS" se se nr. 15 — Über- tion under No 15 —

15	i. Det bekræftes, at vinen, der er nævnt i dette certifikat, er fremstillet i »«området og ifølge spansk lovgivning er berettiget til oprindelsesbetegnelsen: »«.
	Wir bestätigen, daß der in dieser Bescheinigung bezeichnete Wein im Bezirk "" gewonnen wurde und ihm nach spanischem Gesetz die Ursprungsbezeichnung "" zuerkannt wird.
	We hereby certify that the wine described in this certificate is wine produced within the wine district of '' and is considered by Spanish legislation as entitled to the designation of origin
	Nous certifions que le vin décrit dans ce certificat a été produit dans la zone de «» et est reconnu, suivant la loi espagnole, comme ayant droit à la dénomination d'origine «».
	Si certifica che il vino descritto nel presente certificato è un vino prodotto nella zona di «» ed è riconosciuto, secondo la legge spagnola, come avente diritto alla denominazione di origine «».
	Wij verklaren dat de in dit certificaat omschreven wijn is vervaardigd in het wijndistrict van "" en dat volgens de Spaanse wetgeving de benaming van oorsprong "" erkend wordt.

16. (1)

⁽¹⁾ Espacio reservado para otras indicaciones del país exportador.
(1) Rubrik forbeholdt eksportlandets andre angivelser.
(1) Diese Nummer ist weiteren Angaben des Ausfuhrlandes vorbehalten.
(1) Space reserved for additional details given in the exporting country.
(1) Case réservée pour d'autres indications du pays exportateur.
(1) Spacio riservato per altre indicazioni del paese esportatore.
(1) Ruimte bestemd voor andere gegevens van het land van uitvoer.